M. Sc Bioinformatics

[Choice Based Credit System (CBCS)]



Regulations, Description and Syllabus

[For candidates admitted form the Academic year 2022 onwards]

DEPARTMENTOFBIOINFORMATICS

(DST-FIST, DBT-BIC and PURSE Sponsored Department)

ALAGAPPAUNIVERSITY

(A State University Accredited with "A+" grade by NAAC (CGPA: 3.64) in the Third Cycle and Graded as Category-I University by MHRD-UGC)

KARAIKUDI-630003, TAMIL NADU, INDIA

The panel of Members-Broad Based Board of Studies

Name: Dr. I. Jevakanthan

Designation: Professor and Head

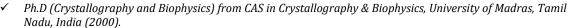
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Educational Qualification



Title: X-ray crystallographic studies on some organic compounds of medical and biological importance. Mentor: Prof. D. Velumurugan, Professor Emeritus, Former UGC-BSR faculty and Head, CAS in Crystallography & Biophysics, University of Madras, Tamil Nadu, India

- ✓ M.Phil (Physics) from M.K. University, Madurai (1995)
- ✓ M.Sc (Physics) from M.K. University, Madurai (1993)
- ✓ B.Ed (Physics) from University of Madras (1991)
- ✓ P.G. Diploma (Computer Application) from MIT, Anna University(1999)

Professional Experience

- ✓ Professor and Head in Department of Bioinformatics, Alagappa University, Karaikudi (Mar 2010-till date)
- ✓ Research Scientist, Spring-8, Japan (May2007-Mar2010)
- ✓ Researcher, RIKEN Harima Institute, Spring-8, Japan (Jun 2003-May2007)
- ✓ PDF, Indian Institute of Science, Bangalore (Jan 2000-May 2003)

Honours and Awards

- ✓ Tamil Nadu Scientist Award (TANSA-2018) Tamil Nadu State Council for Science and Technology in 2020
- ✓ LEAP 2019 from the MHRD, Govt of India for training Senior Professors to next level academicians.
- Research Award 2016 from the University Grants Commission, New Delhi, India (plus two year's salary)
- ✓ Elected Fellow for The Academy of Sciences, Chennai, India (FASCh) in 2015.
- ✓ **UGC-SAP Nominee** from the University Grants Commission, New Delhi to monitor and assess the effective implementation of SAP programme in Punjab University, Punjab (2015).
- ✓ Vice-President Bioinformatics and Drug Discovery Society (BIDDS), from 2017 for three years.
- ✓ **Cited in "Marquis"-** Who's Who Scientific Directory (2007)
- ✓ IRPHA, DST & DBT Post Doctoral Fellowship (2000-2003)
- ✓ Young Scientist travel Grants from DST & UNESCO (1999) and IUCr Young Scientist Fellow (1999)
- ✓ CSIR Senior Research Fellowship (1997-2000)

Recent Publications

- ✓ Alexpandi, R., Gendrot, M., Abirami, G., Delandre, O., Fonta, I., Mosnier, J., & Veera Ravi, A. Repurposing of doxycycline to hinder the viral replication of SARS-CoV-2: From in silico to in vitro validation. Frontiers in Microbiology (2022). (I.F. -5.64)
- ✓ Mohanrasu, K., Guru Raj Rao, R., Dinesh, G. H., Zhang, K., Sudhakar, M., Pugazhendhi, A., Jeyakanthan, J., Ponnuchamy, K., Govarthanan, M., & Arun, A. Production and characterization of biodegradable polyhydroxybutyrate by Micrococcus luteus isolated from marine environment. Int J Biol Macromol, (2021),186, 125–134. (I.F. -6.953)
- ✓ Kanumuri, R., Chelluboyina, A. K., Biswal, J., Vignesh, R., Pandian, J., Venu, A., Vaishnavi, B., Leena, D. J., Jeyaraman, J., Ganesan, K., Aradhyam, G. K., Venkatraman, G., & Rayala, S. K. Small peptide inhibitor from the sequence of RUNX3 disrupts PAK1-RUNX3 interaction and abrogates its phosphorylation-dependent oncogenic function. Oncogene. (2021), 40(34):5327-5341. (I.F. -9.867)
- ✓ Sankar, M., Ramachandran, B., Pandi, B., Mutharasappan, N., Ramasamy, V., Prabu, P. G., Shanmugaraj, G., Wang, Y., Muniyandai, B., Rathinasamy, S., Chandrasekaran, B., Bayan, M. F., Jeyaraman, J., Halliah, G. P., & Ebenezer, S. K. In silico Screening of Natural Phytocompounds Towards Identification of Potential Lead Compounds to Treat COVID-19. Front Mol Biosci. (2021), 8, 637122. (I.F. -5.246)
- ✓ Premnath, N., Mohanrasu, K., Guru Raj Rao, R., Dinesh, G. H., Siva Prakash, G., Pugazhendhi, A., Jeyakanthan, J., Govarthanan, M., Kumar, P., & Arun, A. Effect of C/N substrates for enhanced extracellular polymeric substances (EPS) production and Poly Cyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbons (PAHs) degradation. Environ Pollut. (2021). 275, 116035. (I.F. 5.246)
- ✓ Murugan, N. A., Kumar, S., Jeyakanthan, J., & Srivastava, V. Searching for target-specific and multi-targeting organics for Covid-19 in the Drugbank database with a double scoring approach. Sci Rep. (2020), 10(1), 19125. (I.F. -5.133)
- ✓ Murugan, N. A., Muvva, C., Jeyarajpandian, C., Jeyakanthan, J., & Subramanian, V. Performance of Force-Field- and Machine Learning-Based Scoring Functions in Ranking MAO-B Protein-Inhibitor Complexes in Relevance to Developing Parkinson's Therapeutics. Int J Mol Sci, (2020), 21(20), 7648. (I.F. -5.923)
- ✓ Chaudhary, S. K., Elayappan, M., Jeyakanthan, J., & Kanagaraj, S. Structural and functional characterization of oligomeric states of proteins in RecFOR pathway. Int J Biol, (2020), Macromol.163, 943-953. (I.F. -6.953)
- ✓ Boomi, P., Ganesan, R., Prabu Poorani, G., Jegatheeswaran, S., Balakumar, C., Gurumallesh Prabu, H., Anand, K., Marimuthu Prabhu, N., Jeyakanthan, J., & Saravanan, M. Phyto-Engineered Gold Nanoparticles (AuNPs) with Potential Antibacterial, Antioxidant, and Wound Healing Activities Under in vitro and in vivo Conditions. Int J Nanomedicine, (2020), 15, 7553–7568. (I.F. -6.40)

Cumulative Impact Factor: 650.77, Citations: 2361, h-index: 25, i10 index-68



Name: Dr. Sanjeev Kumar Singh Designation: Professor (ON LIEN)

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Phone: + 91-4565 - 223-342 **Email**: skysanjeev@gmail.com



Educational Qualification

- ✓ Ph. D in Applied Chemistry from CSJM University, Kanpur from the period 2000 2004.
 - itle : Quantum pharmacological studies on HIV-1 RT inhibitors Mentor
 - : Dr. Arpita Yadav, Associate Professor, CSJM UNiveristy, Kanpur.
- ✓ M.Sc (Life Sciences) from the institute of Life Sciences, CSJM University, Kanpur during the period 1998 2000.
- ✓ B.Sc (Zoology, Botany, Chemistry) from Chirst Church College, CSJM University, Kanpur, Uttar Pradesh (1998).

Professional Experience

- ✓ *Professor* (20.03.2015 till date)
- ✓ Associate Professor (20.03.2012 19.03.2015) ~3 years
- ✓ Reader (20.03.2009 19.03.2012) ~3 years
 - Dept of Bioinformatics, Alagappa University, Karaikudi -630003, Tamilnadu, India
- ✓ Lecturer in CoE in Bioinformatics, School of Biotechnology, Madurai Kamaraj University (March, 2006 March, 2009)
- ✓ Scientist II Pharmacoinformatics Division, NIPER, Mohali (June, 2004 March, 2006)

Honours and Awards

- ✓ Biotech Research Society, India (BRSI) Fellow Award 2018 from the Biotech Research Society, India.
- ✓ ICMR Lala Ram Chand Kandhari Award-2014 from the Indian council of Medical Research (ICMR), New Delhi, India.
- ✓ **Senior Scientist Award-2017** from the Association of Biotechnology and Pharmacy (ABAP), Hyderabad, Telangana, India.
- ✓ Elected Member for The National Academy of Sciences, Allahabad, India (MNASc) in May 2017.
- ✓ **Dr. P. Daisy Oration Award-2017** from Department of Zoology, Biotechnology and Bioinformatics, Holy Cross College, Tiruchirapalli, Tamil Nadu, India.
- ✓ Travel Awards from CSIR, DBT, DST, and ICMR (Funding).
- ✓ Fellow of Academy of Sciences- 2020-The Academy of Sciences, Chennai, Tamil Nadu, India.
- ✓ **Vallal Alagappar Research Recognition Award 2020** for excellence in teaching and research-Alagappa University, Tamil Nadu, India.
- ✓ **DST Fast Track grant for Young Scientist-2010** in Chemical Sciences.

Recent Publications

- ✓ Nayak, C., & Singh, S. K*. (2022). Integrated Transcriptome Profiling Identifies Prognostic Hub Genes as Therapeutic Targets of Glioblastoma: Evidenced by Bioinformatics Analysis. ACS omega, 7(26), 22531–22550. (I.F-4.13)
- ✓ Selvaraj, C., Shri, G. R., Vijayakumar, R., Alothaim, A. S., Ramya, S., & Singh, S. K*. (2022). Viral hijacking mechanism in humans through protein–protein interactions. Advances in Protein Chemistry and Structural Biology. (I.F-5.4)
- ✓ Yadav, M., Abdalla, M., Madhavi, M., Chopra, I., Bhrdwaj, A., Soni, L., & Singh, S. K*. (2022). Structure-Based Virtual Screening, Molecular Docking, Molecular Dynamics Simulation and Pharmacokinetic modelling of Cyclooxygenase-2 (COX-2) inhibitor for the clinical treatment of Colorectal Cancer. Molecular Simulation, 1-21. (I.F-2.3)
- ✓ Mukherjee, S., Abdalla, M., Yadav, M., Madhavi, M., Bhrdwaj, A., Khandelwal, R., & Singh, S. K*. (2022). Structure-Based Virtual Screening, Molecular Docking, and Molecular Dynamics Simulation of VEGF inhibitors for the clinical treatment of Ovarian Cancer. J. Mol. Mod. 28(4), 1-21. (I.F-2.1)
- ✓ Selvaraj, C., Rudhra, O., Alothaim, AS., Alkhanani, M., and Singh, S.K*. (2022). Structure and Chemistry of Enzymatic Active Sites that play a role in the Switch and Conformation Mechanism. Advances in Protein Chemistry and Structural Biology, 130, 59-83. (I.F-5.4)
- ✓ Selvaraj, C., Abhirami, R., Vijayakumar, R., Alfaiz, FA., Singh, S. K*. (2022). Immunological insights of selectins in human disease mechanism. Advances in Protein Chemistry and Structural Biology, 129, 163-188. (I.F-5.4)
- ✓ Selvaraj, C., Chandra, I., & Singh, S. K*. (2022). Artificial intelligence and machine learning approaches for drug design: challenges and opportunities for the pharmaceutical industries. Molecular diversity, 26(3), 1893–1913. (I.F-3.3)
- ✓ Selvaraj, C., Dinesh, D. C., Krafcikova, P., Boura, E., Aarthy, M., Pravin, M. A., & Singh, S. K*. (2022). Structural Understanding of SARS-CoV-2 Drug Targets, Active Site Contour Map Analysis and COVID-19 Therapeutics. Current molecular pharmacology, 15(2), 418–433. (I.F-3.8)

Name : Dr.M.Karthikeyan
Designation: Assistant Professor

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Educational Qualification

✓ Ph. D in (Biomedical Genetics) from Department of Genetics, Dr. ALMPGIBMS, University of Madras, Taramani Campus, Chennai, Tamil Nadu, India (Sep1999 - Oct 2006).

Title: ANGIOTENSINOGEN (AGT) gene polymorphisms in South Indian Hypertensives.

Mentor: Prof. G. JAYARAMAN, Coordinator (Molecular Biology Programme) & Former Director IBMS. Department of Genetics, Dr. ALM PGIBMS, University of Madras, Chennai – 600 113, Tamil Nadu, India.

 M.Sc (Biomedical Genetics) from Department of Genetics, Dr. ALMPGIBMS, University of Madras, Taramani Campus, Chennai, Tamil Nadu, India (May1999)

✓ B.Sc (Zoology) from Jamal Mohamed College, Bharathidasan University, Tiruchirappalli, Tamilnadu (April 1996).

✓ PG Diploma in Computer Applications (PGDCA) From Bishop Heber College, Bharathidasan University, Tiruchirappalli, Tamil Nadu, India (April 1999).

Professional Experience

✓ Assistant Professor (18.08.2008 – till date)

Dept of Bioinformatics, Alagappa University, Karaikudi -630003, Tamilnadu, India

✓ Scientist in- charge (March 08 – August 08)

✓ Post doctoral Research Associate and Instructor (March 07 – August 07) College of Pharmacy, Nova South-eastern University, Florida, USA-33328

✓ Lecturer (July 05 –February 07)

Department of Biotechnology, Vels College of Science, Pallavaram, Chennai- 600117, Tamilnadu, India

Honours and Awards

- ✓ Lady TATA Memorial Trust Junior scholarship (JRF) award 2001-2003.
- ✓ Defense Research & Development Organization / Defense Institute of Physiology & Allied Sciences Senior Research Fellow (SRF) 2004 -2005.
- ✓ Qualified SLET (State Level Educational Testing) examination in the year of 1999 conducted by Bharathidasan University, Tiruchirappalli, Tamil Nadu.
- ✓ Best Paper Award in Pharmaceutical & Medicinal Synthetic Chemistry by The Indian Pharmaceutical Association's Prof. M. L. Khorana Memorial Indian Journal of Pharmaceutical Sciences in the year 2013.
- ✓ Received Best Poster award in National Conference on Recent Innovations in Biotechnology (18th April, 2016) Organized by Department of Biotechnology, Aarupadai Veedu Institute of Technology (AVIT), Kanchipuram, Tamil Nadu, India for the Poster Entitled "Identification of potential CYP24A1 inhibitors through E- Phamacophore mapping and Molecular docking and Dynamics study".
- ✓ Member (Basic Medical Scientist Internal), Institute Ethics Committee (Human Studies), Alagappa University.
- ✓ Member, Institutional BioSafety Committee (IBSC), Alagappa University
- ✓ Assistant Director for International Relations of Alagappa University, Karaikudi, India.
- ✓ Best Paper Award in Pharmaceutical & Medicinal Synthetic Chemistry by The Indian Pharmaceutical Association's Prof. M. L. Khorana Memorial Indian Journal of Pharmaceutical Sciences in the year 2017.
- ✓ Received best poster award in National Conference on "Recent Trends in Plant Sciences" (01-02, March, 2017), organized by Department of Botany, ST. Xavier's College, Palayamkottai, Tamil Nadu, India.
- ✓ Recipient of Alagappa University prestigious research award "Alagappa Excellence Research Award for the year of 2018".
- ✓ Appointed as a Distinguished Adjunct Faculty by invitation at Saveetha Dental College and Hospitals, Chennai from 10th January 2019.

Recent Publications

- ✓ Singh, Khuraijam Dhanachandra, and Karthikeyan Muthusamy. "Molecular modeling, quantum polarized ligand docking and structure-based 3D-QSAR analysis of the imidazole series as dual AT1 and ETA receptor antagonists." Acta Pharmacologica Sinica 34.12 (2013): 1592-1606.
- ✓ Kirubakaran, Palani, Pitchaimani Arunkumar, Kumpati Premkumar, and Karthikeyan Muthusamy. "Sighting of tankyrase inhibitors by structure-and ligand-based screening and in vitro approach." Molecular BioSystems 2014.
- ✓ John Marshal Jayaraj, Beena Briget Kuriakose, Amani Hamad Alhazmi, Karthikeyan Muthusamy*. Structural and functional insights on vitamin D receptor and CYP24A1 deleterious single nucleotide polymorphisms: A computational and pharmacogenomics perpetual approach. Cell Biochemistry and Function, July 2021, Doi: 10.1002/cbf.3658.
- ✓ Loganathan, Lakshmanan, Beena Briget Kuriakose, Sakeena Mushfiq, and Karthikeyan Muthusamy. "Mechanistic insights on nsSNPs on binding site of renin and cytochrome P450 proteins: A computational perceptual study for pharmacogenomics evaluation." Journal of Cellular Biochemistry 122, no. 10 (2021): 1460-1474.
- ✓ Jayaraj, John Marshal, Muralidharan Jothimani, Chella Perumal Palanisamy, Olli T. Pentikäinen, Mehboobali Pannipara, Abdullah G. Al-Sehemi Karthikeyan Muthusamy, and Krishnasamy Gopinath. "Computational Study on the Inhibitory Effect of Natural Compounds against the SARS-CoV-2 Proteins." Bioinorganic chemistry and applications 2022 (2022).

Cumulative Impact Factor: 187.26; Total Citations: 1044; h-Index: 18; i10-index: 32

Name: Dr.RM.Vidhyavathi
Designation: Assistant Professor
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Educational Qualification

✓ Ph. D in (Computer science) from Department of Computer Science and Engineering, Alagappa University, Karaikudi, Tamil Nadu, India (Feb 2008-Feb 20014).

Title : A New Technique On Automatic Ontology Generation For Semantic Search System Using Data Mining Techniques.

Mentor: Prof.E.Ramraj, Head of the Department.

Department of Computer Science, Alagappa University, Karaikudi- 630003, Tamil Nadu, India.

- ✓ M.Tech(Information Technology)from,Department Information Technology,Sathyabama University,Chennai. (April 2010).
- ✓ M.Phil(Computer Science) form Department of Computer Science, alagappan University, Karaikudi– 630003, Tamil Nadu, India.(April 2007).
- ✓ M.Sc (Computer Science) from Department of Computer Science, S.R.M Arts & Science College, Kattankulathur, University of Madras, Chennai, Tamil Nadu, India (May2005).
- ✓ B.Sc (Computer Science) from Sri Saratha Niketan College for Women, Amaravathipudhur, Madhurai Kamaraj University, Madhuraii, Tamilnadu (April 2002).

Professional Experience

- ✓ Assistant Professor (31.08.2015– till date) ~4 years
 - Dept of Bioinformatics, Alagappa University, Karaikudi -630003, Tamilnadu, India
- ✓ Teaching Assistant (August 2013 April 2015) ~2 Years
 Dept of Alagappa University, Karaikudi-630003, Tamilnadu, India.
- ✓ Seniour Lecturer (June 2010–Jan 2011)~6Months
 - Dept of Information Technology, Madha Institute of Engineering & Technology, Sadhanadhapuram, Chennai.
- ✓ Seniour Lecturer (August 2006–April 2010)~3.9 Years.
 - Dept of Computer Science and Engineering, Jaya Engineering College, Thiruninravur, Chennai, Tamilnadu, India

Recent Publications

- ✓ Muthumanickam Sankar, Balajee Ramachandran, Boomi Pandi, Nachiappan Mutharasappan, Vidhyavathi Ramasamy, Poorani Gurumallesh Prabu, Gowrishankar Shanmugaraj, Yao Wang, Brintha Muniyandai, Subaskumar Rathinasamy, Balakumar Chandrasekaran, Mohammad F. Bayan, Jeyakanthan Jeyaraman, Gurumallesh. In silico Screening of Natural Phytocompounds towards Identification of Potential Lead Compounds to Treat COVID-19. J. Frontiers in Molecular Biosciences. DOI.org/10.3389/fmolb.2021.637122,2021.
- ✓ Sundararaj Rajamanikandan, Soundarapandian Soundarya, Anandhi Paramasivam, Dhamodharan Prabhu, Jeyaraman Jeyakanthan & Vidhyavathi Ramasamy," Computational identification of potential lead molecules targeting rho receptor of Neisseria gonorrhoeae, Journal of Bimolecular Structure and Dynamics. DOI.org/10.1080/07391102.2021.1885491,2021.
- ✓ Jesudass Joseph Sahayarayan, Kulanthaivel Soundar Rajan, Ramasamy Vidhyavathi, Mutharasappan Nachiappan, Dhamodharan Prabhu, Saleh Alfarraj, Selvaraj Arokiyaraj, Amalorpavanaden, Nicholas Daniel, Antifungal activity and molecular docking of phenol, 2,4-bis(1,1-dimethylethyl) produced by plant growth-promoting actinobacterium Kutzneria sp. strain TSII from mangrove sediments",Saudi Journal of Biological Sciences. DOI.org/10.1016/j.sjbs.2020.10.023,2021.
- ✓ Thangarasu Suganya Devi, Karuppiah Vijay, R M Vidhyavathi, Ponnuchamy Kumar, Muthusamy Govarthanan, Thangavel Kavitha Antifungal activity and molecular docking of phenol, 2,4-bis(1,1-dimethylethyl) produced by plant growth-promoting actinobacterium Kutzneria sp. strain TSII from mangrove sediments, Archives of Microbiology, May 2021,(0302-8933) (IF:2.55).

Cumulative Impact Factor: 24.69; Total Citations: 405; h-Index:07; i10-index: 07

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Educational Qualification

- ✓ Ph. D in (Biotechnology), Department of Biotechnology, Bharathidasan University, Truchirappalli, Tamil Nadu, India (November -2010).
 - o Title : In vitro Regeneration, Hairy Root Culture and Agrobacterium tumefaciens Mediated Transformation in West Indian Gherkin (Cucumis anguria L.).
 - Mentor: Prof.A.Ganapathi, Professor and Head, Department of Biotechnology, Bharathidasan University, Truchirappalli, Tamil Nadu, India.
- ✓ M.Sc (Biotechnology), Department of Biotechnology, Bishop Heber College, Bharathidasan University, Truchirappalli, Tamil Nadu, India (April 2004).
- ✓ B.Sc (Biochemistry), Department of Biochemistry, Arputha College, Bharathidasan University, Truchirappalli, Tamil Nadu, India (April 2002).

Professional Experience

- ✓ Assistant Professor, Department of Bioinformatics, Alagappa University, Karaikudi -630003, Tamilnadu, India -(04.12.2015 – till date). Assistant Professor, Department of Biochemistry & Microbiology, RVS College of Arts and Science, Karaikkal, Pondicherry, India - (June -2010 to March - 2012)
- ✓ Assistant Professor, Department of General Engneering, St. Joseph's Group of Institution, Dar Es Salaam, Tanzania -(May -2012 to March 2013).

Honours and Awards

- 1. Bharathidhasan university research fellowship (2006 2009)
- 2. Key Note Speaker Award Gauhati University, Guwahati, India-2019

Recent Publications

- ✓ Sukanya Panikar, Gunasekaran Shoba, Muthukrishnan Arun, Jesudass Joseph Sahayarayan, A. Usha Raja Nanthini, Arunachalam Chinnathambi, Sulaiman A. Alharbi, Omaima Nasif, Hak-Jae Kim, Essential oils as an effective alternative for the treatment of COVID-19: Molecular interaction analysis of protease (Mpro) with pharmacokinetics and toxicological properties, Journal of Infection and Public Health, 2021, 14, 601-610
- ✓ **Jesudass Joseph Sahayarayan**, Kulanthaivel Soundar Rajan, Ramasamy Vidhyavathi, Mutharasappan Nachiappan, Dhamodharan Prabhu, Saleh Alfarraj, Selvaraj Arokiyaraj, Amalorpavanaden Nicholas DanielIn-silico protein-ligand docking studies against the estrogen protein of breast cancer using pharmacophore based virtual screening approaches, Saudi Journal of Biological Sciences, 2021, 28, 400-407
- ✓ **Jesudass Joseph Sahayarayan**, Kulanthaivel Soundar Rajan, Mutharasappan Nachiappan, Dhamodharan Prabhu, Ravi Guru Raj Rao, Jeyaraman Jeyakanthan, Ahmed Hossam Mahmoud, Osama B Mohammed, Abubaker MA Morgan, Identification of potential drug target in malarial disease using molecular docking analysis, Saudi Journal of Biological Sciences, 2020, 27,3327-3333
- ✓ Abubaker M.A. Morgan, **Jesudass Joseph Sahayarayan**, Rajangam Udayakumar, Muthukrishnan Arun, Andy Ganapathi, Mona S. Alwahibi, Norah Salim Aldosari Effect of different Agrobacterium rhizogenes strains for in-vitro hairy root induction, total phenolic, flavonoids contents, antibacterial and antioxidant activity of (Cucumis anguria L.),Saudi Journal of Biological Sciences, 2020,27,2972-2979

Cumulative Impact Factor: 25; Total Citations: 221; h-Index: 07; i10-index: 06



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Email:



Educational Qualification

✓ Ph.D -Chemistry, Alagappa University, Karaikudi, September, 2014.

Title: Studies on Polyaniline with Mono and Bimetal Nanocomposites for Antibacterial and Anticancer Applications.

Mentor: Prof. H. Gurumallesh Prabu, Professor, Department of Industrial Chemistry, Algappa Universisty, Karaikudi– 630 004, Tamil Nadu, India.

- ✓ M.Phil-Industrial Chemistry, Alagappa University, Karaikudi, 2008.
- ✓ M.Sc-Chemistry, Alagappa University, Karaikudi, 2007.
- ✓ B.Sc, Chemistry, Madurai Kamaraj University, 2003.

Professional Experience

✓ Assistant Professor (04.12.2015 – till date) ~4 years Dept of Bioinformatics, Alagappa University, Karaikudi -630003, Tamilnadu, India

✓ Research Associate-HRDG-CSIR, New Delhi, CECRI-Karaikudi (01.10.2015 to 03.12.2015).

Honours and Awards

- ✓ JRF-Project Assistant -CSIR, CECRI, Karaikudi (06.04.2009 to 05.10.2009)
- ✓ **Best research paper Award** presented in seminar on Application of Nanotechnology, in current agricultural practices, Dr.Zahir Husain College, Ilayankudi (2011).
- ✓ **Junior Research Fellow** (UGC-BSR, New Delhi)-Alagappa University, Karaikudi (08.02.2011 to 08.02.2013)
- ✓ Senior Research Fellow- (UGC-BSR, New Delhi)-Alagappa University, Karaikudi, (09.02.2013 to 26.09.2014)
- ✓ Young Researcher Award with Rs.25000 Cash Prize, Anyang Institute of Technology, China
- ✓ **Vallal Alagappar Research Recognition Award 2020** for excellence in teaching and research-Alagappa University, Tamil Nadu, India

Recent Publications

- ✓ S. Muthumanickam, A. Kamaladevi, P. Boomi*, S. Gowrishankar, S. Karutha Pandian, Indian ethnomedicinal phytochemicals as promising inhibitors of RNA binding domain of SARS-CoV-2 nucleocapsid phosphoprotein: an in silico study, Frontiers in Molecular Biosciences, Molecular Diagnostics and Therapeutics, (2021), 8, 637329 (I.F-6.133).
- ✓ S. Muthumanickam, P. Boomi*, M. Nachiappan, R. Balajee, R. Vidhyavathi G. Poorani, S. Gowrishankar, Y. Wang, M. Biruntha, R. Subaskumar C. Balakumar, M. F. Bayan, J. Jeyaraman, H.G. Prabu K. Solomon, In Silico Screening of Natural Phytoconstituents Towards Identification of Potential Lead Compounds to Treat COVID-19, Frontiers in Molecular Biosciences, Molecular Diagnostics and Therapeutics, (2021), 8. 637122. (I.F-6.133)
- ✓ V. Karthik, S. Poornima, H. Barabadi, V. Arumugam, D. Daniel Raj, S. Manikandan, S. Ramasamy, K. Anand, P. Boomi, C. Balakumar, A. Selvaraj, M. Saravanan, Emerging Therapeutic Approaches to Combat COVID-19: Present status and future perspectives, Frontiers in Molecular Biosciences, Molecular Diagnostics and Therapeutics, (2021), 8, 604447, (I.F- 6.133).
- ✓ S. Gowrishankar, S. Muthumanickam, A. Kamaladevi, C. Karthika, R. Jothi, P. Boomi, D. Maniazhagu, S. Karutha Pandian, Promising phytochemicals of traditional Indian herbal steam inhalation therapy to combat COVID-19 An in silico study, Food and Chemical Toxicology, (2021), 148, 111966, (I.F- 6.023).
- ✓ K. Anand, S. Abdul Naeem, T. Ghazi, R, Muthusamy, G. Gupta, M. Tambuwala, H. Dureja, S. Sachin Kumar, D. Chellappan, D. Kamal, P. Boomi, M. Saravanan, Anil Chuturgoon, Induction of caspase-mediated apoptosis in HepG2 liver carcinoma cells using mutagen-antioxidant conjugated self-assembled novel carbazole nanoparticles and in silico modeling studies, ACS Omega, (2020), 6, 265–277. (I.F-4.132)
- ✓ K. Shanmugapriya, S. Palanisamy, P. Boomi*, R. Subaskumar, S. Ravikumar, T. Thayumanavan, An ecofriendly Gnaphalium polycaulon mediated silver nanoparticles: Synthesis, characterization, antimicrobial, wound healing and drug release studies, Journal of Drug Delivery Science and Technology, (2020), 102202. (I.F-5.062)
- ✓ M. Karunakaran, K. Kasirajan, M. Balaji, P. Boomi, S. Mahalingam, S. Balamurugan, Cyclodextrin functionalized multi-layered MoS2 nanosheets and its biocidal activity against pathogenic bacteria and MCF-7 breast cancer cells: Synthesis, characterization and in-vitro biomedical evaluation, Journal of Molecular Liquids, October, (2020), 114631. (I.F-6.633).
- ✓ Muthumanickam, T. Indhumathi, P. Boomi*, R. Balajee, J. Jeyakanthan, K. Anand, S. Ravikumar, P. Kumar, A. Sudha, Z. Jiang, In silico approach of naringin as potent phosphatase and tensin homolog (PTEN) protein against prostate cancer, Journal of Biomolecular Structure and Dynamics, October, (2020), 9, 1-10. (1.F-3.392)

Cumulative Impact Factor: 175; Total Citations: 1191; h-Index: 19; i10-index: 28

Name: Dr. K. PREMKUMAR

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Email: /



Educational Qualification

- ✓ Ph.D Genetics Dr. ALM PG Inst of Basic Medical Sciences, Chennai, University of Madras, 2002.
- M.Sc- Bio-Medical Science Dr. ALM PG Inst of Basic Medical Sciences, Chennai, University of Madras, India- 1996
- ✓ B.Sc, Zoology Vivekananda College, Chennai. University of Madras1994.

Professional Experience

✓ Professor (2019-till date)

Department of Biomedical Science, Bharathidasan University (BDU)

- ✓ Visiting Researcher, Michigan Centre for Translational Pathology, University of Michigan, Ann Arbor, MI. USA. (2016-2017)~1year
- ✓ Associate Professor(2016-2019) ~3years Department of Biomedical Science, BDU, Tiruchirappalli, Tamilnadu, India
- ✓ Assistant Professor (2006-2016) ~10 years Department of Biomedical Science, BDU, Tiruchirappalli, Tamilnadu, India

Honours and Awards

- ✓ 2019 Elected Executive Member of Indian Association of Biomedical Scientists (IABMS)
- ✓ 2019 Nominated as Member of National Academy of Sciences India (NASI)
- ✓ 2019 Nominated as Fellow of National Academy of Biological Sciences (NABS)
- ✓ 2018 Nominated as Fellow of Indian Association of Biomedical Scientists (IABMS)
- 2017 ICMR Award for Biomedical Research by Indian Council for Medical Research, New Delhi.
- ✓ 2017 Radio-Oration "AchamillaAathisayaMaruthuvam" Live, All India Radio Trichy
- ✓ 2016 RAMAN Post-Doctoral Fellowship, by University Grants Commission (UGC), New Delhi.
- ✓ 2016 RAMAN Post-Doctoral Fellowship, by University Grants Commission (UGC), New Delhi.

Recent Publications

- ✓ G Siva, S Venkatesh, G Prem Kumar, M Muthukumar, T Senthil Kumar, KPremkumar, N Jayabalan (2021) Rapid bio-reduction of Trivalent aurum using in vitroBabchi leaf powder and its cytotoxicity against breast cancer MCF-7 cell lines. Applied Nanoscience 1-9
- ✓ M Murugesan, P Kumpati. (2021) Integrative miRNA-mRNA functional analysis identifies miR- 182 as a potential prognostic biomarker in breast cancer. Molecular Omics. 17(4), 533-543.
- ✓ M Murugesan, P Kumpati. (2021) Systemic Multi-Omics Analysis Reveals Amplified P4HA1Gene Associated with Prognostic and Hypoxic Regulation in Breast Cancer. Frontiers in Genetics 12, 189
- ✓ M Murugesan, P Kumpati. (2020) Discovery of Aminoglycoside Derivatives as a Potent Inhibitor for the Prognostic P4HA1 gene in Breast Cancer: A Holistic Genomic and Virtual Screening Approach. European Journal of Molecular & Many; Clinical Medicine 7 (6), 920-941
- ✓ K Sivakumar, G Parinamachivayam, M Murali Krishnan, V Ragavendran, T Stalin, K Premkumar, Sujay Chakravarty, A Bharathi. (2020) Reinforcement of 'imine- hydroxyl chelation pocket'by encapsulating into the β-CD cavity for the sterically protective detection of Al3+. Journal of Molecular Liquids. 114949
- ✓ R Vanajothi, H Vedagiri, MM Al-Ansari, LA Al-Humaid, P Kumpati. (2020) Pharmacophore based virtual screening, molecular docking and molecular dynamic simulation studies for finding ROS1 kinase inhibitors as potential drug molecules. Journal of Biomolecular Structure and Dynamics, 1-15
- ✓ M Sampath, A Pichaimani, P Kumpati, B Sengottuvelan. (2020) The remarkable role of emulsifier and chitosan, dextran and PEG as capping agents in the enhanced delivery of curcumin by nanoparticles in breast cancer cells. International Journal of Biological Macromolecules 162, 748-761
- ✓ R Vanajothi, V Hemamalini, J Jeyakanthan, K Premkumar. (2020) Ligand-based pharmacophore mapping and virtual screening for identification of potential discoidin domain receptor 1 inhibitors. Journal of Biomolecular Structure & Dynamics 38(9), 2800-08
- ✓ Hemamalini V, Velayutham DPM, Lakshmanan L, Muthusamy K, Sivaramakrishnan S, Premkumar K. (2020) Inhibitory potential of Hydroxychavicol on Ehrlich ascites carcinoma model and in silico interaction on cancer targets. Nat Prod Res. 34(11), 1591-1596
- ✓ P Boomi, GP Poorani, S Selvam, S Palanisamy, S Jegatheeswaran, K Anand, C Balakumar, K Premkumar, HG Prabu. (2020) Green biosynthesis of gold nanoparticles using Croton sparsiflorus leaves extract and evaluation of UV protection, antibacterial and anticancer applications. Applied Organometallic Chemistry 34 (5), e5574
- ✓ S Mehnath, M Arjama, M Rajan, K Premkumar, K Karthikeyan, M Jeyaraj. (2020) Mineralization of bioactive marine sponge and electrophoretic deposition on Ti-6Al- 4V implant for osteointegration. Surface and Coatings Technology, 125727

Cumulative Impact Factor: 300; Total Citations: 3873; h-Index: 29; i10-index: 58

Name: Dr. S. RAJAMANIKANDAN Designation: Assistant Professor

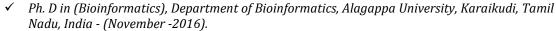
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Educational Qualification



- o Title : In vitro Regeneration, Hairy Root Culture and Agrobacterium tumefaciens Mediated Transformation in West Indian Gherkin (Cucumis anguria L.).
- o Mentor: Prof.A.Ganapathi, Professor and Head, Department of Biotechnology, Bharathidasan University, Truchirappalli, Tamil Nadu, India.
- ✓ M.Sc (Biotechnology), Department of Biotechnology, Bishop Heber College, Bharathidasan University, Truchirappalli, Tamil Nadu, India (April 2004).
- ✓ B.Sc (Biochemistry), Department of Biochemistry, Arputha College, Bharathidasan University, Truchirappalli, Tamil Nadu, India (April 2002).

Professional Experience

- ✓ Assistant Professor, Department of Bioinformatics, Alagappa University, Karaikudi -630003, Tamilnadu, India -(04.12.2015 – till date).
 - Assistant Professor, Department of Biochemistry & Microbiology, RVS College of Arts and Science, Karaikkal, Pondicherry, India (June -2010 to March 2012)
- ✓ Assistant Professor, Department of General Engneering, St. Joseph's Group of Institution, Dar Es Salaam, Tanzania -(May -2012 to March 2013).

Honours and Awards

- ✓ Awarded in the Summer Research Fellowship Sponsored by INSA to work at National Centre for Cell Science under the guidance of Dr. Musti. V. Krishnasastry, for two months (14th May 2018 to 8th July 2018).
- ✓ Best Poster Presentation Award for the work presented in the "International Conference on Recent Advances in Modern Medicine: molecular signaling scenarios in tissues and diseases", at Bharath University, 3rd to 4th September 2016.
- ✓ Selected as Best Abstract and received a grant to present the work in the "Indo-US Workshop on Biocomputing" at National Institute of Technology, 12th -13th September 2011.
- ✓ Best Poster Presentation Award for the work presented in "International conference on System Biology and Bioinformatics" at Annamalai University, 16th -17th February 2011.

Recent Publications

- ✓ S Parthasarathy, P Soundararajan, N Krishnan, K Mala, V Devadasan, D Prabhu, S Rajamanikandan, P Velusamy, SCB Gopinath, P Raman. Detection of adulterants from common edible oils by GC-MS. Biomass Conversion and Biorefinery. (IF: 4.987).
- ✓ S Mani, SB Bhatt, V Vasudevan, D Prabhu, **S Rajamanikandan**, P Velusamy, P Ramasamy, P Raman. The updated review on plant peptides and their applications in human health. International Journal Peptide Research and Therapeutics. (IF: 1.931).
- ✓ P Ramasamy, G Dakshinamoorthy, S Jayashree, D Prabhu, **S Rajamanikandan**, P Velusamy, G Dayanithi, REB Hanna. A novel prototype biosensor array electrode system for detecting the bacterial pathogen Salmonella typhimurium. Biosensors. (IF: 5.75)
- ✓ ST Peter, P Adikesavan, B Muniyandi, **S Rajamanikandan**, D Prabhu, S Chellaiyan. Environmental impact assessment of algal bloom Noctiluca scintillans in the Mandapam Group of Islands, Gulf of Mannar Biosphere Reserve, Southeast coast of India. Environmental Monitoring and Assessments. (IF: 3.061)
- ✓ B Ramachandran, C Jeyarajpandian, JM Jeyaseelan, D Prabhu, S Rajamanikandan, P Boomi, R Venkateswari, J Jeyakanthan. Quercetin-induced apoptosis in HepG2 cells and identification of quercetin derivatives as potent inhibitors for caspase-3 through computational methods. Structural Chemistry. (IF: 1.887)
- ✓ V Ramesh, SA Kulkarni, V Palaniyandi, V Devadasan, P Devaraju, KN Rajnish, T Madhavan, P Anbu, P Ramasamy, **R Sundarraj**. Current Update of Phytotherapeutic Agents in the Treatment of Covid-19: In-Silico Based Virtual Screening Approach for the Development of Antiviral Drug. Frontiers in Bioscience Landmarks. (IF: 4.009)
- ✓ M Sureshan, **S Rajamanikandan**, S Srimari, D Prabhu, J Jeyakanthan, K Saraboji. Designing specific inhibitors against dihydrofolate reductase of W. bancrofti towards drug discovery for lymphatic filariasis. Structural Chemistry. (IF: 1.887)
- ✓ H Hadiatullah, Y Zhang, A Samurkas, Y Xie, **S Rajamanikandan**, H Zuilhof, J Qiao, Z Yuchi. Recent progress in the structural study of ion channels as insecticide targets. Insect Science. (IF: 3.4).



Cumulative Impact Factor: 40; Total Citations: 221; h-Index: 07; i10-index: 06

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Educational Qualification

- ✓ Ph.D. Department of Crystallography, University of Pittsburgh, U.S.A. 1994~1999
- ✓ M.S. Institute of Life Sciences, National Tsing Hua University, Taiwan, 1989~1991
- ✓ B.S. Department of Physics, National Tsing Hua University, Taiwan. 1985~1989

Professional Experience

- ✓ 2001~ Biophysics, Department of Physics, National Tsing Hua University, Taiwan
- ✓ 2001~X-ray Diffraction and Application, Department of Physics, National Tsing Hua University, Taiwan
- ✓ 2021~ Scientist, Life Science Group, Scientific Research Division, NSRRC
- ✓ 2019~Joint Professor, Dept. of Biological Science & Technology, National Yang Ming Chao Tung University
- ✓ 2011~Joint Professor, Dept. of Physics, National Tsing Hua University
- ✓ 2011~ Joint Professor, Dept. of Biotechnology and Industrial Sciences, National Cheng Kung University
- ✓ 2004~2010 Associate Scientist, Life Science Group, Scientific Research Division, NSRRC
- ✓ 2008~2011 Joint Associate Professor, Inst. of Biotechnology, National Cheng Kung Univ.
- ✓ 2005~2011 Joint Associate Professor, Dept. of Physics, National Tsing Hua University
- ✓ 2002~2005 Joint Assistant Professor, Dept. of Physics, National Tsing Hua University
- ✓ 2001~2002 Part-time Assistant Professor, Dept. of Physics, National Tsing Hua Univ.
- ✓ 2001~2003 Assistant Scientist, Life Science Group, Research Division, NSRRC
- ✓ 1999~2000Post-doc., Dept. of Biochemistry & Molecular Biology, Univ. of Georgia, U.S.A.

Honours and Awards

- ✓ NSC/MOST Outstanding Young Scholar Research Project (2012 ~ 2016)
- ✓ NSRRC Outstanding Paper Award (2012, 2013, 2014, 2015, 2016, 2017, 2018)
- ✓ Supervise a Post-doc researcher to receive the Post-doc Research Award of MOST (2014).
- ✓ Lam Research Award (2016)
- ✓ Award of Future Tech of MOST (2017, 2019)
- ✓ Researches on press & media: Grouper virus GNNV (2015), Outer membrane protein of Typhoid (2015), human hepatoma-derived growth factor (2018), Shrimp nodavirus (2019), virus study on space (2021)

Recent Publications

- ✓ Chan, S. I.*, Chuankhayan, P., Nareddy, Pavan K., Tsai, I-K., Tsai, Y.-F., Chen, K. H.-C., Yu, S. S.-F.*, Chen, C-J.* (2021) "The mechanism of PQQ-dependent hydride transfer chemistry from spectroscopic and high-resolution X-ray structural studies of the methanol dehydrogenase from Methylococcus capsulatus (Bath)" J. Am. Chem. Soc. 143, 9, 3359-3372.
- ✓ Shih, T.-W., Hsu, C.-L., Chen, L.-Y., Huang, Y.-C., Chen, C.-J., Inoue, Y., Sugiyama, T.* (2021) "Optical Trapping-Induced New Polymorphism of β-Cyclodextrin in Unsaturated Solution" Cryst. Growth Des. 21, 6913-6923.
- ✓ Guan, H. H., Huang, Y. H., Lin, E. S., **Chen, C.-J.***, & Huang, C. Y.* (2021) "Plumbagin, a natural product with potent anticancer activities, binds to and inhibits dihydroorotase, a key enzyme in pyrimidine biosynthesis" Intl. J. Mol. Sci. <u>22(13)</u>, 6861.
- ✓ Guan, H. H., Huang, Y. H., Lin, E. S., Chen, C.-J.*, & Huang, C. Y.* (2021) "Complexed Crystal Structure of Saccharomyces cerevisiae Dihydroorotase with Inhibitor 5-Fluoroorotate Reveals a New Binding Mode" Bioinorg. Chem. Appl. 2021.
- ✓ Guan, H. H., Huang, Y. H., Lin, E. S., Chen, C.-J.*, & Huang, C. Y.* (2021) "Structural Analysis of Saccharomyces cerevisiae Dihydroorotase Reveals Molecular Insights into the Tetramerization Mechanism" Molecules, 26, 7249.
- ✓ Guan, H.-H., Huang, Y.-H. Lin, E.-S., Chen, C.-J.*, Huang, C.-Y.* (2021) "Structural basis for the interaction modes of dihydroorotase with the anticancer drugs 5-fluorouracil and 5-aminouracil" Biochem. Biophys. Res. Commun. <u>551</u>, 33-37.
- ✓ Chen, S.-K. Guan, H.-H., Wu, P.-H., Lin, L.-T., Wu, M.-C., Chang, H.-Y., Chen, N.-C., Lin, C.-C., Chuankhayan, C., Huang, Y.-C., Lin, P.-J., Chen, C.-J.* (2020) "Structural insights into histidine-containing phosphotransfer protein and receiver domain of sensor histidine kinase suggest a complex model in two-component regulatory system in Pseudomonas aeruginosa" IUCrJ, Z, 934-948.
- ✓ Astani, E. K., Ersali, S., Lee, Y.-C., Lin, P.-J., Huang, Y.-C., Huang, P.-Y., Jafarian, V., Hosseinkhani, S.*, Chen, C.-J.* (2020) "Determination and Evaluation of Secondary Structure Content Derived from Calcium-Induced Conformational Changes in Wild-Type and Mutant Mnemiopsin 2 by Synchrotron- based Fourier-Transform Infrared Spectroscopy" Biochim. Biophys. Acta (BBA)-Proteins and Proteomics, 1868 (12), 140528.
- ✓ Songsiriritthigul, C.*, Narawongsanont, R., Tantitadapitak, C., Guan, H.-H., Chen, C.-J. (2020) "Structural-function study of AKR4C14, an aldo-keto reductase from Thai Jasmine rice (Oryza satica L. ssp. Indica cv. KDML105)" Acta Cryst. D76, 472-483.

Cumulative Impact Factor: 170; Total Citations: 1164; h-Index: 19; i10-index: 28

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Educational Qualification

- ✓ Ph.D (Biophysics)- University of Madras, Chennai, India (1984)
- ✓ M.Sc. (Biophysics & Crystallography)-University of Madras, Chennai, India (1982)

Professional Experience

- ✓ Professor (Structural Biology and Bio-computing), Computational and Data Sciences, Indian Institute of Science Bangalore (2016 till date)
- ✓ Associate Professor (Structural Biology and Bio-computing), Computational and Data Sciences
- ✓ *Indian Institute of Science, Bangalore (2010-2016)*
- ✓ Principal Research Scientist (Structural Biology and Bio-computing), Bioinformatics Centre, Indian Institute of Science, Bangalore (2004-2010)

Honours and Awards

✓ National Bioscience award (2004-2005)

Recent Publications

- ✓ Chandrasekaran Palaniappan, Rahul C. Narayanan and K. Sekar, Mutation-dependent Refolding of Prion Protein Unveils Amyloidogenic-related Structural Ramifications: Insights from Molecular Dynamics Simulations, ACS Chemical Neuroscience, (2021), 12, 2714-2952 (I.F-4.5)
- ✓ Gunalan Seshan, Somarathinam Kanagasabai, Sailapathi Ananthasri, Balaji Kannappan, A. Suvitha, S. M. Jaimohan, Gugan Kothandan and K. Sekar, Insights of structure-based pharmacophore studies and inhibitor design against Gal3 receptor through molecular dynamics simulations, Journal of Biomolecular Structure and Dynamics, (2020), 1-13. (I.F-3.39)
- ✓ SK Chaudhary, M Elayappan, J Jeyakanthan and K. Sekar, Structural and functional characterization of oligomeric states of proteins in RecFOR pathway, International Journal of Biological Macromolecules (2020), 5, 943-953 (I.F-8.02)
- ✓ D Mitra, N Bankoti, D Michael, TNG Row and K. Sekar, C-halogen... pi interactions in nucleic acids: a database study, Journal of Chemical Sciences, (2020), 132, 1-6 (I.F-2)
- ✓ Ananthasri Sailapathi, Gopinath Murugan, Kanagasabai Somarathinam, Seshan Gunalan, Rahul Jagadeesan, Niyaz Yoosuf, Gugan Kothandan and K. Sekar, Proposing the Promiscuous Protein Structures in JNK1 and JNK3 for Virtual Screening in Pursuit of Potential Leads, ACS Omega (2020), 5, 3969-3978 (I.F-4.1)
- ✓ Seshan Gunalan, Kanagasabai Somarathinam, Jayanti Bhattacharya, Shantkriti Srinivasan, S.M Jaimohan, Ravi Manoharan, Sowmya Ramachandran, Gugan Kothandan and K. Sekar, Understanding the dual mechanism of bioactive peptides targeting the enzymes involved in Renin Angiotensin System (RAS): An In-Silico Approach, Journal of Biomolecular Structure and Dynamics, (2019). 1-18. (I.F- 3.39)
- ✓ Rajendran Santhosh, Namrata Bankoti, Padmashri Adgonda Malgonnavar, Daliah Michael, Jeyaraman Jeyakanthan and K. Sekar, MRPC: Missing Regions in Polypeptide Chains A Knowledgebase, Journal of Applied Crystallography(2019). 52, 1422-1426. . (I.F-3.3)

Cumulative Impact Factor: 500; Total Citations: 4057; h-Index: 35; i10-index: 84

DEPARTMENT: BIOINFORMATICS ALAGAPPA UNIVERSITY, KARAIKUDI

(A State University Accredited with "A+" grade by NAAC (CGPA: 3.64) in the Third Cycle and Graded as Category-I University by MHRD-UGC)

M.Sc BIOINFORMATICS

(For those who join the Course in July 2022 onwards)

REGULATIONS AND SYLLABUS-(CBCS-University Department)

[For candidates admitted form the Academic year 2022 onwards]

| Name of the Department | : | Bioinformatics |
|--------------------------------|---|-----------------------|
| Name of the Subject Discipline | | Bioinformatics |
| Program of Level | : | M.Sc |
| Duration of the Course | : | Two Years (Full Time) |

REGULATIONS

1. Choice-Based Credit System

A choice-Based Credit System is a flexible system of learning. This system allows students to gain knowledge at their own tempo. Students shall decide on electives from a wide range of elective courses offered by the University Departments in consultation with the Department committee. Students undergo additional courses and acquire more than the required number of credits. They can also adopt an inter-disciplinary and intra-disciplinary approach to learning, and make the best use of the expertise of available faculty.

2. Programme

"Programme" means a course of study leading to the award of a degree in a discipline.

General Objectives of the Program

The general objective of the M.Sc program in Bioinformatics is to develop strong-minded graduates with high-quality skills in the field of Structural Bioinformatics and Computer Aided Drug Design. The curriculum designed is to assist the students in understanding the vital concept of fundamentals involved in the structure determination through various Molecular Biology, Biochemical and Cell Biology experimental methods with practical hands-on training in the usage of Bioinformatics tools for Drug Discovery. At the end of the program, the student will gain in-depth knowledge in Bioinformatics and play an active role in biological research, government or non-government organization, and private sectors.

Number of Candidates to be Admitted

The maximum number of students to be admitted for the Master's Programme in an academic is up to 30.

Admission

Admission shall be based on merit basis in accordance with the number of applications received/ entrance examination conducted (more than 100 applications received) on the following criteria:

| i) | Entrance Examination Question Paper shall be in the following pattern | | |
|------------|---|---|---------------|
| a) | No. of Questions to be covered from Life Sciences at + 2 level | : | 50 |
| | | | (compulsory) |
| <i>b</i>) | No of Questions to be covered from Physical, Chemical Sciences at | : | 25 |
| | Degree level | | (compulsory) |
| c) | No of Questions to be covered from Life Sciences at Degree level or | : | 25 (optional) |
| | No of Questions to be covered from Mathematics, Computer | | |
| | Science at Degree level | | |
| | | | |
| ii) | A candidate may answer a maximum of 100 questions | | |
| iii) | Duration of Examination shall be two hours | | |
| iv) | v) Tamil Nadu Govt./University norms may be followed for selection | | |

3. Courses

'Course' is a component (a paper) of a programme. Each course offered by the Department is identified by a unique course code. A course contains lectures/ tutorials/laboratory /seminar/project / practical training/report writing /Viva-voce, etc or a combination of these, to meet effectively the teaching and learning needs.

4. Credits

The term "Credit" refers to the weightage given to a course, usually in relation to the instructional hours assigned to it. Normally in each of the courses credits will be assigned on the basis of the number of lectures/tutorial/laboratory and other forms of learning required completing the course contents in a 15-week schedule. One credit is equal to one hour of lecture/tutorial per week. For laboratory/field work one credit is equal to two hours.

5. Semesters

An Academic year is divided into two Semesters. In each semester, courses are offered in 15 teaching weeks and the remaining 5 weeks are to be utilized for conduct of examination and evaluation purposes. Each week has 30 working hours spread over 5 days a week.

6. Medium of Instruction

The medium of instruction is English only.

7. Departmental Committee

The Departmental Committee consists of the faculty of the Department. The Departmental Committee shall be responsible for admission to all the programmes offered by the Department including the conduct of entrance tests, verification of records, admission, and evaluation. The Departmental Committee determines the deliberation of courses and specifies the allocation of credits semester-wise and course-wise. For each course, it will also identify the number of credits for lectures, tutorials, practical's, seminars etc. The courses (Core/Discipline Specific Elective/Non-Major Elective) are designed by teachers and approved by the Departmental Committees. Courses approved by the Departmental Committees shall be approved by the Board of Studies/Broad Based Board of Studies. A teacher offering a course will also be responsible for maintaining attendance and performance sheets (CIA -I, CIA-II, assignments and seminar) of all the students registered for the course. The Non-major elective programme, MOOCs coordinator and Internship Mentor are responsible for submitting the performance sheet to the Head of the department. The Head of the Department consolidates all such performance sheets of courses pertaining to the programmes offered by the department. Then forward the same to be Controller of Examinations.

8. Programme General Objectives- (PGO) Minimum 6 objectives are required

- To train the students in various Molecular Biology experimental methods that aids the students to perform related Structural Biology techniques (Cloning, Expression, Purification & Crystallization) to isolate the protein of interest skillfully through laboratory practical.
- To emphasize on the flexibility of the state of the art technologies available especially in the area of Computer Aided Drug Design (CADD) and provide lab training to know how to manage the generated Biological data.
- To address the challenges arising from the huge amount of genomic data and to overcome by analyzing and individualizing the corresponding drug responses towards appropriate drug specified dosages.
- To create user-friendly tools and databases with the help of programming languages and algorithms. Additionally, two journal clubs in a month/ annual national conference/ weekly career guidance(s) are conducted that would help them know

9. Programme Specific Objectives-(PSO)- Minimum 6 objectives are required

- To find out the methods for analyzing the expression, structure and function of DNA, RNA and proteins, and an understanding of the relationships between species.
- To identify and define different types of biomolecules and the important structural features of biomolecules.
- To provide basic genetic terminology at a general level and describe the organization and development of the genetic makeup on cellular, chromosomal and gene level and be able to explain the basic molecular genetics mechanisms in relation to the structure and function of the cells.
- To introduce basic techniques and programming skills in bio statistical approach, thereby presents a suitable opportunity for the students to represent their data in various interpretations.
- To provide a sound introduction to the discipline of database management as a subject in its own right, rather than as a compendium of techniques and product specific tools.

10. Programme Outcome-(PO)

Knowledge:

- PO1: Comprehending the principles of Bioinformatics disciplines, along with the significance of Biological database, theories, technologies and scientific discoveries.
- PO2: Working with confidence and conscience on the fundamentals of Biological problem and to study how biological data is retrieved from databases.
- PO3: Enriching student's knowledge in various fields of Bioinformatics such as Molecular Cell Biology, Mathematics and Statistics for Biologists, Molecular Modeling and Drug Design, Computational Biology, Computer Science, Genetic Engineering, Structural Biology and Chemistry etc.
- PO4: Understanding and appreciating the significance of Chemical informatics and Pharmacoinformatics applications in drug discovery, as well as how to deal with future difficulties and national interests.

Skills:

- PO5: Exhibiting diverse Bioinformatics talents, such as sequence alignment, structure database, and drug development, for recent health sciences challenges using new computational tools/software/database.
- PO6: Acquiring the skills required for effective communication in academic and research settings.
- PO7: Identifying the suitable leads against disease-causing targets gives a regimen for drug research and development.
- PO8: Developing the skills in writing research articles, scientific proposal writing, giving a scientific presentation, reviewing a scientific paper, research ethics, and applying learned skills in the techniques within the chosen area of study.

Attitude:

PO9: Identifying significant problems in society and the environment, as well as stimulating future work, by doing socially responsible research in the field of medicinal discovery.

PO10: Developing relationships between the community and industry in order to enhance services to the society.

11. Program Specific Outcomes (PSOs)

Knowledge:

PSO1: The students can acquire knowledge in both theoretical and experimental domains for drug discovery through computational biological sciences.

Skills:

PSO2: The student can develop various computational methods and related software to solve existing and emerging challenges, and provide lab training on how to manage acquired biological data.

PSO3: Providing skill-based projects to the student in multidisciplinary area to solve the current problem in drug discovery process.

Attitude:

PSO4: Provide global research possibilities for advanced studies and scientific career.

PSO5: Demonstrate subject matter through technical writing and oral presentation.

12. Eligibility for Admission

Candidates for admission to Master of Science in Bioinformatics shall be required to have passed B.Sc., (Bioinformatics/Biotechnology/Microbiology/Biochemistry/Botany/Zoology/Mathematics/Physics/Chemistry/Information Technology/Computer Science)/B.Sc.(Agri.)/B.V.Sc.,/B.Pharm.,/B.Tech.,(Biotech/Bioinformatics/Life Sciences)/MBBS or any other course equivalent thereto and must have obtained 55% marks at graduation level.

13. Minimum Duration of Programme

The programme is for a period of two years. Each year shall consist of two semesters viz. Odd and Even semesters. Odd semesters shall be from June / July to October / November and even semesters shall be from November / December to April / May. Each semester there shall be 90 working days consisting of 6 teaching hours per working day (5 days/week).

14. Components

M.Sc Bioinformatics programme consists of a number of courses. The term "course" is applied to indicate a logical part of the subject matter of the programme and is invariably equivalent to the subject matter of a "paper" in the conventional sense. The following are the various categories of the courses suggested;

A. Core courses (CC)- "Core Papers" means "the core courses" related to the programme concerned including practicals and project work offered under the programme and shall

cover core competency, critical thinking, analytical reasoning, and research skill. for the PG programmes:

B. Discipline-Specific Electives (DSE) means the courses offered under the programme related to the major but are to be selected by the students, shall cover additional academic knowledge, critical thinking, and analytical reasoning. C. Non-Major Electives (NME)-Exposure beyond the discipline.

- * PG students have to undergo a total of two Non Major Elective courses with 2 credits offered by other departments (one in II Semester another in III Semester).
- * A uniform time frame of 3 hours on a common day (Tuesday) shall be allocated for the Non-Major Electives.
- * Non Major Elective courses offered by the departments pertaining to a semester should be announced before the end of previous semester.
- * Registration process: Students have to register for the Non-Major Elective course within 15 days from the commencement of the semester either in the department or NME portal (University Website).

D. Self Learning Courses from MOOCs platforms.

- * MOOCs shall be on voluntary for the students.
- * PG students have to undergo a total of 2 Self Learning Courses (MOOCs) one in II semester and another in III semester.
- The actual credits earned through MOOCs shall be transferred to the credit plan of programmes as extra credits. Otherwise 2 credits/course be given if the Self Learning Course (MOOCs) is without credit.
- * While selecting the MOOCs, preference shall be given to the course related to employability skills.

E. Projects / Dissertation /Internships (Maximum Marks: 200)

The student shall undertake the dissertation work during the fourth semester.

***** Plan of work

Project/Dissertation

The candidate shall undergo Project/Dissertation Work during the final semester. The candidate should prepare a scheme of work for the dissertation/project and should get approval from the guide. The candidate, after completing the dissertation /project work, shall be allowed to submit it to the university departments at the end of the final semester. If the candidate is desirous of availing the facility from other departments/universities/laboratories/organizations they will be permitted only after

getting approval from the guide and HOD. In such a case, the candidate shall acknowledge the same in their dissertation/project work.

* Format to be followed for dissertation/project report.

The format /certificate for thesis to be followed by the student are given below;

- ➤ Title page
- **≻** Certificate
- ➤ Acknowledgment
- > Content as follows:

| Chapter No | Title | Page number |
|------------|----------------------|-------------|
| 1 | Introduction | |
| 2 | Aim and Objectives | |
| 3 | Review of literature | |
| 4 | Materials and Method | |
| 5 | Result | |
| 6 | Discussion | |
| 7 | Summary | |
| 8 | References | |

> Format of the title page

Title of Dissertation/Project work

Dissertation/Project submitted in partial fulfillment of the requirement for the degree of Master of Science to the Alagappa University, Karaikudi -630003.

Ву

(Student Name)

(Register Number)



Department of Bioinformatics

Alagappa University

(A State University Accredited with "A+" grade by NAAC (CGPA: 3.64) in the Third

Cycle and Graded as Category-I University by MOE-UGC, 2019: MOE-NIRF-28,

QS ASIA Rank-220 & THE-500-600)

Karaikudi - 630003

(Year)

Format of certificates

Certificate -Guide

| This is to certify that the Dissertation/Project entitled " |
|---|
| |
| " submitted to Alagappa University, Karaikudi-630 003 in partial fulfilment for |
| the degree of Master of Science in Bioinformatics by Mr/Mis(Reg No: |
| under my supervision. This is based on the results of studies carried out by |
| him/her in the Department of Bioinformatics, Alagappa University, Karaikudi-630 003. |
| This dissertation/Project or any part of this work has not been submitted elsewhere for |
| any other degree, diploma, fellowship, or any other similar titles or record of any |
| University or Institution. |
| Place: Karaikudi Research Supervisor |
| Date: |

Certificate - (HOD)

| This is to certify that the thesis entitled "" submitted |
|--|
| by Mr/Mis(Reg No:) to the Alagappa University, in partic |
| fulfilment for the award of the degree of Master of Science in Bioinformatics is a bonafid |
| record of research work done under the supervision of Dr |
| Assistant Professor, Department of Bioinformatics Alagappa University. This is to further |
| certify that the thesis or any part thereof has not formed the basis of the award to the |
| student of any degree, diploma, fellowship, or any other similar title of any University o |
| Institution. |
| Place: Karaikudi Head of the Department |
| Date: |
| |
| |
| |
| |
| |
| |
| Declaration (Student) |
| I hereby declare that the dissertation entitled "" submitted |
| to the Alagappa University for the award of the degree of Master of Science in |
| Bioinformatics has been carried out by me under the guidance of Dr |
| Assistant Professor, Department of Bioinformatics Alagappa University, Karaikudi – 630 |
| |
| 03. This is my original and independent work and has not previously formed the basis of |
| the award of any degree, diploma, associateship, fellowship, or any other similar title of |
| any University or Institution. |
| Place: Karaikudi () |
| Date: |

Internship

The students who have opted for an Internship must undergo industrial training in the reputed organizations to accrue industrial knowledge in the final semester. The student has to find industry related to their discipline (Public limited/Private Limited/owner/NGOs etc.,) in consultation with the faculty in charge/Mentor and get approval from the head of the department and Departmental Committee before going for an internship.

> Format to be followed for Internship report

The format /certificate for internship report to be followed by the student are given Below;

> Title page -Format of the title page

Title of internship report

Internship report submitted in partial fulfilment of the requirement for the Master of degree in Bioinformatics to the Alagappa University, Karaikudi -630003.

Ву

(Student Name)

(Register Number)



Department of Bioinformatics

Alagappa University

(A State University Accredited with "A+" grade by NAAC (CGPA: 3.64) in the Third Cycle and Graded as Category-I University by MOE-UGC, 2019: MOE-NIRF-28,

QS ASIA Rank-220 & THE-500-600)

Karaikudi - 630003

(Year)

Certificate-(Format of certificate - faculty in-charge)

| This is to certify that the report entitled "" submitted |
|---|
| to Alagappa University, Karaikudi-630 003 in partial fulfilment for the Master of Science |
| in Bioinformatics by Mr/Mis (Reg No) under my supervision. This is |
| based on the work carried out by him/her in the organization M/S |
| This Internship report or any part of this work has not been submitted elsewhere for any |
| other degree, diploma, fellowship, or any other similar record of any University or |
| Institution. |
| |
| Place: Research |
| Supervisor |
| Date: |
| |
| |
| |
| |
| Certificate (HOD) |
| This is to certify that the Internship report entitled "" submitted by |
| Mr/Mis(Reg No:) to the Alagappa University, in partial |
| fulfilment for the award of the Master of Science in Bioinformatics is a bonafide record of |
| Internship report done under the supervision of, Assistant Professor, |
| Department of Bioinformatics Alagappa University and the work carried out by him/her in |
| the organization M/S This is to further certify that the thesis or |
| any part thereof has not formed the basis of the award to the student of any degree, |
| diploma, fellowship, or any other similar title of any University or Institution. |
| Place: Karaikudi Head of the Department |
| Date: |

Certificate-(Format of certificate - Company supervisor or Head of the Organization)

| This is to certify that the Internship report entitled submitted to Alagappa University, Karaikudi-630 of Science in Bioinformatics by Mr/Mis(F | 003 in partial fulfilment for the Master |
|---|---|
| This is based on the work carried out by him/her in | |
| for the period of three months of | , |
| part of this work has not been submitted else | |
| fellowship, or any other similar record of any Unive | ersity or Institution. |
| Place: | Supervisor or in charge |
| Date: | |
| Declaration (St | ıdent) |
| I hereby declare that the Internship Report entitled | |
| the Alagappa University for the award of the Ma | aster of Science in Bioinformatics has |
| been carried out by me under the supervisi Department of Bioinformatics Alagappa Universional and independent work carried out by me i | rity, Karaikudi – 630 003. This is my |
| for the period of three months or and h | |
| the award of any degree, diploma, associateship, | fellowship, or any other similar title of |
| any University or Institution. | |
| Place: Karaikudi | () |
| Data | |

> Acknowledgment

> Content as follows:

| Chapter No | Title | Page number |
|------------|----------------------------------|-------------|
| 1 | Introduction | |
| 2 | Aim and Objectives | |
| 3 | Organisation profile /details | |
| 4 | Methods and Work | |
| 5 | Observation and knowledge gained | |
| 6 | Summary and outcome of the | |
| | Internship study | |
| 7 | References | |

No. of copies of the dissertation/project report/internship report. The candidate should prepare three copies of the dissertation/project/report and submit the same for the evaluation of examiners. After evaluation, one copy will be retained in the department library, one copy will be retained by the guide and the student shall hold one copy.

15. Teaching Methods

The mode of teaching is based on the following learning activities:

- Lectures covering the theoretical part will be delivered using PowerPoint presentations.
- ➤ Delivering the lectures in the form of presentation using advanced technologies devices such as smart board.
- Video-conferencing for lectures that will be sought from experts belonging to overseas reputed institutions
- ➤ A set of laboratory exercises to analyze biological problems using softwares and tools to develop student's interests in scientific discovery.
- > Case studies and Review questions.

16. Attendance

Students must have earned 75% of attendance in each course for appearing for the examination. Students who have earned 74% to 70% of attendance need to apply for condonation in the prescribed form with the prescribed fee. Students who have earned 69% to 60% of attendance need to apply for condonation in the prescribed form with the prescribed fee along with the Medical Certificate. Students who have below 60% of attendance are not eligible to appear for the End Semester Examination (ESE). They shall redo the semester(s) after completion of the programme.

17. Examination

The examinations shall be conducted separately for theory and practical's to assess (remembering, understanding, applying, analysing, evaluating, and creating) the knowledge required during the study. There shall be two systems of examinations viz., internal and external examinations. The internal examinations shall be conducted as Continuous Internal Assessment tests I and II (CIA Test I & II).

A. Internal Assessment

The internal assessment shall comprise a maximum of 25 marks for each subject.

The following procedure shall be followed for awarding internal marks.

Theory -25 marks

Syllabus Coverage for First CIA – First Two Units and for Second CIA – Remaining Three Units

Question paper Pattern

Total CIA Marks = 25 Marks.

| Part A | 6 objective type questions (each | 6 x 1 = 6 |
|--------|---|------------|
| | carrying one mark) | Marks |
| Part B | 4 descriptive type questions (either | 4 x 5 = 20 |
| | or each carrying 5 Marks) | Marks |
| Part C | 3 descriptive type questions (either or | 3 x8 = 24 |
| | each carrying 8 marks) | Marks |
| Total | | 50 Marks |

Total Marks = 50 -Average of Two tests marks to be rounded off to maximum of 15 marks.

Assignment – Minimum one Assignment covering first two units and Minimum one Assignment Covering next three units and Total Marks to be awarded is 5 Marks.

Seminar – Minimum 1 Seminar covering entire course content and to be awarded to maximum of 5 marks.

| Sl.No | Content | Marks |
|-------|--|-------|
| 1 | Average marks of two CIA test | 15 |
| 2 | Assignment/field trip report/case study report | 5 |
| 3 | Seminar/group discussion/quiz | 5 |
| Total | | 25 |

Practical-25 Marks

| Sl.No | Content | Marks |
|-------|--|-------|
| 1 | Major Experiment | 10 |
| 2 | Minor Experiment | 5 |
| 3 | Spotter (2x 5/ 4 x4) or any other mode | 10 |
| Total | | 25 |

Project/Dissertation/internship-50 Marks (assess by Guide/incharge/HOD/supervisor)

| Sl.No | Content | Marks |
|-------|------------------------------|-------|
| 1 | Two presentations (mid-term) | 30 |
| 2 | Progress report | 20 |
| Total | | 50 |

B. External Examination

- There shall be examinations at the end of each semester, for odd semesters in the month of October / November; for even semesters in April / May.
- A candidate who does not pass the examination in any course(s) may be permitted to appear in such failed course(s) in the subsequent examinations to be held in October / November or April / May. However candidates who have arrears in Practical shall be permitted to take their arrear Practical examination only along with Regular Practical examination in the respective semester.
- ➤ A candidate should get registered for the first semester examination. If registration is not possible owing to shortage of attendance beyond condonation limit / regulation prescribed OR belated joining OR on medical grounds, the candidates are permitted to move to the next semester. Such candidates shall re- do the missed semester after completion of the programme.
- For the Project Report/ Dissertation Work / internship the maximum marks will be 100 marks for project report evaluation and for the Viva-Voce it is 50 marks (if in some programmes, if the project is equivalent to more than one course, the project marks would be in proportion to the number of equivalent courses).
- ➤ Viva-Voce: Each candidate shall be required to appear for Viva-Voce Examination (in defense of the Dissertation Work /Project/ internship).

Syllabus Coverage- All Five Units of the Course.

Scheme of External Examination (Question Paper Pattern)

Theory - Maximum 75 Marks

| Part A | 10 objective type questions | 10 x 1 = 10 Marks | 2 questions from each unit |
|--------|------------------------------|----------------------|----------------------------|
| Part B | 5 descriptive type questions | 5 x 5 = 25 | 5 descriptive type |
| | | Marks | questions |
| Part C | 5 descriptive type questions | 5 x8 = 40 | 5 descriptive type |
| | | Marks | questions |

Practical - Maximum 75 Marks

| Section A | Major experiment | 15 Marks |
|-----------|-------------------------|----------|
| Section B | Minor experiment | 10 Marks |
| Section C | Experimental setup | 5 Marks |
| Section D | Spotters (5 x 5 marks) | 25 Marks |
| Section E | Record note | 10 Marks |
| Section F | Vivo voce | 10 Marks |
| Total | | 75 Marks |

18. Dissertation /Project report/Internship report Scheme of evaluation

| Dissertation /Project report/Internship report | 150 Marks |
|--|-----------|
| Viva Voce | 50 Marks |
| Total | 200 Marks |

18. Results

The results of all the examinations will be published through the Department where the student underwent the course as well as through University Website

19. Passing Minimum

- ➤ A candidate shall be declared to have passed in each course if he/she secures not less than 40% marks in the End Semester Examinations and 40% marks in the Internal Assessment and not less than 50% in the aggregate, taking Continuous assessment and End Semester Examinations marks together.
- The candidates not obtained 50% in the Internal Assessment are permitted to improve their Internal Assessment marks in the subsequent semesters (2 chances will be given) by writing the CIA tests and by submitting assignments.
- ➤ Candidates, who have secured the pass marks in the End-Semester Examination and in the CIA but failed to secure the aggregate minimum pass mark (E.S.E + C I.A), are permitted to improve their Internal Assessment mark in the following semester and/or in University examinations.
- ➤ A candidate shall be declared to have passed in the Project / Dissertation / Internship if he /she gets not less than 40% in each of the Project / Dissertation / Internship Report and Viva-Voce and not less than 50% in the aggregate of both the marks for Project Report and Viva-Voce.
- ➤ A candidate who gets less than 50% in the Project / Dissertation / Internship Report must resubmit the thesis. Such candidates need to take again the Viva- Voce on the resubmitted Project report.

20. Grading of the Courses

The following table gives the marks, Grade points, Letter Grades and classifications meant to indicate the overall academic performance of the candidate. Conversion of Marks to Grade Points and Letter Grade (Performance in Paper / Course)

| RANGE OF MARKS | GRADE POINTS | LETTER GRADE | DESCRIPTION |
|-------------------|--------------|--------------|-------------|
| 90 - 100 | 9.0 - 10.0 | 0 | Outstanding |
| 80 - 89 | 8.0 - 8.9 | D+ | Excellent |
| 75 - 79 | 7.5 - 7.9 | D | Distinction |

| 70 - 74 | 7.0 - 7.4 | A+ | Very Good |
|---------|-----------|-----|-----------|
| 60 - 69 | 6.0 - 6.9 | A | Good |
| 50 - 59 | 5.0 - 5.9 | В | Average |
| 00 - 49 | 0.0 | U | Re-appear |
| ABSENT | 0.0 | AAA | ABSENT |

- a) Successful candidates passing the examinations and earning GPA between 9.0 and 10.0 and marks from 90 100 shall be declared to have Outstanding (0).
- b) Successful candidates passing the examinations and earning GPA between 8.0 and 8.9 and marks from 80 89 shall be declared to have Excellent (D+).
- c) Successful candidates passing the examinations and earning GPA between 7.5 7.9 and marks from 75 79 shall be declared to have Distinction (D).
- d) Successful candidates passing the examinations and earning GPA between 7.0 7.4 and marks from 70 74 shall be declared to have Very Good (A+).
- e) Successful candidates passing the examinations and earning GPA between 6.0 6.9 and marks from 60 69 shall be declared to have Good (A).
- f) Successful candidates passing the examinations and earning GPA between 5.0 5.9 and marks from 50 59 shall be declared to have Average (B).
- g) Candidates earning GPA between 0.0 and marks from 00 49 shall be declared to have Re-appear (U).
- h) Absence from an examination shall not be taken as an attempt.

From the second semester onwards the total performance within a semester and continuous performance starting from the first semester are indicated respectively by Grade Point Average (GPA) and Cumulative Grade Point Average (CGPA). These two are calculated by the following formulate

GRADE POINT AVERAGE (GPA) = $\Sigma_i C_i G_i / \Sigma_i C_i$

GPA = <u>Sum of the multiplication of Grade Points by the credits of the courses</u> Sum of the credits of the courses in a Semester

21. Classification of the final result

| CGPA | Grade | Classification of Final |
|-----------------------------|-------|--------------------------|
| | | Result |
| 9.5 – 10.0 | 0+ | First Class – Exemplary* |
| 9.0 and above but below 9.5 | 0 | |
| 8.5 and above but below 9.0 | D++ | First Class with |
| 8.0 and above but below 8.5 | D+ | Distinction* |
| 7.5 and above but below 8.0 | D | |

| 7.0 and above but below 7.5 | A++ | First Class |
|-----------------------------|-----|--------------|
| 6.5 and above but below 7.0 | A+ | |
| 6.0 and above but below 6.5 | A | |
| 5.5 and above but below 6.0 | B+ | Second Class |
| 5.0 and above but below 5.5 | В | |
| 0.0 and above but below 5.0 | U | Re-appear |

The final result of the candidate shall be based only on the CGPA earned by the candidate.

- a) Successful candidates passing the examinations and earning CGPA between 9.5 and 10.0 shall be given Letter Grade (0+), those who earned CGPA between 9.0 and 9.4 shall be given Letter Grade (0) and declared to have First Class Exemplary*.
- b) Successful candidates passing the examinations and earning CGPA between 7.5 and 7.9 shall be given Letter Grade (D), those who earned CGPA between 8.0 and 8.4 shall be given Letter Grade (D+), those who earned CGPA between 8.5 and 8.9 shall be given Letter Grade (D++) and declared to have First Class with Distinction*.
- c) Successful candidates passing the examinations and earning CGPA between 6.0 and 6.4 shall be given Letter Grade (A), those who earned CGPA between 6.5 and 6.9 shall be given Letter Grade (A+), those who earned CGPA between 7.0 and 7.4 shall be given Letter Grade (A++) and declared to have First Class.
- d) Successful candidates passing the examinations and earning CGPA between 5.0 and 5.4 shall be given Letter Grade (B), those who earned CGPA between 5.5 and 5.9 shall be given Letter Grade (B+) and declared to have passed in Second Class.
- i) Candidates those who earned CGPA between 0.0 and 4.9 shall be given Letter Grade (U) and declared to have Re-appear.
- e) Absence from an examination shall not be taken as an attempt.

CUMULATIVE GRADE POINT AVERAGE (CGPA) = $\Sigma_n \Sigma_i C_{ni} G_{ni} / \Sigma_n \Sigma_i C_{ni}$ CGPA = Sum of the multiplication of Grade Points by the credits of the entire Programme

Sum of the credits of the courses for the entire Programme

Where '**Ci**' is the Credit earned for Course i in any semester; '**Gi**' is the Grade Point obtained by the student for Course i and 'n' refers to the semester in which such courses were credited.

CGPA (Cumulative Grade Point Average) = Average Grade Point of all the Courses passed starting from the first semester to the current semester.

Note: * The candidates who have passed in the first appearance and within the prescribed Semesters of the PG Programme are alone eligible for this classification.

22. Conferment of the Master's Degree

A candidate shall be eligible for the conferment of the Degree only after he/she has earned the minimum required credits for the Programme prescribed therefor (i.e. 90 credits). Programme).

23. Village Extension Programme

The Sivaganga and Ramnad districts are very backward districts where a majority of people Lives in poverty. The rural mass is economically and educationally backward. Thus, the aim of the introduction of this Village Extension Programme is to extend out to reach environmental awareness, social activities, hygiene, and health to the rural people of this region. The students in their third semester have to visit any one of the adopted villages within the jurisdiction of Alagappa University and can arrange various programs to educate the rural mass in the following areas for three day based on the theme.

- 1. Environmental Awareness.
- 2. Hygiene and Health. A minimum of two faculty members can accompany the students and guide them.

24. Fee structure

The following shall be the fee structure for the M. Sc programme

| 1 st Year | Tuition Fee | | Rs. 3000/- | Takal Da 10 000 / |
|----------------------|----------------------------------|---|------------|---------------------------|
| | Computer, Special and Other Fees | : | Rs. 7000/- | Total Rs. 10,000/- |
| 2 nd Year | Tuition Fee | : | Rs. 3000/- | Takal Da 0 000 / |
| | Computer, Special and Other Fees | : | Rs. 6000/- | Total Rs. 9,000/- |

For Foreign Nationals opting for M.Sc programme the fees is **USD \$ 250**

Special and other fees shall be as prescribed by the University.

M.Sc BIOINFORMATICS

Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) for those who join in July 2022 or after

| | | | | | | Hrs/ | Marks | | |
|------------------------------------|------------------------|-----------------|---|--------------|--------|------|----------|------|------------|
| S.No. | Paper Code | | Title of the Paper | Th/Tu /Pr | Credit | Week | I | E | Total |
| | | | SEMESTER-I | | | | | | |
| 1 | 502101 | Core I | Introduction to Bioinformatics | Th | 5 | 5 | 25 | 75 | 100 |
| 2 | 502102 | Core II | Molecular Cell Biology and Biochemistry | Th | 5 | 5 | 25 | 75 | 100 |
| 3 | 502103 | Core III | Mathematics and Statistics for Biologists | Th | 5 | 5 | 25 | 75 | 100 |
| 4 | 502104 | Core IV | Lab-I: DBMS and MYSQL | Pr | 4 | 8 | 25 | 75 | 100 |
| 5 | ~ .7 | Elective I | DSC-1 Major Elective-I | Th | 5 | 5 | 25 | 75 | 100 |
| | Library | 1.61.1.76 | | | | 1 | | | |
| | Yoga/ Journal | | | | 24 | 30 | 125 | 275 | 500 |
| | | To | SEMESTER-II | | 24 | 30 | 125 | 375 | 500 |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| 6 | 502201 | Core V | Phylogeny and Phylogenomics | Th | 4 | 4 | 25 | 75 | 100 |
| 7 | 502202 | Core VI | Molecular Modeling and Drug Design | Th | 5 | 5 | 25 | 75 | 100 |
| 8 | 502203 | Core VII | Computational Biology | Th | 5 | 5 | 25 | 75 | 100 |
| 9 | 502204 | Core VIII | Programming in Scripting Languages (PYTHON, PERL & R) | Th | 5 | 5 | 25 | 75 | 100 |
| | 502205 | Core IX | Lab-II: Molecular Biology and Biochemical Techniques | Pr | 3 | 6 | 25 | 75 | 100 |
| 11 | Non Major Ele | ective (NME) | | Th | 2 | 3 | 25 | 75 | 100 |
| 12 | Self Learning | Course (SLC) | - I MOOC's | | | Εx | tra Cred | lit | |
| | Library | | | | | 1 | | | |
| | Yoga/ Journal | | | | | 1 | | | |
| | | Tot | | | 24 | 30 | 150 | 450 | 600 |
| | | | SEMESTER-III | | | | | | |
| 13 | 502301 | Core X | Genetics and Genetic Engineering | Th | 5 | 5 | 25 | 75 | 100 |
| 14 | 502302 | Core XI | Structural Biology | Th | 5 | 5 | 25 | 75 | 100 |
| 15 | 502303 | Core XII | Pharmacogenomics | Th | 4 | 5 | 25 | 75 | 100 |
| 16 | 502304 | Core XIII | Lab-III: Computer Aided Drug Design (CADD) | Tu/Pr | 4 | 5 | 25 | 75 | 100 |
| 17 | Non Major Ele | | | Th | 2 | 3 | 25 | 75 | 100 |
| 18 | | | Major Elective-II | Th | 4 | 5 | 25 | 75 | 100 |
| 19 | Self Learning | Course (SLC) |) - II MOOC's | | | | tra Cred | lit | |
| | Library Yoga/Journa | l Club /Canaa | y Cuidanao | | | 1 1 | | | |
| | rogu/ journa | Tot | | | 24 | 30 | 150 | 450 | 600 |
| | | 100 | SEMESTER-IV | <u> </u> | 47 | 30 | 130 | 730 | 000 |
| 20 | 502401 | Core XIV | Machine Learning and Artificial Intelligence | Th | 4 | 4 | 25 | 75 | 100 |
| 21 | 502402 | Core XV | Systems Biology | Th | 4 | 4 | 25 | 75 | 100 |
| 22 | 502403 | Core XVI | Lab-IV: Small and Macromolecular Crystallography | Pr | 4 | 8 | 25 | 75 | 100 |
| 23 | 502999 | Core XVII | Project Work & Viva-Voce | | 6 | 12 | 50 | 150 | 200 |
| | Library | | | | | 1 | | | |
| Yoga/ Journal Club/Career Guidance | | | | | | 1 | | | |
| Total | | | | | 18 | 30 | 125 | 375 | 500 |
| Grand T | Total (Semeste | er I + II + III | + IV) | | 90 | 120 | 500 | 1650 | 2200 |

DSC- Department Students Choice, **EC-** Extra Credit; **I-**Internal Marks, **E-**External Marks, **Th-**Theory, **Tu-**Tutorial, **Pr-**Practical **Work-load**

- ➤ **1 Credit** = 1 Theory period of one hour duration
- > 1 Credit = 1 Tutorial period of one hour duration
- ➤ **1 Credit** = 1 Practical period of two hour duration

Semester wise credit details:

| Ι | Semester | 24 Credits | Core Credits: 19; Major Elective Credits: 5 |
|----------------------|----------|-----------------|--|
| II | Semester | 24 Credits + EC | Core Credits: 22; Non-Major Elective Credits: 2; Self Learning course credits – EC |
| III | Semester | 24 credits+ EC | Core Credits: 18; Major Elective Credits: 4; Non-Major Elective: 2; Self Learning course credits – EC |
| IV | Semester | 18 credits | Core Credits: 12; Project Work& Viva-Voce: 6 |
| Total credits 90+ EC | | 90+ EC | Core Credits: 71; Major Elective Credits: 9; Non-Major Elective Credits: 4; Project Work & Viva-Voce: 6 + Self Learning course credits - extra credits |

| Majo | Major Electivefor the Department of Bioinformatics | | | | | |
|-------|--|------------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| S. No | S. No Subject Code Subject Name | | | | | |
| 1. | 502501 | General Chemistry | | | | |
| 2. | 502502 | Fundamentals of Computing | | | | |
| 3. | 502503 | PR, Bio-safety and Bioethics | | | | |
| 4. | 502504 | Biosensor | | | | |

| 5. | 502505 | Molecular Interactions |
|-----|--------|--|
| 6. | 502506 | Introduction to Neural Networks |
| 7. | 502507 | Data Warehousing and Data Mining |
| 8. | 502508 | Programming in C and C++ |
| 9. | 502509 | Cell communication and Cell signaling |
| 10. | 502510 | Big data analysis and Next Generation Sequencing |
| 11. | 502511 | General Microbiology |
| 12. | 502512 | Open Source in Bioinformatics |
| 13. | 502513 | Biodiversity, Agriculture, Ecosystem, Environment and Medicine |
| 14. | 502514 | Nanotechnology and Advanced Drug Delivery System |
| 15. | 502515 | Immunology and Immunotechnology |

Non Major Electives for the other Departments

| S. No | Subject Code | Subject Name |
|-------|--------------|--|
| 1. | 502101 | Introduction to Bioinformatics |
| 2. | 502202 | Molecular Modeling and Drug Design |
| 3. | 502203 | Computational Biology |
| 4. | 502204 | Programming in Scripting Languages (PYTHON, PERL& R) |
| 5. | 502302 | Structural Biology |
| 6. | 502303 | Pharmacogenomics |

Required Facilities For The Programme

I. Wet Lab Facility:

Basic minor instruments FPLC - Protein Purification system

Thermocycler Multi Plate Reader

-86°C Ultra Freezer Nano Spectrophotometer

-20°C Deep Freezer Kinetic Biospectrometer

Walk-in cold room storage Upright Polaroid Microscope

Ultra Water Purification Small Angle X-ray Scattering

Stackable Orbital Shaking Incubator 2-D Electrophoresis

Ultra centrifuge Biacore

Ice flaks maker Isothermal Titration Calorimetry

Ultra sonicator Nano LC - MS/MS

Refrigerated centrifuges Small and Macromolecule X-ray Diffractometer

Next Generation Sequencer

II. Computational Lab:

IBM Super computer

High Performance Cluster Computers

High Performance Workstations -50

Desktop Computers – 50

UPS power backup

III. Softwares

Schrodinger Software commercial package

Gromacs

Amber

Gaussian

Cambridge Structural Database

SPSS Statistical Software

SEMESTER-I

Course Depiction

Introduction to Bioinformatics

| Program: M.Sc., | Semester : I (2022 Onwards) |
|--|--|
| Course Title: Introduction to Bioinformatics | |
| Subject Code: 502101 | Class Time: As per the time table |
| Name of Course Teachers | Dr. Sanjeev Kumar Singh |
| | Dr. P. Boomi |
| Mobile: +91 - 9894429800 | E-mail: sksingh@alagappauniversity.ac.in |
| +91 - 9486031423 | boomip@alagappauniversity.ac.in |

Course Brief:

The course depicts the fundamental concepts and methods in Bioinformatics, a field at the junction of Biology and Computing. Data intensive, large-scale biological problems are addressed from a computational point of view. The most common problems are modeling biological processes at the molecular level and making inferences from collected data. The course covers the principles and methods used to search and compare DNA, RNA and proteins, cast as biological "sequences". The course explains why they can give us answers to fundamental biological questions important to fields such as Cell Biology, Biochemistry and Medical science. The important public data banks that provide details of biological systems and components will be discussed. It reviews a wide range of topics including open resources in bioinformatics, computational sequence analysis, sequence homology searching, gene finding and genome annotation, protein structure analysis and prediction, genomics, proteomics, phylogenetic analysis, biological databases, cheminformatics and medical informatics. Protein structures are three-dimensional data and the associated problems are structure prediction (secondary and tertiary), analysis of protein structures for clues regarding function, and structural alignment. It serves a gateway course for all science students.

Teaching Methods: The mode of teaching is based on the following learning activities:

- Lectures covering the theoretical part will be delivered using PowerPoint presentations.
- A set of laboratory exercises to analyze biological problems using softwares and tools to develop student's interests in scientific discovery.
- Case studies in informatics-based research.

Attendance: The students are expected to attend the classes regularly, since regular attendance is essential to gain academic achievement. As per the University norms, the students having a minimum scale of 70-75% attendance are only qualified to write their end-semester examinations.

Punctuality: Punctuality is the most important quality for the student to be followed and maintained to achieve success. Students who arrive late by 10 mins to the class without any vital reason will be marked absent in the attendance register. On the other hand, valid excuse including personal or medical emergency is acceptable, with prior consent by the Head of the Department.

Class Participation: A student's overall growth and personality development is based on his/her involvement in the class not just by mere presence but rather being interactive through questioning that will lead to propagation of ideas, initiation of thought-provoking practice and much more that will provide a wholesome enriched classroom experience. When students participate, they learn from one another and gain their knowledge better.

Submission of Assignment: Assignments are given to students in order to apply the concepts for deeper understanding of the subject. Therefore, each student will be allocated two assignments for the course, covering the entire topic. Students will be given deadline to submit the assignment by the course instructor and good preparation of assignment will help the students for their final exams.

Presentation of Seminar: Apart from the assignments, students are supposed to give an oral presentation during the class seminar hours in their assigned topic. The concerned instructor will encourage the participants to ask valid questions during seminar presentation in order to put up their confidence levels and communication skills. In addition, students will be able to gain information and can be updated in their course.

Preparedness: At the end of every class, the concerned instructor conveys the students about the details that will be handled in the next class to increase the student's awareness related to the topics.

Academic Dishonesty: Academic dishonesty is a completely unacceptable mode of conduct and every student should be aware of this important aspect. Thus, the respective faculty members educate the students of possible means of academic malpractices (plagiarism, violation of copyrights and stealing the patented knowledge) and the following consequences that will make them more vigilant in their academic career.

Subject to change clause: Depending upon the requirement of student's possibility, the course syllabus will be re-structured and updated accordingly at the discretion of the Professor(s) and Board of studies chairperson.

Important dates: *Scheduled dates for the various activities related to the course*

| CIA Test I | CIA Test II | Assignment | Seminar |
|--------------|---------------|-------------|---------|
| As per Acado | emic Calendar | After CIA T | est I |

Course Outline: Core: Introduction to Bioinformatics

- An overview of bioinformatics-concepts and basic terminology used in bioinformatics-scope of bioinformatics in biological system- basic introduction to bioinformatics computing and includes background information on computers in general, the fundamentals of the UNIX/Linux operating system-various open resources essential for bioinformatics.
- Bioinformatics Sequence analysis biological basics needed in bioinformatics, Sequence alignment-Global and Local- Pairwise Alignment, Multiple Alignment-ClustalW.
- Phylogenetics-Phylip package-Various tools used for sequence analysis-BLASTtypes-Algorithms used in sequence alignments-Hidden Markov Model for gene detection- Needleman-Wunsch algorithm- Smith-Waterman algorithm-Dynamic Programming-Dot matrix analysis-Parsimony.
- Databases-Concepts and introduction of different data types-Various protein databases-Protein Data Bank-MMDB-Swiss-Prot, Protein information resourcesprimary and secondary nucleotide databases-importance of SCOP, PROSITE, CATH.
- Carbohydrate databases-Drug-drug interaction studies-synergism and antagonism-Entrez as information retrieval system.
- Cheminformatics-tools- chemical database-PUBCHEM, SMILES, ACD, Chembank; Structural visualization tool.
- Pharmacy informatics- medication-related data and knowledge within the continuum of healthcare systems including its acquisition, storage, analysis, use and dissemination in the delivery of optimal medication-related patient care

and health outcomes-Medical coding-Application of pharmacoinformatics-ethical issues in medical informatics.

More books for Reading and Referencing

Introduction To Bioinformatics- Attwood

Publisher: Pearson Education Singapore Pte Ltd, 2007. (ISBN: 978-81-775-8641-1)

Bioinformatics Basics: Applications in Biological Science and Medicine- Hooman

Rashidi, Lukas K. Buehler

Publisher: CRC Press/Taylor & Francis Group, 2005. (ISBN: 978-08-493-2375-1)

Bioinformatics in the Post-Genomic Era: Genome, Transcriptome, Proteome, and

Information-Based Medicine- Jeffrey Augen

Publisher: Addison-Wesley, 2004. (ISBN: 978-03-211-7386-7)

Introduction to Bioinformatics: A Theoretical and Practical Approach- Stephen A.

Krawetz, David D. Womble

Publisher: Humana Press, 2003. (ISBN: 978-15-882-9241-4)

Fundamental Concepts of Bioinformatics- Dan E. Krane, Michael L. Raymer

Publisher: Benjamin/Cummings, 2002. (ISBN: 978-08-053-4633-6)

Bioinformatics: Sequence, Structure and Databanks A Practical Approach- Des Higgins,

Willie Taylor

Publisher: Oxford University Press, 2000. (ISBN: 978-01-996-3790-4)

Chemoinformatics: A Textbook- Johann Gasteiger, Thomas Engel

Publisher: Wiley publication, 2004. (ISBN: 978-35-273-0681-7)

Pharmacy Informatics- Philip O. Anderson, Susan M. McGuinness, Philip E. Bourne

Publisher: CRC press, Taylor and Francis group, 2010. (ISBN: 978-14-200-7175-7)

Introduction to Bioinformatics

| | | | | I - : | Semeste | r | | | | | |
|---|--------|--------------------------------|----------|-----------|--------------|--------------|----------|------------------------------|--------------|--|--|
| Core | | rse Code: | | | | | | | | | |
| | 502 | 2101 | | Bioin | formati | CS | | | | | |
| | | | • | | Unit-I | | | | 1 | | |
| Objective | -1 | To understo | and the | essentia | l feature | s of the int | terdisci | plinary area | of science | | |
| | | for better u | ndersta | nding o | f biologic | al data. | | | | | |
| Basics of | f Bi | oinformatic | s: Intr | oduction | n to Bi | oinformat | ics; Co | omputers in | Biology to | | |
| | | | | | | | Unix ai | nd Linux opei | rating | | |
| | | pt of open res | | | | | | | | | |
| Outcome | - 1 | Understand | | ential fe | eature of | Computer | and | | K2 | | |
| | | Biological a | lata | | ** ** ** | | | | | | |
| مدانه ما | 2 | T | | | Unit-II | | | | | | |
| Objective | - Z | research in | | | | tuaents Jo | r perjo | rming furthe | er | | |
| Coguenae | A 200 | | | | | | an alma | ia. Caguanaa | alianan ont | | |
| | | | | | | | | is; Sequence or alianment | | | |
| | | rair wise and Is for Seguen | | | ince unai | ysis; Aig0i | will J | or alignment | s, Dutubuse | | |
| Outcome | | Categorize | | | ianment | methods | | | K4 | | |
| | | Cutegorize | ene sequ | | | methods. | | | 1 1 | | |
| 01-1 | | T | 1 | | Unit-III | | 1 | | 1-4-: | | |
| Objective - 3 To create opportunities for students to learn algorithm, tool, and data in the current scenario. | | | | | | aata in | | | | | |
| Diologica | l Dot | | | | n Introd | uation to | Data t | mag and sour | maa. Dratain | | |
| | | | | | | | | pes and sour e databases; | | | |
| • | | bohydrate D | | | | | | e uutubuses; | Specializea | | |
| | | - | | | - | _ | _ | ses: Entrez sy | stom TCCA | | |
| data bases | | | muuoi | recriev | ui ji oiii L | noiogicai i | лицири | ses. Litti ez sy | stem, Itua | | |
| Outcome | | Summarize | the det | ails aho | ut hiolog | ical tools (| and da | tahase | К2 | | |
| Outcome | | Sammanze | the act | | Unit-IV | icai toois t | ina aa | abase. | 112 | | |
| Objective | - 4 | To look at a | hiolog | | | n the comi | outatio | nal aspects | | | |
| Cheminfo | | | duction | | minform | | | | tructure | | |
| | | | | | , | | | D, WDI, Chen | | | |
| - | | • | | - | | | | ture visualiza | | | |
| Outcome | | i | | | | | | iscovery and | 1 | | |
| | | explain the | , | | , | | U | | | | |
| | | | | | Unit-V | | | | | | |
| Objective | - 5 | To find or | ut the | method | ls for a | nalyzing | the ex | pression, str | ucture and | | |
| · | | - | | | - | | | rstand the re | | | |
| | | between or | ganism | :. | - | | | | - | | |
| Medical a | and | Pharmacy | Inform | atics: | Introduc | tion to p | harma | cy informati | cs, Medical | | |
| Transcript | tion, | Role of infor | matics | to enhai | nce the s | ervices pr | ovided | by pharmace | eutical care | | |
| givers. Hed | alth l | Information S | Systems | Archite | cture, H | ealth Data | Mana | gement, Med | ical Coding, | | |
| | | | | | | - | | Pharmacy sy | | | |
| | n, Inj | formatics ap _l | plicatio | ns in ph | armacy, | survey and | l evalu | ation of on-li | ne | | |
| resources. | | | | | | <u> </u> | | | | | |
| Outcome | - 5 | | _ | - | - | - | | and Acquire | _ | | |
| | | knowledge | | the | develop | ment an | d app | olication of | | | |
| | | Bioinformti | CS. | | | | | | | | |

Reference and Text Books:

Lesk, A.M. (2014) "Introduction to Bioinformatics"; Oxford University Press, UK, Fourth edition.

Gretchen Kenney, (2016) "Bioinformatics: Principles and Analysis"; Syrawood Publishing House USA.

Higgins D. and Taylor W. (2000). Bioinformatics. Cary: Oxford University Press, 1st edition, ISBN 13: 9780199637904.

Scott Markel (2003). "Sequence Analysis in a Nutshell – A Guide to Common Tools & Databases"; O'Reilly; 1 edition, ISBN-13: 978-0596004941.

Bergeron B. (2003). Bioinformatics Computing - The Complete Practical Guide to Bioinformatics for Life Scientists, by Prentics- Hall, Inc., New Jersey 07458, USA, 1st

edition, ISBN:81-203-2258-4.

Bourne P. E. Weissig H. (2003). Structural Bioinformatics, published by John Wiley & Sons, Inc., Hoboken, New Jersey, 1st edition, ISBN: 0-471-20200-2.

David Mount, (2004), "Bioinformatics: Sequence and Genome Analysis"; Cold Spring harbor laboratory Press, US Revised Edition.

Ole Lund, Nielsen, M., Lundegaard, C. Kesmir, C. and Brnak, S. (2005) "Immunological Bioinformatics"; The MIT press.

Xiong J. (2006). Essential Bioinformatics. Cambridge: Cambridge University Press, 1st edition, ISBN-13 978-0-511-16815-4.

Jean-Michel, Cand Notredame, C. (2006) "Bioinformatics for Dummies"; John Wiley& Sons, Second Edition.

Kindreas D Batevanis, (2006) "Bioinformatics: A Practical Guide to the Analysis of Gene and Protein"; Wiley Inter Science, Singapore, 3rd Edition.

Andrew R. Leach & Valerie J. Gillet, (2007) "An Introduction to Chemoinformatics"; Springer, Revised Edition.

David Edward, (2007) "Plant Bioinformatics": Methods and Protocol, Humana Press.

Rastogi S. C. Mendiratta N. and Rastogi P. (2008). Bioinformatics Methods and Applications - Genomics, Proteomics and Drug Discovery, published by PHI Learning Private Limited, New Delhi, Third edition, ISBN: 978-81-203-3595-0.

Posada D. (2009). Bioinformatics for DNA sequence analysis. New York: Humana Press, 1st edition, ISBN-13: 978-1588299109

Gopal S. Jones R. Tymann P. and Haake A. (2010). Bioinformatics. Tata McGraw-Hill, 1st edition, ISBN-10: 0073133647

Yang, Z. (2010). Machine learning approaches to bioinformatics. Singapore: World Scientific, 1st edition, ISBN-13: 978-9814287302

Baxevanis, A.D. and Francis Ouellellette, B.F. (2011) "Bioinformatics –a practical guide to the analysis of Genes and Proteins"; John Wiley & Sons, UK, Third Edition.

Hossein G. Gilani, Katia G. Samper, Reza Khodaparast Haghi, (2012) "Chemoinformatics: Advanced Control and Computational Techniques"; Apple Academic Press, First edition.

Peerez-Saanchez, H. (2012). Bioinformatics, Rijeka, Croatia: InTech, 1st edition, ISBN: 980-953-307-202-4

Caroline St Clair, Jonathan E. Visick, (2013) "Exploring Bioinformatics"; Jones and Bartlett Publishers, Inc; 2nd Edition, ISBN-13: 978-1284034240.

Arthur Lesk, (2013) "Introduction to Bioinformatics"; OUP Oxford; 4 Edition, ISBN-13: 978-0199651566.

Kayvan Najarian, Siamak Najarian, Shahriar Gharibzadeh, (2017) "Systems Biology and Bioinformatics: A Computational Approach"; CRC Press; 1 Edition, ISBN-13: 978-1138118034.

Keith J. (2017). Bioinformatics. Totowa, NJ: Humana Press, a part of Springer Science Business Media, LLC, 2nd edition, ISBN 978-1-60327-429-6.

Course desighned by : Dr.P. Boomi

Mapping Course Outcome VS Programme Outcomes

| CO | P01 | P02 | P03 | P04 | P05 | P06 | P07 | P08 | P09 | P010 |
|------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|------|
| CO1 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 1 | - | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| CO2 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 3 | 2 | - | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| CO3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| CO4 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 3 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| CO5 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 2 |
| W.AV | 3 | 3 | 3 | 2.4 | 2.8 | 1.8 | 1.6 | | 1.2 | 1.2 |

S - Strong (3), M-Medium (2), L- Low (1)

Mapping Course Outcome VS Programme Specific Outcomes

| СО | PSO1 | PSO2 | PSO3 | PSO4 | PSO5 |
|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| CO1 | 3 | 3 | - | 3 | 3 |
| CO2 | 3 | 3 | - | 3 | 3 |
| CO3 | 3 | 3 | 1 | 3 | 3 |
| CO4 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 3 | 3 |
| CO5 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 3 | 3 |
| W.AV | 3 | 3 | 1 | 3 | 3 |

S - Strong (3), M-Medium (2), L-Low (1)

Assignment & Seminar - Introduction to Bioinformatics

- 1. Basic commands of Windows, Unix and Linux operating systems
- 2. To learn Sequence Analysis using a known gene/protein
- 3. Database analysis using publicly available datasets.
- 4. To analyze the structure using Cheminformatics tools.
- 5. To practice an example of Pharmacy Informatics.
- 6. Explain the concept of open resources in bioinformatics.
- 7. Write a short note on global and local alignment.
- 8. Describe the salient features and importance of NCBI.
- 9. Give a detailed note on nucleotide sequence databases.
- 10. Explain the applications of Markov chains and Hidden Markov Model to gene analysis.

Molecular Cell Biology and Biochemistry

| Program: M.Sc., | Semester : I (2022 Onwards) |
|--|---|
| Course Title: Molecular Cell Biology and Biochemistry Subject Code: 502102 | Class Time: As per time table |
| Name of Course Teacher | Dr. J. Joseph Sahayarayan |
| Mobile: +91 - 9884495511 | Email: josephj@alagappauniversity.ac.in |

Course Brief:

Biochemistry and Molecular Cell Biology have unique properties that determine how they contribute to the structure and function of cells and participate in the processes necessary to maintain life. Students will come to an understanding of the central dogma of molecular biology: DNA makes RNA, and RNA makes protein. They will learn about how we classify the different amino acids and their bonding form the building blocks of complex proteins. The study of structures and functions of biomolecules that include carbohydrates, lipids, proteins and nucleic acids, which controls and processes the metabolism at cellular levels promoted by specific catalysts, flow of genetic information and gene regulation, DNA technology, role of biomolecules in normal physiological systems with some medical applications. The course includes the molecular and cellular basic functions of life with specific foci on mechanisms that facilitate development of multicellular organisms (growth and heredity, interactions between cells, cell motility and transport and cell specialization). The part is built around human development from germ cells to an embryo and gives an introduction to the most important functions of the cell and its structures, embryology and the molecular mechanism of the developmental biology. The part includes elementary gene regulation with an emphasis on eukaryotes and molecular biological methods to study gene regulation. Usage of bioinformatics tools to study complex regulatory relationships and clinical genetics with an emphasis on human hereditary diseases. The part gives an overview of the latest methods that are used in medical research. The course is completed with an integrating project where the contents from the parts Biochemistry, Cell biology and Molecular biology and genetics are examined summationally.

Teaching Methods: The mode of teaching of delivering the courses are as follows through these below mentioned methodologies:

- Delivering the lectures in the form of presentation using advanced technologies devices such as smart board.
- Video-conferencing for lectures that will be sought from experts belonging to overseas reputed institutions

• Case-studies and Review questions

Attendance: Having good attendance record marks the student's sincerity and has an overall positive impact on his/her personality trait development. The students are asked to attend the classes on a regular note and those having a minimum scale of 70-75% attendance are eligible to take up the end-semester examinations as per the University norms.

Punctuality: It is the most important attribute to be followed and maintained by the student throughout his/her life which for sure will lead to the path of success. Students who arrive late by 10mins after the attendance will be marked absent unless there is a valid reason (medical/personal emergency) at the discretion of the Head of the Department.

Class Participation: A student's overall growth and personality development is based on his/her involvement in the class not just by mere presence but rather being interactive through questioning that will lead to propagation of ideas, initiation of thought-provoking process and much more that will provide a wholesome enriched classroom experience. Therefore, students are advised to be more attentive so that they learn from one another and develop quality-based knowledge.

Submission of Assignment: Assignments are given to students with just one motive to get more quantitative and qualitative knowledge insights into the assigned topic/chapter that will lead to preparation and completion of the assignment in a constructive manner here just the knowledge provided is not merely counted but also completion prior to proposed deadline will also have a check on the student's serious consideration of the assignments.

Presentation of Seminar: Apart from the assignments the concerned instructors also allocate the students with a topic or based on their interests to present seminar that will aid them built their confidence levels, command over English language to communicate with precision and fluently. In addition, the fellow students are encouraged to pose questions that will instigate interest and provide update in that particular topic besides the information presented helping them to prepare for their examinations that can be taken as added advantage for the students.

Preparedness: At the end of every class, the concerned instructor tells the students what will be taken in the next class using these details the students should be aware of the topics that will be covered in the upcoming lectures which actually enhance the student's capability to grasp the knowledge and concepts provided much efficiently.

Academic Dishonesty: This is an important aspect that every student should be aware of. Thus, the respective faculty members educate the students of possible means of academic

malpractices (plagiarism, violation of copyrights and stealing the patented knowledge) and the following consequences that will make them more vigilant in their academic career.

Subject to change clause: Based on the requirement of student's feasibility and meeting the competitive demands of the discipline the syllabus courses will be re-structured and updated accordingly at the discretion of the Professor(s) and Board of studies chairman.

Important dates: *Please note down the important dates and stick to the schedule:*

| CIA Test I | CIA Test II | Assignment | Seminar |
|-------------|---------------|------------|----------|
| As per Acad | emic Calendar | After CI | A Test-I |

Course Outline: Molecular Cell Biology and Biochemistry

The physiological activities in all the living organisms' viz. movement, growth, respiration, digestion, excretion, respiration and response to stimuli are performed by the cells. The Cell is basic unit of structure and function in living system. The structural organization and functions of the cells are uniquely maintained by four major biomolecules namely carbohydrates, lipids, proteins and nucleic acids. The course encompasses the study of cell, cell organelles and deals with detail study of definition, classification, structure and cellular functions of its biomolecules carbohydrates, lipids, proteins and nucleic acids. The overall perspective will be the biomolecules their characteristic properties and organization in carrying out all the living functions which constitute the life.

Carbohydrates:

- 1. Identify their chemical elements and the difference between simple sugars and complex carbohydrates.
- 2. On the food labels, what do sugar or sugar alcohol and fiber refer to?
- 3. Compare and contrast the structure and function of the following carbohydrates and where they are found: glucose, glycogen, starch, cellulose and chitin.

Proteins:

- 1. Identify their chemical elements and functional groups.
- 2. Recognize the structure of an amino acid and the peptide bond that connects di-, tri and polypeptides.
- 3. Recognize the presence of 20 amino acids and that not all are essential amino acids.
- 4. Summarize the function of proteins and recognize the importance of the three dimensional shape of a protein on its function and the role of non-covalent bonds in maintaining the shape of a protein.
- 5. Explain protein denaturation and the effect of heat on protein structure and function.

Lipids:

- 1. Identify their chemical elements and learn their property of insolubility in water.
- 2. Identify the three groups of lipids.
- 3. Compare and contrast saturated, mono-unsaturated and poly-unsaturated fatty acids.
- 4. Explain the importance of poly-unsaturated fatty acids and why omega-3 and omega-6 fatty acids are considered essential.
- 5. List the sources of polyunsaturated fatty acids.

Nucleic Acids:

- 1. Identify their chemical elements and components of a nucleotide.
- 2. Describe the function of DNA.
- 3. Compare and contrast the 2 types of nucleic acids: DNA and RNA.

Enzymes:

- 1. Interpret steady-state and pre-steady state kinetic parameters of enzymatic reactions.
- 2. Bring together structural and kinetic information relevant to a specific reaction to propose a mechanistic model of enzyme catalysis.
- 3. Describe the characteristics of biological membranes and outline broad themes surrounding membrane channels and pumps.

More books for Reading and Referencing:

Biomolecules: (Introduction, Structure & Function) Carbohydrates by Suman Khowala, Deepak Verma, Samudra P. Banik (2008)

Biomedical Chemistry: Current Trends and Developments by Nuno Vale - De Gruyter Open Ltd , 2016 (ISBN: 13: 9783110468748)

RNA Interference by Ibrokhim Y. Abdurakhmonov (ed.) – InTech, 2016 (ISBN: 978-953-51-2272-2)

Molecular Cell Biology and Biochemistry

| Core | Course Code 502102 | Molecular Cell Biology and Biochemistry | T/P | Credits:5 | Hours: 5 | | | |
|---------------|-----------------------|--|-----------|-----------------|---------------|--|--|--|
| | Unit - I | | | | | | | |
| Objective - 1 | To describe the | e basic structure and function of | f prokary | votic and eukar | ryotic cells. | | | |

Cellular Components and their functions: Basic aspects of Prokaryotic and eukaryotic cells (plant and animal cells). Dynamics of the eukaryotic cell- Molecules of life- Cellular evolution assembly of macromolecules and Origin of life- integrated structural organization of prokaryotic and eukaryotic cells- Concept of a composite cell and Molecular composition of cells. Biomembranes- Structural organization- Models of a plasma membrane, Membrane permeability- Transport across cell membranes- Transmembrane signals- Artificial membranes-liposome. Prokaryotic and Eukaryotic genome organization and structure, mechanisms of gene expression in Prokaryotes and Eukaryotes, factors involved in gene regulation.

| Outcome - 1 | Understand the structure, function, and dynamics of cellular | K2 | | | | | |
|---|--|------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| | components in prokaryotic and eukaryotic cells. | | | | | | |
| | Unit – II | | | | | | |
| Objective - 2 | Objective - 2 To discuss the cell cycle and the processes of mitosis and meiosis. | | | | | | |
| Cell cycle and | cell division: Cell cycle - Different stages of mitosis – significance of i | neiosis | | | | | |
| | d condensins in chromosome segregation, Microtubules in spindle o | | | | | | |
| Structure of k | inetoshore, centrosomes and its functions, Components in cell cycle | control - | | | | | |
| Cyclin, CDKs, (| Check points in cell cycle, phase dependent cyclic CDK complexes Cell | cycle | | | | | |
| and its regulat | ion, events during mitosis and meiosis. | | | | | | |
| Outcome - 2 | Know the aspects of the cell cycle, cell division, and the | K2 | | | | | |
| | molecular mechanisms involved in these processes. | | | | | | |
| | Unit – III | | | | | | |
| Objective -3 | To classify and describe the structure and function of biomolecules | including | | | | | |
| | proteins, carbohydrates, lipids, nucleic acids and vitamins. | Ü | | | | | |
| Structure, Fu | unctions and Classifications of Biomolecules: Classification, p. | roperties, | | | | | |
| | anization of proteins - Primary, secondary, tertiary and quaternary st | _ | | | | | |
| forces stabiliz | ing the structure. Carbohydrates: Introduction and general classific | cation of | | | | | |
| | . Structures, properties and biological functions of monosac | | | | | | |
| | structure and properties of lipids. Introduction, structure of nitrogenou | | | | | | |
| purines and | pyrimidines, nucleosides, nucleotides, formation of phosphodieste | r bonds. | | | | | |
| | es, properties, functions of DNA and RNA. Introduction, structures, | | | | | | |
| | functions, deficiency diseases of fat soluble and water soluble vitamins. | | | | | | |
| Outcome - 3 | Gain knowledge of the structure, function, and classification of | 17.4 | | | | | |
| | biomolecules, including proteins, carbohydrates, lipids, and nucleic | K4 | | | | | |
| | acids. | | | | | | |
| | Unit – IV | | | | | | |
| Objective - 4 | To explain the basic concepts of genes, mutations and recombinant l | DNA | | | | | |
| | technology. | | | | | | |
| _ | Gene and Mutations: Basic concepts of replication, Regulation of tro | | | | | | |
| - | tional modifications, processing of DNA, RNA and proteins methods for | | | | | | |
| | on and regulatory sequences, Recombinant DNA technology, overex | | | | | | |
| | of genome alterations: Recombination, mutation, inversion, du | • | | | | | |
| | Extra chromosomal inheritance: Inheritance of mitochondrial and ch | | | | | | |
| 1 | genes, maternal inheritance. Concepts of gene: Allele, multiple alleles, pseudo allele, | | | | | | |
| _ | complementation tests. Mendelian principles: Inheritance, sex linked inheritance, Dominance, | | | | | | |
| | ndependent assortment. Extensions of Mendelian principles: Codo | типипсе, | | | | | |
| • | minance, gene interactions. Gene mapping | hu ucina | | | | | |
| methods: Linkage maps, tetrad analysis, mapping with molecular markers, mapping by using somatic cell hybrids, development of mapping population in plants. | | | | | | | |
| Outcome - 4 | Understand the concepts of gene expression, regulation, and | | | | | | |
| Jucome - T | mutation, as well as the principles of Mendelian inheritance and | К3 | | | | | |
| | gene mapping methods. | _ | | | | | |
| | gone mapping medicals | | | | | | |

Objective - 5 To describe the properties of cancer cells and the roles of oncogenes and tumor suppressor genes in carcinogenesis.

Oncogenetics: Properties of malignant cells, Types of genes - Proto oncogenes, Oncogenes, Cellular oncogenes, Tumor Suppressor genes, Chromosomal abnormalities associated with the specific malignancies- APL, CML & Retinoblastoma.

Outcome - 5 Describe about oncogenetics, the properties of malignant cells, and the genetic basis of specific malignancies.

Text and Reference Books:

Nelson, DL., Cox, MM. (2004). Lehninger's Principle of Biochemistry. Freeman, 4th ed.

Murray, RK., Granner, DK., Mayes, PA., Rodwell, VW., (2006). Harper's Biochemistry. McGraw Hill, 27th ed.

De Robertis EDD., De Robertis EMF., Cell & Molecular Biology. waverly publication.

Alberts, B., Bray, D., Lews, J., Raff, M., Roberts, K., Watson, JD. (1991). Molecular Biology of the cell. Garland publishers, Oxford 3rd edn.

Voet, D., Voet, J., (2010). Biochemistry Part III, "Biomolecules - Mechanisms of Enzyme Action and Metabolism" John Wiley & Sons, INC, 4th Edition.

Berg Jermy, M., Tymoczko John, L., Gatto Gregory, J., Stryer Lubert, JR. (2015). "Biochemisty" Macmillan Learning, Bedford Freeman & Worth Publishing Group, 8th Edition.

A.L. Lehninger. (2017). "Principles of Biochemistry"; W.H. Freeman and Company, 7th edition. Russel, PJ. (2010) "iGenetics – A Molecular Approach"; Pearson Educational Limited, 3rd Edition. Alberts, B. (2014) "The Molecular Biology of The Cell"; Garland Science Publisher, 6th Edition. Lewin, B. (2017) "Genes XII"; Jones and Bartlett Learning.

Alberts, B. Bray, D, lewis, J, Raff, M. Roberts, K, Hopkin, K, Johnson, A. (2014). "Essential Cell Biology"; Garland Science Publisher, 4th Edition.

Berg Jermy, M, Tymoczko John, L, Gatto Gregory, J, Stryer Lubert, JR. (2015) "Biochemisty"; Macmillan Learning, Bedford Freeman & Worth Publishing Group, 8th Edition.

Watson, J.D, Levine, M. Losick, R. Gann, A, Bell, S P. (2013). "Molecular Biology of the Gene; Pearson Educational Limited,m", 7th Edition.

Lodish, H. (2016) "Molecular Cell Biology"; W.H Freeman Publisher, 8th Edition.

Cooper, G.M. Hausman, R.E. (2015) "The Cell: A Molecular Approach; Oxford University Press", 7th Edition.

Karp, G, Marshell, W, Twasa, J. (2015) "Cell and Molecular Biology –Concepts and Experiments"; John Wiley & Sons, New York, 8th Edition.

De Roberties, E.D.P. De Roberties, E.M.F. (2010) "Cell and Molecular Biology", Lippincott Williams & Wilkins, 8th Edition.

Course designed by: Dr. J. Joseph Sahayarayan

Mapping Course Outcome VS Programme Outcomes

| | F | P8 - ' | | | | 8 | | | | |
|------|-----|--------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|------|
| СО | P01 | P02 | P03 | P04 | P05 | P06 | P07 | P08 | P09 | PO10 |
| CO1 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 3 | • | 3 | 2 | 2 |
| CO2 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 1 | 1 | 3 | • | 3 | 2 | 2 |
| CO3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 3 | 2 | 3 |
| CO4 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| CO5 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| W.AV | 3 | 3 | 3 | 2.2 | 2.2 | 3 | 1.2 | 3 | 2.4 | 2.6 |

S-Strong (3), M-Medium (2), L-Low (1)

Mapping Course Outcome VS Programme Specific Outcomes

| СО | PSO1 | PSO2 | PSO3 | PSO4 | PSO5 |
|------------|------|------|------|------|------|
| CO1 | 2 | 2 | - | 2 | 3 |
| CO2 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 3 |
| CO3 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 3 |
| CO4 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 3 |
| CO5 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 2 | 3 |
| W.AV | 2 | 1.6 | 1 | 1.6 | 3 |

S - Strong (3), M-Medium (2), L-Low (1)

Assignment & Seminar - Biochemistry and Molecular Cell Biology

- 1. Composition of living matter.
- 2. Biomembrane organization and function.
- 3. Structure, diversity and function of nucleic acids.
- 4. Lipoprotein structure, properties and function.
- 5. Structure and properties of storage and membrane lipids.
- 6. General principles of enzyme catalysis
- 7. Regulatory steps in metabolic regulation.
- 8. Glycolytic pathway.
- 9. Kreb's cycle.
- 10. Basic principles of Bioenergetics

Mathematics and Statistics for Biologists

| Program: M.Sc., | Semester: I (2022 Onwards) |
|--|--|
| Course Title and Code: Mathematics and | Class Time: As per Time Table |
| Statistics for Biologists | |
| Subject Code: 502103 | |
| Name of the Course Teacher | Prof. J. Jeyakanthan |
| | Dr. M. Karthikeyan |
| Mobile: +91 - 97898 09245 | Email: jjeyakanthan@alagappauniversity.ac.in |
| +91 - 9486981874 | karthikeyanm@alagappauniversity.ac.in |

Course Brief:

Advances in mathematical methods and techniques in Bioinformatics have been growing rapidly. Mathematics has a vital role in describing the complexities of biological processes and structures. Mathematical analyses in the depiction of molecular structures of Biological systems have essential meaning for Bioinformatics, Biomathematics and Biotechnology. Mathematics is used to elucidate trends, patterns,

connections and relationships in a quantitative manner that can lead to important discoveries in biology. This syllabus is committed to bring a closer connection and better integration between mathematical methods and biological codes, sequences, structures, networks and systems biology. It is intended for graduate students and researchers who want an overview of the field and information about the possibilities and challenges presented at the interface between mathematics and bioinformatics. At the end of the course, the student will gain valuable knowledge about mathematical methods and tools, phenomenological results and interdisciplinary connections in the fields of Molecular Genetics, Bioinformatics, and Informatics. Biostatistics represents an introduction and provides a series of methodologies to analyze and handle different data and types. Specific topics include tools for describing central tendency and variability in data; methods for performing inference on population means and proportions via sampling the data; statistical hypothesis testing and its application to group comparisons; issues of power and sample size in study designs; and random sample and other study types. While there are some formulae and computational elements to the course, the emphasis is on interpretation and concepts. R programming represents as a promising tool for the statistic application in biology. It helps to analyze the basic statistics such as correlation, probability distributions, co-variance, T-test and ANOVA using R-programming.

Teaching Methods: The mode of teaching of delivering the courses are as follows through these below mentioned methodologies:

- Delivering the lectures in the form of presentation using advanced technologies devices such as smart board.
- Solving complex equations using real time solving approaches that are associated with biological problems such as probability and statistics.
- Video-conferencing for lectures that will be sought from experts belonging to overseas reputed institutions
- Case-studies and Review questions

Attendance: Having good attendance record marks the student's sincerity and has an overall positive impact on his/her personality trait development. The students are asked to attend the classes on a regular note and those having a minimum scale of 70-75% attendance are eligible to take up the end-semester examinations as per the University norms.

Punctuality: It is the most important attribute to be followed and maintained by the student throughout his/her life which for sure will lead to the path of success. Students

who arrive late by 10mins after the attendance will be marked absent unless there is a valid reason (medical/ personal emergency) at the discretion of the Head of the Department.

Class Participation: A student's overall growth and personality development is based on his/her involvement in the class not just by mere presence but rather being interactive through questioning that will lead to propagation of ideas, initiation of thought-provoking process and much more that will provide a wholesome enriched classroom experience. Therefore, students are advised to be more attentive so that they learn from one another and develop quality-based knowledge.

Submission of Assignment: Assignments are given to students with just one motive to get more quantitative and qualitative knowledge insights into the assigned topic/chapter that will lead to preparation and completion of the assignment in a constructive manner here just the knowledge provided is not merely counted but also completion prior to proposed deadline will also have a check on the student's serious consideration of the assignments.

Presentation of Seminar: Apart from the assignments the concerned instructors also allocate the students with a topic or based on their interests to present seminar that will aid them built their confidence levels, command over English language to communicate with precision and fluently. In addition, the fellow students are encouraged to pose questions that will instigate interest and provide update in that particular topic besides the information presented helping them to prepare for their examinations that can be taken as added advantage for the students.

Preparedness: At the end of every class, the concerned instructor tells the students what will be taken in the next class using these details the students should be aware of the topics that will be covered in the upcoming lectures which actually enhance the student's capability to grasp the knowledge and concepts provided much efficiently.

Academic Dishonesty: This is an important aspect that every student should be aware of. Thus, the respective faculty members educate the students of possible means of academic malpractices (plagiarism, violation of copyrights and stealing the patented knowledge) and the following consequences that will make them more vigilant in their academic career.

Subject to change clause: Based on the requirement of student's feasibility and meeting the competitive demands of the discipline the syllabus courses will be re-structured and updated accordingly at the discretion of the Professor(s) and Board of studies chairman.

Important dates: Please note down the important dates and stick to the schedule

| CIA Test I | CIA Test II | Assignment | Seminar |
|-------------|---------------|------------|----------|
| As per Acad | emic Calendar | After CI | A Test I |

Course Outline: Core: Mathematics and Statistics for Biologists (5 Credits)

- On completion of this course students will be able to follow the mathematical demonstrations and proofs used in Mathematics and Biostatistics, and to understand the mathematics behind statistical methods introduced at PG level.
- The intention is to allow students to concentrate on statistical concepts in subsequent courses, with an understanding of the mathematics employed.
- Content includes: exponential functions; vector algebra; calculus; integrals and differentiation; series, limits, approximations and expansions; matrices and determinants and numerical methods.
- Set theory and Probability: Addition law of probability, Conditional probability, Central limit theorem and Bayes theorem.
- R-Programming for Biostatistics: Basic statistics in R, probability distribution, correlation, ANOVA and student's t-test.

More books for Reading and Referencing

Matrix Methods and Differential Equations - A Practical Introduction

Wynand S. Verwoerd; 2012 (ISBN: 978-87-403-0251-6)

Essentials of Statistics: Exercises

David Brink; 2010 (ISBN: 978-87-7681-409-0)

A First Course in Ordinary Differential Equations

Norbert Euler; 2015 (ISBN: 978-87-403-1045-0)

An introduction to partial differential equations

R.S. Johnson; 2012 (ISBN: 978-87-7681-969-9)

Statistical methods in the Biological and Health Sciences"; Third Edition, McGraw Hill

Publishers. Milton, J.S.; 1998 (ISBN:978-00-7290-148-1)

Mathematics and Statistics for Biologists

| | Semester- II | | | | | | | |
|---|--------------|--|---|-----|------------|---------|--|--|
| Core | | ourse Code: 02205 | Molecular Biology and Biochemical Techniques | T/P | Credits: 3 | Hours:6 | | |
| | Unit - I | | | | | | | |
| Objective - | 1 | Carryout various types of practical laboratory work (chemical, biochemical and | | | | | | |
| molecular genetics) in a safe way by means of oral and written labor instructions and be able to analyze, interpret and present the results with theory | | | | | | | | |
| | | background inform | ns of different laboratory reports. | | | | | |

Approaches to Biochemical Techniques: Bio-safety rules and regulations and Good Laboratory Practice (GLP), Material safety Data sheets (MSDS). Preparation of Reagents, buffers, pH Analysis, Various Centrifugation methods, Quality and Quantity analysis of nucleic acids by Spectrophotometer, Bio Photometer, nanodrop. Quantification of Proteins by Lowry's and Bradford's methods. Outcome - 1 Remember the principles of good laboratory practices and basics of **K1** biochemical techniques Unit - II Objective - 2 Data interpretation, including standard curve interpolation (graphing) and determining molecular weight of an unknown protein or genotype. **Isolation and Separation Techniques:** Cell culture, Isolation and Separation of Genomic DNA from plants/human/microorganisms: Plasmids isolation from microorganisms: RNA from cells: Agarose Gel Electrophoresis; Isolation, separation and analysis of Proteins by Native-PAGE and SDS-PAGE. **Outcome - 2** *Understand the process of DNA isolation and separation techniques* **K2** Unit - III **Objective - 3** Genetic engineering in microorganisms (e.g., bacteria, yeast). DNA analysis, including DNA extraction, use of restriction enzymes. Amplification of Genes and Molecular Markers: Gene amplification and Screening techniques: Primer Design, PCR; Real time PCR (RTqPCR)/analysis, Blotting techniques: Southern, Northern and Western Blots; Bio Probe (Demonstration) and Radioactive probe (Theory). Molecular Markers by RFLP, AFLP, RAPD methods (Demo). Outcome - 3 **K**3 Acquire the knowledge of gene amplification and blotting methods Unit - IV Objective - 4 Students will acquire a knowledge about various chromatographic techniques. Chromatography Techniques: Chromatography: Partition Chromatography, Ion Exchange Chromatography, Gel filtration Chromatography, Affinity Chromatography, HPLC and FPLC (Demonstration). Separation of amino acids/compounds by Paper Chromatography, Thin Layer Chromatography. principles Analyze the basic and significance of Outcome - 4 **K4** chromatography and its types Unit - V Microscopy procedures and identification of cellular components. Objective -5 Microscopes and immune techniques: Microscopes and immune techniques: Visualization of cells and subcellular components by light microscopy, resolving powers of different microscopes, microscopy of living cells, scanning and transmission microscopes. Antigen and Antibody preparation, immune precipitation, Immuno histochemistry, ELISA & its applications, Flowcytometry and Immunofluorescence microscopy, Confocal microscopy and FISH (Theory). Outcome - 5 **K5** Evaluate the antigen-antibody interactions through immune techniques and microscopic analysis Reference and Text Books: John M.Walker and Ralph Rapley, (2002) "Molecular Biology and Biotechnology";

University of Hertfordshire, Hatfield, UK, Fourth Edition

Bansal,M.P.(2013)"MolecularBiologyandBiotechnology":BasicExperimentalProtocols, NewDelhi:TERI.

R.H.Burdon, P.H. Van Knippenberg, (1990) "Laboratory techniques in Biochemistry and Molecular biology"; Elsevier Amsterdam. New York. Oxford, Second Edition, volume 8.

Rodney and Royer, (2004) ``Modern Experimental Biochemistry''; Pearsoned ucation, India.

Hans-WalterHeldt,(2004) "PlantBiochemistry"; ElsevierAcademicPress, Thirdedition.

James M. Miller, (2005) "Chromatography: Concepts and Contrasts"; Wiley-Interscience, Second Edition.

Richard I. Gumport, Jeremy M. Berg, Nancy Counts Gerber, (2006) "Biochemistry-AStudent Companion"; I.K. International Pvt, Ltd. Sixthedition.

Eisenthal, R. and Danson, M.J. (2006) "Enzymeassays"; Oxford University Press.

DonaldVoet, JudithG. Voet, (2010) "Biochemistry"; John Wiley & Sons Inc; 4th Edition.

KeithWilson, John Walker, (2010) "Principles and Techniques of Biochemistry and Molecular Biology"; Cambridge University Press; 7 Edition.

MichaelR.Green, Joseph Sambrook, (2012) "Molecular cloning: alaboratory manual"; Cold Spring Harbor, N.Y.: Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory Press, 4th Edition.

Michael M. Cox, Michael O'Donnell, Jennifer Duodena, (2015) "Molecular Biology: Principles and Practice Hardcover"; WH Freeman; 1st Edition.

DavidL.Nelson,Michael,(2017)"LehningerPrinciplesofBiochemistry:InternationalEdition,W HFreeman, 7thEdition, ISBN:9781319108243,1319108245.

Sambrook, J., Fritsch, E., & Maniatis, T. (2012). Molecular cloning (5thed.). Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory Press.

Wilson, K., & Walker, J. (2007). Principles and techniques of biochemistry and molecular biology (5^{th} ed.). Cambridge: Cambridge University Press.

Online Resources:

- 1. https://link.springer.com/book/10.1007/978-3-642-56968-5
- 2. https://link.springer.com/book/10.1007/978-94-010-9363-7

Course designed by: Dr. M. Karthikeyan

Mapping Course Outcome Vs Program Outcomes

| CO | P01 | P02 | P03 | P04 | P05 | P06 | P07 | P08 | P09 | P010 |
|------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|------|
| CO1 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 2 |
| CO2 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 3 | 2 | 3 |
| CO3 | 3 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 3 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 2 |
| CO4 | 3 | 2 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 3 |
| CO5 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 2 |
| W. AV | 3 | 2.6 | 2.6 | 2.4 | 2.2 | 2.8 | 2.2 | 2.4 | 1.6 | 2.4 |

S-Strong (3), M-Medium (2), L-Low (1)

Mapping Course Outcome Vs Program Specific outcomes

| | PSO1 | PSO2 | PSO3 | PSO4 | PSO5 |
|------------|------|------|------|------|------|
| CO | | | | | |
| CO1 | 1 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 2 |
| CO2 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 1 |
| CO3 | 3 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 1 |
| CO4 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 3 | 2 |
| CO5 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 1 |
| W. AV | 1.8 | 2.2 | 2.2 | 2.2 | 1.4 |

S-Strong (3), M-Medium (2), L-Low (1)

Assignment & Seminar - Mathematics and Statistics for Biologists

- 1. Solving Problems based on the exercises in Vector Algebra, Matrices and Determinants, Integral calculus Differential Calculus and Trigonometry.
- 2. Computational exercises using SAS packages and R programming.
- 3. To find the angle between vectors using scalar and vector products.
- 4. Describe the equations using vector expressions.
- 5. Students't' test and De Morgan's' Law.
- 6. Measures of central tendency.
- 7. Explain the principle, purpose and method of sampling?
- 8. Write short note on analysis of variance (ANOVA).
- 9. Differentiate between Regression and Correlation with suitable examples.
- 10. Power analyzes for sample size determination

Lab-I Database Management System and MYSQL

| Program: M.Sc., Bioinformatics | Semester : I (2022 Onwards) |
|---|-----------------------------|
| Course Title: Lab-I Database Management System and MYSQL Subject Code: 502104 | Class Time: As per time |
| Name of Course Teacher | Dr. RM. Vidhyavathi |
| Mobile: +91 - 9444835869 | Email: vidhyamiss@gmail.com |

Course Brief

The primary goal of this course is to learn principles and practices of database management and database design. Applications development using database programming techniques emphasizing database structures, modeling, and database access. It includes representing information with the relational database model, manipulating data with an interactive query language (SQL) and database programming, database development including internet applications, and database security, integrity and privacy issues.

MySQL is one of the most popular RDBMS used today and a solid understanding of SQL is critical if the students want to have a successful career in web development. In this class is intended for analysts, developers, designers, administrators, and managers new to the SQL programming language. Upon completion, students will understand SQL functions, join techniques, database objects and be able to write queries and stored procedures.

Teaching methods

The teaching includes lectures, discussions, demonstrations, concept maps and models, self-study and question times and an integrating project work. The project work is in-depth studies in groups with an emphasis on own work and literature studies. The course is completed with a written final examination.

Attendance: Having good attendance record marks the student's sincerity and has an overall positive impact on his/her personality trait development. The students are asked to attend the classes on a regular note and those having a minimum scale of 70-75% attendance are eligible to take up the end-semester examinations as per the University norms.

Punctuality: It is the most important attribute to be followed and maintained by the student throughout his/her life which for sure will lead to the path of success. Students who arrive late by 10mins after the attendance has been taken will be marked absent unless there is a valid reason (medical/ personal emergency) at the discretion of the Head of the Department.

Class Participation: A student's overall growth and personality development is based on his/her involvement in the class not just by mere presence but rather being interactive through questioning that will lead to propagation of ideas, initiation of thought-provoking process and much more that will provide a wholesome enriched classroom experience. Therefore, students are advised to be more attentive so that they learn from one another and develop quality-based knowledge.

Submission of Assignment: Assignments are given to students with just one motive to get more quantitative and qualitative knowledge insights into the assigned topic/chapter that will lead to preparation and completion of the assignment in a constructive manner here just the knowledge provided is not merely counted but also completion prior to proposed deadline will also have a check on the student's serious consideration of the assignments.

Presentation of Seminar: Apart from the assignments the concerned instructors also allocate the students with a topic or based on their interests to present seminar that will aid them built their confidence levels, command over English language to communicate with precision and fluently. In addition, the fellow students are encouraged to pose questions that will instigate interest and provide update in that particular topic besides the information presented helping them to prepare for their examinations that can be taken as added advantage for the students.

Preparedness: At the end of every class, the concerned instructor tells the students what will be taken in the next class using these details the students should be aware of the topics that will be covered in the upcoming lectures which actually enhance the student's capability to grasp the knowledge and concepts provided much efficiently.

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Subject to change clause: Based on the requirement of student's feasibility and meeting the competitive demands of the discipline the syllabus courses will be re-structured and updated accordingly at the discretion of the Professor(s) and Board of studies chairman.

Important dates: Please note down the important dates and stick to the schedule

| CIA Test I | CIA Test II | Assignment | Seminar |
|-------------|---------------|------------|----------|
| As per Acad | emic Calendar | After CI | A Test-I |

Course Outline: Database Management System and MYSQL

On completion of this course students will be able to acquire knowledge about

- Database Fundamentals and three levels of Database architectures.
- Install, configure, and interact with a relational database management system and MySQL.
- Utilize a database modeling technique for a single entity class.
- Implement the principles and concepts of information integrity, security and confidentiality.
- Normalization Theory: Functional dependencies, 2NF, 3NF, BCNF, 4NF, 5NF.
- Transactions, Concurrency, And Recovery: Transaction basics; Concurrency basics; Recovery basics; Shading in Mongo.
- Apply ethical computing concepts and practices to database design and implementation.
- Demonstrate the functions of MySQL. Use SQL to update an existing and create a table in the database.
- Database maintenance: Backing Up and Restoring MySQL Databases.

- Crash Recovery, MySQL Options File and Configuring and Tuning the MySQL Server.
- DBMS Data Security, Recovery, and Support and Database Administration.

More books for Reading and Referencing

Fundamentals of Database Systems: Ramez Elmasri & Shamkant B. Navathen, Pearson Education, 2016 .ISBN: 013-3970779.

High Performance MySQL: Optimization, Backups, and Replication, Baron Schwartz, Peter Zaitsev, Vadim Tkachenko, O'Reilly Media, Inc,2012. ISBN: 1449332498, 9781449332495

Concepts of Database Management System: <u>Naik</u>, Pearson Education India, 2013. ISBN - **10**: 9332526281, ISBN **-13**: 978-9332526280

Database Driven Web Development with Perl & MySQL, By Thomas Valentine, 2016 ISBN: 1484205154, 9781484205150.

Database Management System and MYSQL

| | | | Semeste | er-I | | | | | |
|------------|--|---------------------|---|------------------|-----------|---------------|-------------|--|--|
| Core | Cou | rse | Lab-I -Databas | ie . | T/P | Credits:4 | Hours:8 | | |
| | Code: | | Management | System | ' | | | | |
| | 502 | 104 | and MYSQL | - | | | | | |
| | | | UNIT | I | | | | | |
| Objectiv | e -1 | To provide a | sound introdu | iction to th | ne dis | cipline of do | atabase | | |
| | | management as a | a subject in its o | wn right, rathe | er than | as a comp | endium of | | |
| | | techniques and pr | oduct-specific too | ls. | | | | | |
| Introdu | ction | to DBMS: Intro | duction to Data | bases, DBMS I | Definitio | on, Charact | eristics of | | |
| DBMS, A | pplice | ation and advanta | ges of DBMS, Inst | ances, Schemas | and D | atabase Sta | ites, Three | | |
| | | hitecture, Data Ind | | S languages, D | ata Did | ctionary, | | | |
| Databas | e Usei | rs, Data Administro | ators. | | | | | | |
| Outcome | - 1 | Understand the | Understand the services provided by a Database Management K2 | | | | | | |
| | System. Database Administrators, Database Application | | | | | | | | |
| | Developers, Database Specialists, and DBMS developers. | | | | | | | | |
| | | | UNIT 1 | I | | | | | |
| Objectiv | e -2 | To give a good for | rmal foundation d | on the relationa | l modei | of data. | | | |
| Data Mo | odels | in DBMS: Entity F | Relationship Mode | l, Entity Types, | Entity S | Sets, Attribu | tes and its | | |
| types, K | eys, E | -R Diagram, Data | Integrity RDBM | S -Concept, Co | ompone | ents and Co | dd's rules. | | |
| Relation | nal D | atabase Model: I | Logical view of d | ata, keys, integ | rity rui | les, Relation | al | | |
| Databas | e De | sign: features of | good relationa | ıl database d | esign, | atomic dor | nain and | | |
| Normali | zatioi | n (1NF, 2NF, 3NF, 1 | BCNF). | | | | | | |
| Outcome | - 2 | Identify the meth | nodology of conce | ptual modeling | throug | gh Entity | K4 | | |
| | | Relationship mod | del. | | | | | | |
| | | | UNIT I | II | | <u> </u> | <u> </u> | | |
| Objective | e -3 | To present SQL a | nd procedural int | erfaces to SQL | compre | hensively. | | | |
| Open S | ource | Database Softw | are: Features of | MySQL data t | ypes: N | lumeric, dat | te & time, | | |
| string, T | <i>[able]</i> | creation in MySQ | L: insert, delete, | update, select, | where | clause, ord | lering the | | |
| result, li | ke op | erator Selecting M | ultiple tables: usi | ng join, using q | ueries | Modifying r | ecords: | | |

| • | nand, replace command, delete command date & time function | |
|---------------|---|-----------|
| | ced Concepts in Database Management System- Object-based Databa | ise |
| | ct Oriented DBMS (OODBMS)-Object Relational DBMS (ORDBMS) | |
| Outcome - | Develop an understanding of the differences between OODBMS, | K5 |
| 3 | ORDBMS and RDBMS and the practical implications of each | |
| | approach | |
| | UNIT IV | |
| Objective -4 | To present the concepts and techniques relating to query processing b | by SQL |
| | engines. | |
| | to MySQL: Basic Linux commands, About Linux, Linux Command, Co | |
| | ing MySQL: MySQL Installation, Windows Installation, Linux RPM Inst | |
| _ | Installation, Source Installation, Starting and stopping MySQL: Four | |
| | tart MySQL in Linux, MySQL Stopping, Basic MySQL Queries: DML Qu | |
| • | TCL Queries, Types of Joins, Unions, Various logs in MySQL and its uses | : MySQL |
| | og, Query Log, Slow Query Log, Binlog and its format, Relay Log. | |
| Outcome - | Examine the use of indexing and hashing technique used in Database | K4 |
| 4 | design. | |
| | UNIT V | |
| Objective -5 | Create applications using MYSQL Admin Commands | |
| Mysql Admii | n Commands: MySQL Admin Commands, Workbench MySQL, Locking ir | n MySQL: |
| Locking in My | SQL, Internal Locking, Table level Locking, Row level Locking, External | Locking, |
| | lySQL client Programs, MySQL Table maintenance: Table Maintenance, | - |
| | p Table, Check Table, Checksum Table, Optimize Table, Repair Table, | Restore |
| | g Tablespace, Information Schema and Performance | |
| - | GQL Information schema, Tables in Information schema, MySQL Perfo | ormance |
| schema. | | |
| | Examine the use of indexing and hashing technique used in Database | К6 |
| | design | |
| Text/Referen | | |
| | atz, A., Korth, H.F. and Sudarshan, S. (2010) "Database system Concepts" | , |
| | Hill Publishers, Fourth Edition. | |
| | Vikram, (2017) "MySQL(TM): The Complete Reference", Tata McGraw Hi | II |
| | ions, First Edition | |
| | nel, (2014) "Database Systems", Cengage Learning, Seventh Edition. | |
| | nasri, Shamkant B. Navathe, (2010), "Fundamentals of Database System. | s", |
| , | Addisionwesley, Sixth Edition. | |
| | ois, (2003)"MySQL Cookbook ", Sams Publishing, Second Edition. | ,, |
| • | makrishnan & Johannes Gehrke, (2003)," Database Management Systen Hill Education, Third edition | 1", |

McGraw-Hill Education, Third edition.

Date, C.J. (2000) "An introduction to Database systems", Addison Wesley Publishers, Seventh Edition.

Luke Welling, Laura Thomson, (2003)," MySql Tutorial",Sams Publishing.

Course designed by: Dr.RM.Vidhyavathi

Mapping Course Outcome VS Programme Outcomes

| CO | P01 | P02 | P03 | P04 | P05 | P06 | P07 | P08 | P09 | P010 |
|------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|------|
| CO1 | 3 | - | 2 | 3 | - | - | 1 | 1 | 2 | 2 |
| CO2 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 2 |
| CO3 | 3 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 |
| CO4 | 3 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 3 | 2 | 3 | 2 | 2 | 2 |
| CO5 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 2 | 3 |
| W.AV | 3 | 2 | 2.4 | 2.6 | 2.4 | 2 | 2 | 1.8 | 2 | 2.2 |

S-Strong (3), M-Medium (2), L-Low (1)

Mapping Course Outcome VS Programme Specific Outcomes

| СО | PSO1 | PSO2 | PSO3 | PSO4 | PSO5 |
|-------|------|------|------|------|------|
| CO1 | 3 | - | 1 | 3 | 3 |
| CO2 | 3 | 3 | 1 | - | 3 |
| CO3 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 3 | 3 |
| CO4 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 3 | 3 |
| CO5 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| W.Avg | 3 | 2.4 | 1.8 | 2.4 | 3 |

S-Strong (3), M-Medium (2), L-Low (1)

Assignment & Seminar - Database Management System and MYSQL

Overview and types of DBMS, Features of DBMS, E-R Model.

- 1. Logical view of data, keys, 1NF, 2NF, 3NF, BCNF.
- 2. MySQL data types with suitable example.
- 3. Write the basic commands in Linux and basic MySQL Queries.
- 4. MySQL Four different methods to start MySQL in Linux, MySQL Stopping, MySQL and its uses.
- 5. Write the Procedure of Installing MySQL in Various Operating Systems.
- 6. Explain MySQL Logs, Error Log, Query Log, Slow Query Log, Binlog and its format, Relay Log.
- 7. Describe MySQL Admin Commands and Explain Deadlock.

8. MySQL Table maintenance, Information Schema and Performance Schema in MySQL.

SEMESTER-II Phylogeny and Phylogenomics

| Program: M.Sc., | Semester: II (2022 Onwards) |
|-----------------------------|--|
| Course Title: Phylogeny and | Class Time: As per Time Table |
| Phylogenomics | |
| Subject Code: 502201 | |
| Name of the Course Teacher | Dr. M. Karthikeyan |
| Mobile:+91 - 9486981874 | E-mail:karthikeyanm@alagappauniversity.ac.in |

Course Brief:

This course is for students/researchers dealing with the analysis of multiple molecular sequences at several levels: Populations, species, clades, communities. These biologists address questions relative to the evolutionary relationships among these sequences, as well as the evolutionary forces structuring biodiversity at different scales. The course provides exceptional knowledge in Phylogenetics through computational algorithms and software skills.

Teaching Methods: The mode of teaching of delivering the courses are as follows through these below mentioned methodologies:

- Delivering the lectures in the form of presentation using advanced technologies devices such as smart board.
- Video-conferencing for lectures that will be sought from experts belonging to overseas reputed institutions
- Case-studies and Review questions

Attendance: Having good attendance record marks the student's sincerity and has an overall positive impact on his/her personality trait development. The students are asked to attend the classes on a regular note and those having a minimum scale of 70-75% attendance are eligible to take up the end-semester examinations as per the University norms.

Punctuality: It is the most important attribute to be followed and maintained by the student throughout his/her life which for sure will lead to the path of success. Students who arrive late by 10mins after the attendance has been taken will be marked absent unless there is a valid reason (medical/personal emergency) at the discretion of the Head of the Department.

Class Participation: A student's overall growth and personality development is based on his/her involvement in the class not just by mere presence but rather being interactive through questioning that will lead to propagation of ideas, initiation of thought-provoking process and much more that will provide a wholesome enriched classroom experience. Therefore, students are advised to be more attentive so that they learn from one another and develop quality-based knowledge.

Submission of Assignment: Assignments are given to students with just one motive to get more quantitative and qualitative knowledge insights into the assigned topic/chapter that will lead to preparation and completion of the assignment in a constructive manner here just the knowledge provided is not merely counted but also completion prior to proposed deadline will also have a check on the student's serious consideration of the assignments.

Presentation of Seminar: Apart from the assignments the concerned instructors also allocate the students with a topic or based on their interests to present seminar that will aid them built their confidence levels, command over English language to communicate with precision and fluently. In addition, the fellow students are encouraged to pose questions that will instigate interest and provide update in that particular topic besides the information presented helping them to prepare for their examinations that can be taken as added advantage for the students.

Preparedness: At the end of every class, the concerned instructor tells the students what will be taken in the next class using these details the students should be aware of the topics that will be covered in the upcoming lectures which actually enhance the student's capability to grasp the knowledge and concepts provided much efficiently.

Academic Dishonesty: This is an important aspect that every student should be aware of. Thus, the respective faculty members educate the students of possible means of academic malpractices (plagiarism, violation of copyrights and stealing the patented knowledge) and the following consequences that will make them more vigilant in their academic career.

Subject to change clause: Based on the requirement of student's feasibility and meeting the competitive demands of the discipline the syllabus courses will be re-structured and updated accordingly at the discretion of the Professor(s) and Board of studies chairman.

Important dates: Please note down the important dates and stick to the schedule

| CIA Test I | II CIA Test | Assignment | Seminar |
|------------|----------------|------------|----------|
| As per Aca | demic Calendar | After CL | A Test-I |

Course Outline: Core: Phylogeny and Phylogenomics

- Basic concepts in systematics, taxonomy and phylogeny.
- Species concept, kingdom to species, the five kingdoms, classical, phenetic and cladistic approaches.
- Definition and description of phylogenetic trees and various types of trees.
- Fundamental concepts of neutral evolution, molecular divergence and molecular clocks.
- Protein and nucleotide sequence analysis.
- Gene duplication and divergence. concepts and rate of change in gene frequency through natural selection, migration and random genetic drift;
- Phylogenetic analysis algorithms: Maximum Parsimony, UPGMA, maximum likelihood algorithm and Bootstrapping methods.
- Transformed Distance Neighbors-Relation, Neighbor-Joining, jackknife method.
- Gene discovery using Fourier analysis
- Survey of software programs available for phylogenetic analysis.

More books for Reading and Referencing

Phylogenetic Analysis Of DNA Sequences, Oxford Press, New York by Michael M.

Miyamoto, 1992 (ISBN:0-19-506698)

Practical taxonomic computing by Pankhurst, R.J., 1991 (ISBN: 0521417600,

9780521417600)

Phylogeny and Phylogenomics

| | Semester - II | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|-------------------------------|--------------------------------|-----|--|--|--|--|--|
| Core | Course Code 502201 Phylogeny and Phylogenomics T/P Credits: 5 Hour | | | | | | | | | |
| | 1 | Unit - I | | | | | | | | |
| Objective - 1 | Objective - 1 To understand concepts of molecular evolution and the nature of data for deriving molecular phylogeny | | | | | | | | | |
| Molecular tools analysis; Origir Concepts and r genetic drift; A | s in phylogeny, cla n of new genes and ate of change in g daptive radiation, | of neutral evolution, molecular diverge ssification and identification; Protein a Il proteins; Gene duplication and divergo ene frequency through natural selection Il Isolating mechanisms; Speciation; Allo ion; Sexual selection; Co-evolution. | nd nucle ence. n, migra | eotide sequen tion and rand | ice | | | | | |
| Outcome - 1 | Understand mole generating mole | ecular evolution principles and the pro cular phylogeny | perties | of data for | К2 | | | | | |
| | Unit - II | | | | | | | | | |
| Objective - 2 | To gain knowled | ge about the algorithms used for the se ons | quence (| alignment | | | | | | |

Algorithm in Sequence Alignment: Why align sequences - similarity v/s homology - heterologs, orthologs, paralogs, xenologs - details of Needleman - Wunsch, Smith- Waterman algorithms with worked out examples - hashing methods with worked out examples - BLAST and FASTA. Basic concepts of various approaches for MSA (e.g. progressive, hierarchical etc.). Representing and scoring a multiple sequences alignment - dynamic programming for multiple sequence alignment pitfalls progressive or hierarchical alignment with worked out examples substitution matrices - evolutionary models - PAM substitution matrices - BLOSUMsubstitution matrices - gap penalties.

Outcome - 2 Expound the algorithms in sequence alignment methods K4

Unit - III

Objective - 3 To understand the pattern discovery and classification methods of proteins

Pattern Discovery and Characterization in Protein and DNA Sequences: Sequence pattern representations – deterministic patterns – regular expressions – probabilistic patterns – sequence logos – general methods of pattern classification – methods for proteins – hidden Markov models and application to analyses of protein sequences – general methods of gene discovery – using HMM, Genemark – artificial neural networks – introduction and their use in gene discovery, GRAIL – Gene discovery using Fourier analysis, GeneScan

Outcome - 3 Describe the concept of pattern discovery and discuss about the protein and DNA sequence characterization K1

Unit - IV

Objective - 4 To learn and apply the statistical approaches and models for phylogenetic analysis and tree reconstruction

Phylogenetic trees: Phylogenetic representations, Definition and description, various types of trees; Steps in constructing a tree, Consensus (strict, semi-strict, Adams, majority rule, Nelson). Data partitioning and combination. Tree to tree distances, similarity. **Phylogenetic analysis algorithms:** Maximum Parsimony, UPGMA, Transformed Distance, Neighbors- Relation, Neighbor-Joining, jackknife, Probabilistic models and associated algorithms such as Probabilistic models of evolution and maximum likelihood algorithm, Bootstrapping methods. Use of HMM-based Algorithm for MSA (e.g. SAM method).

Outcome - 4 Discuss the phylogenetic trees and phylogenetic analysis algorithms

Unit - V

Objective - 5 The main objectives of the course are to teach the theoretical bases of phylogenetic analysis, and to give the ability to initiate a phylogenetic analysis starting from the files of molecular sequences until the interpretation of the results and the graphics.

Softwares for phylogenetic analysis: Survey of software programs available forphylogenetic analysis. Algorithm of CLUSTALW and PHYLIP, MUSCLE, MAFFT and PileUp and their application for sequence analysis (including interpretation of results), concept of dendrogram and its interpretation. Plotting, visualizing & printing phylogenetic trees: TreeView and other tools. Applications of phylogeny analyses, Comparison of Phylogenetic Trees obtained using DNA seq. vs. protein seq. vs. Full genomes. Phylogenetic analysis of ancient DNA.

Outcome - 5 | Summarize the details about phylogenetic analysis software. K4

Text/Reference Books:

Page, R. D. M. and Holmes, E.C. (1998) "Molecular Evolution A Phylogenetic Approach"; BlackwellScientific.

Mount, D. (2004) "Bioinformatics: Sequence and Genome Analysis"; Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory Press, New York.

Baxevanis, A.D. and Francis Ouellellette, B.F., (2009). "Bioinformatics- a Practical Guide to the Analysis of Genes and Proteins" 3rd Edition, Wiley India.

Graur, D. and W-H Li. (2000) Fundamentals of Molecular Evolution" 2nd Edition, Sinauer Associates.

Patthy, L. (1999) "Protein Evolution"; Blackwell Scientific. Pankhurst, R.J.(1991) "Practical taxonomic computing";

Michael M. Miyamoto, (2001) Phylogenetic Analysis Of DNA Sequences, Oxford Press, New York

Philippe Lemey, Marco Salemi and Anne-Mieke Vandamme (2009) "The Phylogenetic Handbook: A

Practical Approach to Phylogenetic Analysis and Hypothesis Testing"; 2nd Edition, Cambridge University Press.

Online Resources:

https://link.springer.com/book/10.1007/978-3-319-54064-1 https://www.taylorfrancis.com/books/mono/10.1201/9780429397547

Course designed by: Dr. M. Karthikeyan

Mapping Course Outcome VS Programme Outcomes

| CO | P01 | P02 | P03 | P04 | P05 | P06 | P07 | P08 | P09 | PO10 |
|------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|------|
| | | | | | | | | | | |
| CO1 | 3 | 3 | 3 | - | 1 | - | - | 3 | 1 | 1 |
| CO2 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 1 | 3 |
| CO3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 1 | - | 1 | 2 |
| CO4 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 3 | 2 | 3 | 1 | 3 |
| CO5 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 1 | 3 |
| W.AV | 3 | 3 | 2.8 | 2.2 | 2.2 | 2.4 | 1.8 | 2.4 | 1 | 2.4 |

S-Strong (3), M-Medium (2), L-Low (1)

Mapping Course Outcome Vs Program Specific

outcomes

| | PSO1 | PSO2 | PSO3 | PSO4 | PSO5 |
|------------|------|------|------|------|------|
| CO | | | | | |
| CO1 | 3 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| CO2 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| CO3 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 3 |
| CO4 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| CO5 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| W. AV | 2 | 2.4 | 2.8 | 3 | 3 |

S-Strong (3), M-Medium (2), L-Low (1)

Assignment & Seminar: Phylogeny and Phylogenomics

Write the difference between rooted and un-rooted trees.

- 1. Describe the character and distance based approaches.
- 2. Explain the role of Clustal W for phylogenetic analysis.
- 3. Define PHYLIP and its application.
- 4. Expand (a) UPGMA (b) NJ (c) Clustal W and (d) MEGA.
- 5. Give short note on evolutionary trace analysis.
- 6. How do you generate multiple datasets from the original input using bootstrapping?
- 7. Explain the importance of multiple sequence alignment for tree construction.
- 8. Discuss on Jackknife test.
- 9. Softwares for phylogenetic analysis

Molecular Modeling and Drug Design

| Program: M.Sc., Bioinformatics | Semester : II (2022 Onwards) |
|--------------------------------------|---|
| Course Title: Molecular Modeling and | Class Time: As per Time Table |
| Drug Design | |
| Subject Code: 502202 | |
| Name of Course Teacher | Dr. Sanjeev Kumar Singh |
| Mobile: +91 - 9894429800 | E-mail: sksingh@alagappauniversity.ac.i |

Course Brief:

The course depicts the basic theory of molecular modeling and drug design. It reviews a vast range of topics including the concept of molecular modeling; Quantum and Molecular Mechanics, Ab initio structure modeling and active site prediction, theories and to recognize drug like properties, computer molecular dynamics simulation and changes in conformations, pharmacophore, lead identification and de novo ligand design methods, molecular docking, QSAR, HTVS, Lipinski's rule, ADME properties, energy concepts, Bond structure and bending angles, finding new drug targets to treat diseases; drug discovery and development. It also discusses the recent advances and limitations of molecular modelling methods. This course serves as a basic introduction of molecular modeling to the students. As it covers a vast range of topics in molecular modeling, it could provide sound basic knowledge as well.

Teaching Methods: The mode of teaching is based on the following learning activities:

• Lectures covering the theoretical part will be delivered using PowerPoint presentations.

- A set of laboratory exercises to analyze biological problems using softwares and tools to develop student's interests in scientific discovery.
- Case studies in informatics-based research.

Attendance: The students are expected to attend the classes regularly, since regular attendance is essential to gain academic achievement. As per the University norms, the students having a minimum scale of 70-75% attendance are only qualified to write their end-semester examinations.

Punctuality: Punctuality is the most important quality for the student to be followed and maintained to achieve success. Students who arrive late by 10 mins to the class without any vital reason will be marked absent in the attendance register. On the other hand, valid excuse including personal or medical emergency is acceptable, with prior consent by the Head of the Department.

Class Participation: A student's overall growth and personality development is based on his/her involvement in the class not just by mere presence but rather being interactive through questioning that will lead to propagation of ideas, initiation of thought-provoking practice and much more that will provide a wholesome enriched classroom experience. When students participate, they learn from one another and gain their knowledge better.

Submission of Assignment: Assignments are given to students in order to apply the concepts for deeper understanding of the subject. Therefore, each student will be allocated two assignments for the course, covering the entire topic. Students will be given deadline to submit the assignment by the course instructor and good preparation of assignment will help the students for their final exams.

Presentation of Seminar: Apart from the assignments, students are supposed to give an oral presentation during the class seminar hours in their assigned topic. The concerned instructor will encourage the participants to ask valid questions during seminar presentation in order to put up their confidence levels and communication skills. In addition, students will be able to gain information and can be updated in their course.

Preparedness: At the end of every class, the concerned instructor conveys the students about the details that will be handled in the next class to increase the student's awareness related to the topics.

Academic Dishonesty: Academic dishonesty is a completely unacceptable mode of conduct and every student should be aware of this important aspect. Thus, the respective faculty members educate the students of possible means of academic malpractices (plagiarism, violation of copyrights and stealing the patented knowledge) and the following consequences that will make them more vigilant in their academic career.

Subject to change clause: Depending upon the requirement of student's possibility, the course syllabus will be re-structured and updated accordingly at the discretion of the Professor(s) and Board of studies chairperson.

Important dates: Scheduled dates for the various activities related to the course

| CIA Test I | CIA Test II | Assignment | Seminar |
|--------------|---------------|------------|------------|
| As per Acado | emic Calendar | After (| CIA Test I |

Course Outline: Molecular Modeling and Drug Design

- Role of Bioinformatics in drug design, Target identification and validation, lead optimization and validation, Structure-based drug design and ligand based drug design.
- Concepts in Molecular Modeling: Introduction; Coordinate System; potential energy surfaces molecular graphics; Quantum mechanics; Molecular Mechanics: Features of molecular mechanics, force fields
- Bond structure and bending angles electrostatic, van der Waals and non-bonded interactions, hydrogen bonding, Inter and intramolecular interactions: Weak interactions in drug molecules; hydrogen bonding in molecular mechanics
- Homology modeling, concepts of homology modeling, secondary structure prediction methods: Threading, ab initio structure prediction Protein folding and model generation; analyzing secondary structures; Protein loop searching, loop generating methods, loop analysis.
- Molecular Dynamics using simple models; Molecular Dynamics with continuous potentials and at constant temperature and pressure; Time dependent properties; Solvent effects in Molecular Dynamics; Conformational changes in Molecular Dynamics.
- Structure and Ligand based Drug Design: Pharmacophore identification, methods to identify lead compounds, Molecular Docking, De-novo ligand design methods, Applications of 3D Database Searching in Molecular docking. Random Screening, Virtual Screening, HTVS, QSAR, Target identification and Validation.
- Receptorology: Drug-receptor interactions, receptor theories and drug action.
 Theories of enzyme inhibition and inactivation; Enzyme activation of drugs and prodrugs. Drug like molecules and theories associated with the recognition of drug like properties. Physical organic chemistry of drug- metabolism, drug deactivation and elimination; Phase-I and phase-II transformations; Concept of

hard and soft drugs; Chemistry of ADME and toxicity properties of drugs. Lipinski rule.

More books for Reading and Referencing

Pharmacoinformatics and Drug Discovery Technologies: Theories and Applications

Tagelsir Mohamed Gasmelseid

Publisher: Idea Group, 2012. ISBN: 978-1466603097

Molecular Modelling for Beginners - Alan Hinchliffe

Publisher: John Wiley & Sons Inc, 2008. ISBN: 978-0470513149

Molecular Modeling. Basic Principles and Applications - Hans-Dieter Höltje, Wolfgang

Sippl, Didier Rognan, Gerd Folkers

Publisher: Wiley-VCH, 2008. ISBN: 978-3527315680

Molecular Modeling Basics - Jan H. Jensen

Publisher: CRC Press, 2010. ISBN 978-1420075267

Molecular Modeling and Simulation: An Interdisciplinary Guide - Tamar Schlick

Publisher: Springer-Verlag New York, 2002. ISBN: 978-1441963505

Computational Chemistry and Molecular Modeling - K. I. Ramachandran, Gopakumar

Deepa, Krishnan Namboori

Publisher: Springer - Verlag Berlin Heidelberg. 2008. ISBN: 978-3540773023

Molecular Modeling and Drug Design

| Core | Course Code 502202 | Molecular Modeling and Drug Design | T/P | Credits:5 | Hours: 5 | | |
|---|---|---------------------------------------|-----|-----------|----------|--|--|
| Unit - I | | | | | | | |
| Objective - 1 To let students to understand the use of informatics in drug design and development, finding new targets to treat disease; mechanism of drug designing | | | | | | | |
| Introduction to Molecular Modeling: Molecular Modeling and Pharmacoinformatics in Drug Design, Phases | | | | | | | |
| of Drug Discovery, Target identification and validation, lead identification and optimization, finding of new | | | | | | | |
| drug targets. Outcome - 1 The students would understand the process and steps for designing new K2 | | | | | | | |
| | drugs along with identifying new target and its validation | | | | | | |
| | | Unit - II | | | | | |
| Objective - 2 To understand the concept of molecular modeling, mechanics and interactions | | | | | | | |
| Concepts in Molecular Modeling: Coordinate System; potential energy surfaces; molecular graphics; Quantum mechanics; Molecular Mechanics: Features of molecular mechanics, force fields; Bond structure and bending angles – electrostatic, van der Waals and non-bonded interactions, hydrogen bonding, Inter and intramolecular interactions: Weak interactions in drug molecules; hydrogen bonding in molecular mechanics; Energy concept and its importance in drug action, application of energy minimization. | | | | | | | |
| Outcome - 2 | The students would be able to understand the concepts of Molecular Modelling and molecular dynamics simulation K2 | | | | | | |

| | Unit – III | | | | | | | |
|---|---|-------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Objective - 3 | Dbjective - 3 To provide clear concepts on bond angle, bond stretching, bond distance and role on different types of bonds in interactions | | | | | | | |
| Protein Structure Prediction and Analysis: Protein Structure prediction methods: Secondary Structure Prediction, Homology modeling, Threading and abinitio method, Tools for Structure prediction; Protein structural visualization; Geometry optimization and Loop refinement; Structure validation tools; Ramachandran Plot. | | | | | | | | |
| Outcome - 3 | The students would be able to understand the theory of inhibition and K2&K3 | | | | | | | |
| | inactivation of enzymes, drug deactivation. | | | | | | | |
| | Unit – IV | | | | | | | |
| Objective - 4 | Objective - 4 To study about protein structure prediction and conformational changes throughout the | | | | | | | |
| | simulation | | | | | | | |
| Structure and L | Structure and Ligand Based Drug Design: Pharmacophore identification and Mapping; methods to identify | | | | | | | |
| | Molecular Docking, De-novo ligand design, 3D Database Searching in Molecular a | docking., Virtual | | | | | | |
| Screening, HTVS, , | QSAR and Molecular Descriptors and its applications. | | | | | | | |
| Outcome - 4 | | | | | | | | |
| | Unit-V | | | | | | | |
| Objective - 5 To provide brief idea of receptor and receptor-ligand complex, inhibition and inactivation of enzyme, receptor theories | | | | | | | | |
| | Drug-receptor interactions, receptor theories and drug action; Theories of en | • | | | | | | |
| and inactivation; Enzyme activation of drugs and prodrugs. Concept of Drug like molecules; Chemistry of drug- metabolism, Pharmacodynamics and pharmacokinetics; Phase-I and phase-II transformations; Concept of hard and soft drugs; Chemistry of ADME and toxicity properties of drugs. Lipinski rule, agonist and antagonist. | | | | | | | | |

Describe the Drug action mechanism **Text and Reference Books:**

Outcome - 5

Leach, AR (2001) "Molecular Modeling – Principles and Applications"; Second Edition, Prentice Hall, USA Schlick T, "Molecular Modeling and Simulation An Interdisciplinary Guide", Springer, Acc. No. 73052 Doucet J. and Weber J. (1996). Computer-aided molecular design. London: Academic Press, 1st edition, ISBN 0-12-221285-1

K2

Gundertofte K, (2000) "Molecular Modeling and Prediction of Bioactivity", Springer, ISBN-978-1-4613-6857-

Jiang T. Xu Y. Zhang M. (2002). Current topics in computational molecular biology. Cambridge, Mass.: MIT Press, 2nd edition, ISBN-10: 0262100924

Schneider G. and So S. (2003). Adaptive systems in drug design. CRC press, 1st edition, ISBN 9781587060595

Cramer CJ (2004) "Essentials of Computational Chemistry: Theories and Models", Wiley-Blackwell, ISBN-978-0470091821.

Pirrung MC (2004) "Molecular Diversity and Combinatorial Chemistry: Principles and Applications", Elsevier, ISBN-0-08-044493-8.

Bajorath JB (2004) "Chemoinformatics-Concepts, Methods, and Tools for Drug Discovery", Springer, ISBN 978-1-59259-802-1.

Nogrady T. and Weaver D. (2005). Medicinal chemistry. New York, N.Y.: Oxford University Press, 3rd edition, ISBN-13: 978-0195104561

Vogel H (2007) "Drug Discovery and Evaluation: Pharmacological Assays", Springer, ISBN-978-3-540-70995-

Kukol A. (2008). Molecular modeling of proteins. Totowa, N.J.: Humana Press, 1st edition, ISBN 978-1-59745-177-2

Ramachandran KI (2008) "Computational Chemistry and Molecular Modeling: Principles and Applications", Springer, ISBN- 978-3-540-77304-7.

Hinchliffe (2008) "Molecular Modelling for Beginners"; Second Edition, Wiley-Blackwell, ISBN-978-0470513149.

Kukol (2010) "Molecular Modeling of Proteins", Humana Press, ISBN- 978-1617378126.

Leach AR and Gillet VJ (2010) "An Introduction to Chemoinformatics", Springer, ISBN – 10 8184892551.

Bajorath J (2010) "Chemoinformatics for Drug Discovery", John Wiley & Sons, ISBN- 978-1-118-13910-3.

Banting L. and Clark T. (2012). Drug design strategies. Cambridge, U.K.: Royal Society of Chemistry, 1st edition, ISBN: 978-1-84973-167-6

Gilani HG, Samper KG and Haghi RK (2012) "Chemoinformatics: Advanced Control and Computational Techniques", CRC Press, ISBN-9781466559332.

Bladon P and Hammond RB (2012), "Molecular Modelling: Computational Chemistry Demystified" RSC publishing, ISBN: 978-1-84973-352-6.

Silverman RB and Holladay MW (2014) "The Organic Chemistry of Drug Design and Drug Action", third edition, Elsevier, ISBN-978-0-12-38-2030-3.

Czechtizky W and Hamley P (2016) "Small Molecule Medicinal Chemistry: Strategies and Technologies", <u>John Wiley & Sons</u>, ISBN-978-1-118-77160-0.

Dastmalchi S. Hamzeh-Mivehroud M. and Babak Sokouti (2018). Quantitative Structure - Activity Relationship: A Practical Approach. CRC Press. ISBN: 9780815362098

Sehgal, A. Mirza H. Tahir R. A. Mir A. (2018). Quick Guideline for Computational Drug Design. Bentham Science. ISBN: 978-1-68108-603-3

Hey-Hawkins E. Teixidor C. V. (2018). Boron-Based Compounds: Potential and Emerging Applications in Medicine. John Wiley & Sons. ISBN: 978-1-119-27558-9

Gervasio F. L. Spiwok V. Mannhold R. (2019). Biomolecular Simulations in Structure-Based Drug Discovery. John Wiley & Sons. ISBN: 978-3-527-342655

Andricopulo A. D. and Ferreira L. L. G. (2019). Chemoinformatics Approaches to Structure- and Ligand-Based Drug Design. Frontiers Media SA. ISBN: 978-2-88945-744-1

Course designed by: Dr. Sanjeev Kumar Singh

Mapping Course Outcome VS Programme Outcomes

| | P01 | P02 | PO3 | P04 | P05 | P06 | P07 | P08 | P09 | P010 |
|------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|------|
| CO1 | 3 | 1 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 3 | 2 | 3 | 1 |
| CO2 | 2 | - | 1 | 3 | 3 | 1 | 2 | - | 1 | 1 |
| CO3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 3 | 2 |
| CO4 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 3 | 2 |
| CO5 | 3 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 3 | 2 |
| W.AV | 2.6 | 1.6 | 2.6 | 2.6 | 2.4 | 2.2 | 2.6 | 1.4 | 2.6 | 1.4 |

S-Strong (3), M-Medium (2), L-Low (1)

Mapping Course Outcome VS Programme Specific Outcomes

| | PSO1 | PSO2 | PSO3 | PSO4 | PSO5 |
|------------|------|------|------|------|------|
| CO1 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 3 | 3 |
| CO2 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| CO3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| CO4 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 2 |
| CO5 | 3 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| W.AV | 3 | 2.8 | 3 | 3 | 2.8 |

S-Strong (3), M-Medium (2), L-Low (1)

Assignment & Seminar - Molecular Modeling and Drug Design

- 1. Role of Bioinformatics in drug design
- 2. Structure Based Drug Design
- 3. Coordinate System
- 4. Quantum Mechanics
- 5. Energy concept and its importance in drug action
- 6. Ab initio method of structure prediction
- 7. Solvent effects in Molecular Dynamics
- 8. Application of 3D Database searching in Molecular Docking
- 9. Receptor theories and drug action
- 10. Concept of Hard and Soft drugs

Computational Biology

| Program: M.Sc., Bioinformatics | Semester : II (2022 Onwards) |
|-------------------------------------|--|
| Course Title: Computational Biology | Class Time: As per Time Table |
| Subject Code: 502203 | |
| Name of Course Teacher | Dr. P. Boomi |
| Moble:+91 9486031423 | E-mail:boomip@alagappauniversity.ac.in |

Course Brief:

The course will cover topics of Computational Biology and Bioinformatics.

Students will be introduced to computational modelling of cellular processes and some

techniques for analysing these models to develop student research skills in the area of computational biology. It helps to develop working knowledge of computational techniques and their applications to biomedical research. Students will be empowered with fundamental new understandings of biological mechanisms related to the field of biological and medical sciences. Computational techniques are needed to analyze genome sequences, protein structures, metabolic and regulatory pathways, evolutionary patterns and the genetic basis of diseases. Students will also be introduced to some key problems in bioinformatics, the models used to formally describe these problems, and algorithmic approaches used to solve them. This course is designed to benefit students to understand the principles of analyzing biological data, building models and testing hypotheses related to computational and experimental works.

Teaching Methods: The mode of teaching is based on the following learning activities:

- Lectures covering the theoretical part will be delivered using PowerPoint presentations.
- A set of laboratory exercises to analyze biological problems using softwares and tools to develop student's interests in scientific discovery.
- Case studies in informatics-based research.

Attendance: The students are expected to attend the classes regularly, since regular attendance is essential to gain academic achievement. As per the University norms, the students having a minimum scale of 70-75% attendance are only qualified to write their end-semester examinations.

Punctuality: Punctuality is the most important quality for the student to be followed and maintained to achieve success. Students who arrive late by 10 mins to the class without any vital reason will be marked absent in the attendance register. On the other hand, valid excuse including personal or medical emergency is acceptable, with prior consent by the Head of the Department.

Class Participation: A student's overall growth and personality development is based on his/her involvement in the class not just by mere presence but rather being interactive through questioning that will lead to propagation of ideas, initiation of thought-provoking practice and much more that will provide a wholesome enriched classroom experience. When students participate, they learn from one another and gain their knowledge better.

Submission of Assignment: Assignments are given to students in order to apply the concepts for deeper understanding of the subject. Therefore, each student will be allocated two assignments for the course, covering the entire topic. Students will be

given deadline to submit the assignment by the course instructor and good preparation of assignment will help the students for their final exams.

Presentation of Seminar: Apart from the assignments, students are supposed to give an oral presentation during the class seminar hours in their assigned topic. The concerned instructor will encourage the participants to ask valid questions during seminar presentation in order to put up their confidence levels and communication skills. In addition, students will be able to gain information and can be updated in their course.

Preparedness: At the end of every class, the concerned instructor conveys the students about the details that will be handled in the next class to increase the student's awareness related to the topics.

Academic Dishonesty: Academic dishonesty is a completely unacceptable mode of conduct and every student should be aware of this important aspect. Thus, the respective faculty members educate the students of possible means of academic malpractices (plagiarism, violation of copyrights and stealing the patented knowledge) and the following consequences that will make them more vigilant in their academic career.

Subject to change clause: Depending upon the requirement of student's possibility, the course syllabus will be re-structured and updated accordingly at the discretion of the Professor(s) and Board of studies chairperson.

Important dates: Scheduled dates for the various activities related to the course

| CIA Test I | CIA Test II | Assignment | Seminar |
|--------------|---------------|------------------|---------|
| As per Acado | emic Calendar | After CIA Test I | |

Course Outline: Core: Computational Biology

- String algorithms are a traditional area of study in computer science in recent years- algorithms in bioinformatics sequences algorithms on strings, trees and protein sequences can be represented as strings over finite.
- Shortest path algorithm-Hamiltonian Path for graph representation-Maximum flow.
- Comparative genomics: Orthologues and paralogues, xenologues (horizontal gene transfer); Non-orthologous gene displacement; Analogues; Orthologue identification by BLAST and reciprocal best hit.
- Use of comparative genomics in gene annotation, and function prediction; Phylogenetic foot printing; Gene order.
- Details of Needleman Wunsch and Smith- Waterman algorithms-BLAST and FASTA applications.

- Web based servers and softwares for genome analysis: Ensembl, NCSC genome browser, NCBI genome.
- Hierarchical alignment with worked out examples of substitution matrices- PAM substitution matrices BLOSUM substitution matrices.
- Hidden Markov models and application to analyze of protein and genome sequences.
- Methods of representing biological molecules geometrical analyses Protein Structure Comparison and Classification- different classes of Protein interactions.

More books for Reading and Referencing

Understanding Bioinformatics - Marketa Zvelebil, Jeremy Baum

Publisher: Garland Science, First edition, 2007. (ISBN: 978-08-153-4024-9)

Bioinformatics and Functional Genomics - Jonathan Pevsner

Publisher: Wiley-Blackwell, Third edition, 2015. (ISBN: 978-11-185-8178-0)

Practical Computing for Biologists - Steven Haddock, Casey Dunn

Publisher: Sinauer Associates, Inc.; First edition, 2010. (ISBN: 978-08-789-3391-4)

Introduction to Computational Biology: An Evolutional Approach - Bernhard

Haubold, Thomas Wiehe

Publisher: Springer (sie) (2008). (ISBN: 978-37-643-7387-0)

Algorithms on strings, trees, and sequences: computer science and computational

biology- Dan Gusfield

Publisher: Cambridge University Press, 1997. (ISBN: 978-05-215-8519-4)

Bioinformatics: A biologist's quide to biocomputing and the internet -Stuart M. Brown

Publisher: Eaton Publishing, 2000. (ISBN: 188129918X, 9781881299189)

Computational Biology

| II - Semester | | | | | | | |
|---------------|--|--------------------|-----------------------|-----|-----------|---------|--|
| Core | | ourseCode 02101 | Computational Biology | T/P | Credits:5 | Hours:5 | |
| | Unit-I | | | | | | |
| Objective - | Objective - 1 To provide students with the basic knowledge of biosimilar, computational biology and their advances of synthetic biology | | | | | | |

Biosimilars: Introduction to biosimilars, Definition, Examples of Biosimilars- Genetically engineered products of biosimilars, Molecular Complexity of biosimilars. Critical manufacturing parameters of biosimilars and Challenges-Modifications linked to

the process, conversion and formulation. Concept of expression cassette and vector, Host cell and expression system. Non Clinical and Clinical Aspects of Biosimilars-

| Preclinical appro | pach and Clinical approach. | |
|---|---|--------------------|
| Outcome - 1 | Students will obtain basic knowledge about the biosimilar and | K2 |
| Outcome - 1 | can learn about clinical approach of biosimilar | I\L |
| | Unit-II | |
| Objective - 2 | To facilitate the students to attain skills in basic computational b | viology that :- |
| Objective - 2 | | noiogy that is |
| Introduction to | essential for various biomedical applications. | Natara and |
| | Computational Biology: Introduction to Computational Biology | |
| | ational Biology, Alignment definition, Pairwise sequence alignment | |
| | the alignment problem, scoring alignment, Global alignment, local alignment maximizing V | • |
| | nt, banded alignment, normalized local alignment, maximizing V | s minimizing |
| | and distance measures, PAM | nnligation of |
| substitution mati | M matrices, comparison between PAM and BLOSUM matrices, A | ppiication oj |
| | Students will gain the how to alignment the sequence, analysis as | nd K2 & |
| Outcome - 2 | | |
| | apply score matrix using computational approach. Unit-III | К3 |
| Objective 2 | | |
| Objective - 3 | This course will give the various methods of Sequence matching ence matching analysis: Sequence matching method-Dot plants | o.t |
| _ | | |
| | thod, Dynamic programming method, Word method, Bayesian met ood, Markov chain model, Hidden Markov Models and Kernal metho | |
| Outcome - 3 | Student will obtain basic knowledge about the biosimilar, | K3 |
| Outcome - 3 | | KS |
| | sequence matching analysis and dynamic programming methods. | |
| | Unit-IV | |
| Objective - 4 | To give the various methods of Sequence matching and Multi | ple seauence |
| , | alignment. | |
| Computational | Sequences and Maps: General ideas of sequence alignme | nt, multiple |
| sequence alignm | ent, Restriction map-Graph, Interval graphs and Measuring fra | gment sizes. |
| Multiple maps-de | ouble design problems, reflection, overlap equivalence, overlap | _ |
| size equivalence, | restriction map and border block graph, Cassettle transformation of | of restriction |
| map. Vector and | plasmid design. | |
| Outcome - 4 | Discusse and calsify the sequence alignment | K4 |
| | Unit-V | |
| Objective -5 | To learn about advanced computational biology using synthetic b | ioloav and |
| , | quantum mechanics. | |
| Advances of Co | mputational Biology: Synthetic biology- Ethical issues of Synth | netic Bioloav. |
| | Synthetic biology, Codon optimization, AND gate and OR gate | |
| _ | es and clocks, Re-pressilator. Computational Quantum Mec | |
| • · | Polyelectron atoms and molecules, Molecular orbitals, Hartree-Foo | |
| | rties using ab initio methods, Semi-empirical | , |
| methods, Huckel | | |
| Outcome -5 | Develop the knowledge in advanced computational | K5 |
| | biology using synthetic biology and quantum mechanics | |
| | | |
| | | |

Reference and Text Books:

- S. Aluru, (2005) "Handbook of Computational Molecular Biology"; Publisher CRC Press. C. Voigt, (2011) "Synthetic Biology: Methods for part/device characterization and chas sis engineering" Academic Press.
- J.L. Prugnaud, J. H.Trouvin, (2012) "Biosimilars: A New Generation of Biologics"; Publisher Springer Science & Business Media.
- M.S. Waterman, (1995) "Introduction to Computational Biology: Maps, Sequences and Genomes"; Publisher CRC Press.
- K.I. Ramachandran, G. Deepa, K. Namboori, (2005) "Computational Chemistry and Molecular Modeling: Principles and Applications"; Springer.
- B. Haubold, T. Wiehe, (2006) "Introduction to Computational Biology: An Evolutionary Approach"; Publisher Springer Science & Business Media.
- K. Najarian, S. Najarian, S. Gharibzadeh, C.N. Eichelberger, (2009) "Systems Biology and B ioinformatics: A Computational Approach"; Publisher CRC Press.
- C. Voigt, (2011). "Synthetic Biology, Part B: Computer Aided Design and DNA Assembly. Meth ods in enzymology"; Elsevier Science.
- H. J. Gutka, H.Yang, S. Kakar, (2018) "Biosimilars: Regulatory, Clinical, and Biopharmaceutical Development"; Publisher Springer.

Course desighned by : Dr.P. Boomi

Mapping Course Outcome VS Programme Outcomes

| | P01 | P02 | P03 | P04 | P05 | P06 | P07 | P08 | P09 | P010 |
|------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|------|
| CO1 | 3 | 1 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 3 | 2 | 3 | 2 |
| CO2 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 3 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 2 |
| CO3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 3 | 2 |
| CO4 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 3 | 2 |
| CO5 | 3 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 3 | 2 |
| W.AV | 2.6 | 2.2 | 2.6 | 2.6 | 2.4 | 2.2 | 2.6 | 2 | 2.6 | 2 |

S-Strong (3), M-Medium (2), L-Low (1)

Mapping Course Outcome VS Programme Specific Outcomes

| | PSO1 | PSO2 | PSO3 | PSO4 | PSO5 |
|------------|------|------|------|------|------|
| CO1 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 3 | 3 |
| CO2 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| CO3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| CO4 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 2 |
| CO5 | 3 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| W.AV | 3 | 2.8 | 3 | 3 | 2.8 |

S-Strong (3), M-Medium (2), L-Low (1)

Assignment & Seminar - Computational Biology

- 1. String operation and classification of algorithms
- 2. Write down the difference of PAM250 and BIOSSM62 matrix.
- 3. List out the hierarchical classifications of proteins.
- 4. Hidden Markov models and its application
- 5. Use of comparative genomics in drug discovery programs.
- 6. Protein Interaction analysis
- 7. Write a note on Sequence pattern representations.
- 8. How will you predict gene using Fourier analysis.
- 9. Describe the statistics to estimate significance of an alignment.
- 10. Briefly explain the dynamic programming for multiple sequence alignment.

Programming in Scripting Languages (PYTHON, PERL & R)

| Program: M.Sc., | Semester: II (2022 Onwards) |
|------------------------------------|--|
| Course Title and Code: Programming | Class Time: As per Time Table |
| in Scripting Languages (PYTHON, | |
| PERL & R) | |
| Subject Code: (502204) | |
| Name of the Course Teacher | Dr. RM. Vidhyavathi |
| Mobile: +91 9486031423 | E-mail:vidhyavthurm@alagappauniversity.ac.in |

Course Brief:

Perl is a general-purpose programming language originally developed for text manipulation and now used for a wide range of tasks including system administration, web development, network programming, GUI development and more.

Python is a language with a simple syntax, and a powerful set of libraries. It is an interpreted language, with a rich programming environment, including a robust debugger and profiler. While it is easy for beginners to learn, it is widely used in many scientific areas for data exploration. This course is an introduction to the Python programming language for students without prior programming experience. We cover data types, control flow, object-oriented programming, and graphical user interface- driven applications. The examples and problems used in this course are drawn from diverse areas such as text processing, simple graphics creation and image manipulation, HTML and web programming, and genomics.

R is rapidly becoming the leading programming language in statistics and data science. R programming builds the proficiency in using R programming language for statistical computing and graphics. R, a language and environment, is gaining popularity in getting insight in complex data. The business analyst and other professionals dealing in large amount of data can derive results using the ready-made functions available in R.

Teaching Methods: The course will be used on the basis of the following teaching and learning methods:

- Lectures covering the theoretical part using PowerPoint presentations
- Case studies
- Review questions

Attendance: Having good attendance record marks the student's sincerity and has an overall positive impact on his/her personality trait development. The students are asked to attend the classes on a regular note and those having a minimum scale of 70-75% attendance are eligible to take up the end-semester examinations as per the University norms.

Punctuality: It is the most important attribute to be followed and maintained by the student throughout his/her life which for sure will lead to the path of success. Students who arrive late by 10mins after the attendance will be marked absent unless there is a valid reason (medical/personal emergency) at the discretion of the Head of the Department.

Class/Lab Participation: A student's overall growth and personality development is based on his/her involvement in the class not just by mere presence but rather being interactive through questioning that will lead to propagation of ideas, initiation of thought-provoking process and much more that will provide a wholesome enriched classroom experience. Therefore, students are advised to be more attentive so that they learn from one another and develop quality-based knowledge.

Submission of Assignment: Assignments are given to students with just one motive to get more quantitative and qualitative knowledge insights into the assigned topic/chapter that will lead to preparation and completion of the assignment in a constructive manner here just the knowledge provided is not merely counted but also completion prior to proposed deadline will also have a check on the student's serious consideration of the assignments.

Presentation of Seminar: Apart from the assignments the concerned instructors also allocate the students with a topic or based on their interests to present seminar that will aid them built their confidence levels, command over English language to communicate with precision and fluently. In addition, the fellow students are encouraged to pose questions that will instigate interest and provide update in that particular topic besides the information presented helping them to prepare for their examinations that can be taken as added advantage for the students.

Preparedness: At the end of every class, the concerned instructor tells the students what will be taken in the next class using these details the students should be aware of the topics that will be covered in the upcoming lectures which actually enhance the student's capability to grasp the knowledge and concepts provided much efficiently.

Academic Dishonesty: This is an important aspect that every student should be aware of. Thus, the respective faculty members educate the students of possible means of academic malpractices (plagiarism, violation of copyrights and stealing the patented knowledge) and the following consequences that will make them more vigilant in their academic career.

Subject to change clause: Based on the requirement of student's feasibility and meeting the competitive demands of the discipline the syllabus courses will be re-structured and updated accordingly at the discretion of the Professor(s) and Board of studies chairman.

Important dates: *Please note down the important dates and stick to the schedule*

| CIA Test I | CIA Test II | Assignment | Seminar |
|--------------|---------------|------------|----------|
| As per Acade | emic Calendar | After CI | A Test-I |

Course Outline: Core: Programming in Scripting Languages (PYTHON, PERL & R)

- Concepts about Regular Expressions, Simple Uses of Regular Expressions, Patterns, More on the Matching Operator, Substitutions, The split and join Functions.
- Object oriented Perl consist-Introduction to modules and Creating Objects.
- The BioPerl keeps Installation procedures, Architecture and that uses.

- Conceptual introduction: installing Python, basic syntax, interactive shell, editing, saving, and running a script.
- The concept of data types; variables, assignments; immutable variables; numerical types; arithmetic operators and expressions; comments in the program; understanding error messages.
- Conditions, Boolean logic, logical operators; ranges; Control statements: if-else, loops (for, while); short-circuit (lazy) evaluation.
- String manipulations: subscript operator, indexing, slicing a string; strings and number system: converting strings to numbers and vice versa. Binary, octal, hexadecimal numbers.
- *Understand interpreter and compilers: CPython, PyPy, Cython.*
- See demonstration of IDE's: IDLE, IPython, IPython Notebook, hosted environments.
- Clear understanding of Statistical programming and R environment
- In-depth knowledge of basic features, functions, operators available with R
- Comprehensive information about programming statistical graphics
- Ways of using simulation and numerical optimization
- Extract data from R objects, perform reading and writing of Data, and handle databases
- Use subscripting, character manipulation, and reshaping of data
- Find probability, distributions, regression and correlation
- Significance of sample size and its calculation
- Advance data handling technique

More books for Reading and Referencing

MySQL and *Perl for the Web, Paul DuBois,* **ISBN-10**: 0735710546, *Wynand S. Verwoerd;* 2001 **ISBN**: 978-87-403-0251-6.

Programming the Perl DBI, By Tim Bunce, Alligator Descartes and Publisher: O'Reilly Media, 2000 ISBN: 978-1-56592-699-8, | ISBN 10: 1-56592-699-4.

Developing Web Applications with Apache, MySQL, memcached, and Perl, Patrick Galbraith, 2009 ISBN: 978-0-470-41464-4.

The Fundamentals of Python: First Programs- Kenneth A. Lambert, Cengage Learning, 2011. **ISBN:** 978-1111822705.

R Programming for Bioinformatics, Robert Gentleman, CRC Press, 2008, ISBN: 1420063685, 9781420063684

Programming in Scripting Languages (PYTHON, PERL & R)

| | | Semester-I | | | |
|---------------------------------------|----------------------|--|-------------|----------------------|---------------|
| Core | C | i | T/D | Cup dito. F | II |
| Core | Course Code | Programming in Scripting Languages (PYTHON, PERL | T/P | Credits:5 | Hours:5 |
| | 502204 | & R) | | | |
| | | UNIT I | | | |
| Objective - 1 | To introduce st | udents to pros and cons of scrip | ting vs. c | ompiled prog | gramming |
| | languages. | | | | |
| PERL: Scalar | data, Numbers, | Strings, Variables, Operators, H | ierarchy | of operators | , Variable |
| interpolation, | Basic I/O, Li | ists and Arrays: Literal Rep | oresentat | ion, Variabl | les, Array |
| Operators and | d Functions, Scal | ar and List Context, Control Str i | uctures: | Statement B | locks, The |
| If control str | ucture, While cor | ntrol structure, Hashes, Hash Fu | ınctions, | Use of Hash | es, |
| Pointers, Data | abase Connection | s and Database Operations. | | | |
| Outcome - 1 | Illustrate the b | asics of Perl and Python to deve | lop pytho | on programs | K2 |
| | with condition | al controls and loops. | | | |
| | | UNIT II | | | |
| Objective - 2 | To give studen | ts a thorough understanding of | f the Pyt | hon progran | nming |
| | _ | t's rich set of libraries. | | | |
| Introduction | to Python: Pyt | thon interpreter and interactive | e mode, v | values and d | ata types, |
| variables, exp | oressions, statem | nents, tuple assignment, preced | lence of | operators, c | omments, |
| modules and | functions, func | tion definition and use, flow | of execu | tion, param | eters and |
| arguments, C | ontrol Flow, Fu | unctions: Conditionals: Booled | an value. | s and opera | tors, if, if- |
| else, if-elif-els | e, Iteration: state | e, while, for, break, continue, pa | ss, Fruit | ful Function | ns: return |
| values, paran | neters, local and g | global scope, function composition | on, recur | sion, Strings | : string |
| slices, immuto | ability, string fund | ctions and methods, string modu | le, Lists a | is arrays. | |
| Outcome - 2 | Understand th | e pros and cons on scripting la | nguages | vs. classical | К2 |
| | programming i | languages (at a high level) | | | |
| | | UNIT III | | | |
| Objective - 3 | • | ents to applications where Pytho | | 0 ,, | ective (e.g. |
| 7 | | velopment, scripting, systems adr | | | |
| | | Python : Function Definition, | | | |
| | | Returning Values, Special Varia | | | |
| _ | | lobal Special Variables, Regula | _ | | - |
| | • | ses of Regular Expressions, Patte | | • | • |
| - | • | tching, The Split and Join Fu | | _ | , Splitting, |
| • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • | | ssertions, Character Classes, Alte | ernatives, | • | |
| Transliteration | 1 | | | | |
| Outcome - 3 | Relate Python J | features as a data analysis tool | | | K4 |
| | | UNIT IV | | | |
| Objective - 4 | Recognize simi | larities and common characteris | stics of pi | rogramming | languages. |
| Python-Lists | , Tuples, and | Dictionaries: Lists: operat | ions, sli | ces, method | ls, loop, |
| . 1 .1 | | - 1 · | | , | |

mutability, aliasing, cloning, parameters, Tuples: assignment, tuple as return value,

Dictionaries: operations and methods, advanced list processing, list comprehension, **Illustrative programs:** selection sort, insertion sort, mergesort. **Files, Modules, and Packages: Files and exception:** text files, reading and writing files, format operator, command line arguments, errors and exceptions, handling exceptions, modules, packages. Graph Algorithms, Balanced Search Tree, Greedy Algorithms, Stack and Queue, String or Pattern Matching Algorithms

Outcome - 4 Explore data-sets to create testable hypotheses and identify appropriate statistical tests.

UNIT V

Objective - 5 *Identify appropriate statistical methods for the data or problems and conduct their own analysis using the R environment*

Introduction to R-Programming: Introduction R Nults and Bolts (I), R Nults and Bolts (II), Getting Data In and Out of R, Control Structures and Functions, Loop Functions, Data Manipulation, String Operations, Packaging, Debugging and Object Oriented Programming, Data Visualization, Clustering, Regression and Classification, Data Analytics.

Outcome - 5 *Create and edit visualizations with R.*

K6

Text/ Reference Books:

Perl Larry Wall, Tom Christiansen, & Randal Schwartz, (2012) "Programming Perl", O-Reilly, Fourth Edition.

Hans PetterLangtangen, (2006)," Python Scripting for Computational Science", Springer Science & Business Media.

Seema Acharya, (2018), "Data Analytics Using R", McGraw Hill Education, First edition. David Till, (1996),"Teach Yourself Perl 5 in 21 days ", Sams Publishing, Second Edition. Tom Christiansen & Nathan Torkington, (1998),"Perl Cookbook", O'Reilly Media First Edition.

Kaladhar DSVGK, (2014), "Basics in PERL and BioPERL", GRINVerlag.

Jeff Chang, Brad Chapman, Iddo Friedberg, Thomas Hamelryck, (2017),"Biopython Tutorial and Cookbook".

Robert Sedgewick, Kevin Wayne, Robert Dondero, (2016), "Introduction to Programming in Python: An Inter-disciplinary Approach", Pearson India Education Services Pvt. Ltd. Timothy A. Budd, (2015) "Exploring Python", Mc-Graw Hill Education (India) Private Ltd. Guido van Rossum and Fred L. Drake Jr. (2011), "An Introduction to Python – Revised and updated for Python 3.2", Network Theory Ltd.

SandipRakshit, (2017) "R Programming for Beginners", McGraw Hill Education, First Edition. Jared P. Lander, (2018) "R for Everyone: Advanced Analytics and Graphics", Pearson Education, Second edition.

Course designed by: Dr.RM.Vidhyavathi

(On what level the COs & POs correlated each other -based on that we have to give marks)

Mapping Course Outcome VS Programme Outcomes

| СО | P01 | PO2 | P03 | P04 | PO5 | P06 | P07 | P08 | P09 | P010 |
|------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|------|
| CO1 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 2 | 3 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 |
| CO2 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 2 |
| CO3 | 3 | 2 | 3 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 2 |
| CO4 | 3 | 2 | 3 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 1 |
| CO5 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| W.AV | 3 | 2.6 | 3 | 2.2 | 1.9 | 1.4 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.8 | 1.6 |

S - Strong (3), M-Medium (2), L-Low (1)

Mapping Course Outcome VS Programme Specific Outcomes

| СО | PSO1 | PSO2 | PSO3 | PSO4 | PSO5 |
|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| CO1 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 2 |
| CO2 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 3 | 3 |
| CO3 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| CO4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 2 |
| CO5 | 3 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 2 |
| W.AV | 3 | 2 | 1.2 | 1.4 | 2 |

S-Strong (3), M-Medium (2), L-Low (1)

Assignment & Seminar Programming in Scripting Languages (PYTHON, PERL & R)

- 1. Decision making process in PERL programming.
- 2. Illustrates Regular Expressions with an example.
- 3. Discuss in detail about CGI Programming.
- 4. Describe about Database Manipulation.
- 5. Program to string processing in sub-routines.
- 6. Convert a DNA fast a file to RNA fasta file (using File Handling).
- 7. CGI-Perl program to submit a DNA sequence and validate the sequence.
- 8. CGI-Perl program to perform the Translation process for user given sequence.
- 9. Types of Operators in python Programming with an Example.
- 10. Chained conditional (if-elif-else), state, while, for, break, continue, pass, Fruitful.
- 11. Tuple assignment, tuple as return value.

- 12. Files and exception handling and its Packages.
- 13. Database search using Biopython.
- 14. Debugging and Object Oriented Programming, Loop Functions, Data Analytics.
- 15. Structures and Functions, Loop Functions of R.

Lab-II Molecular Biology and Biochemical Techniques

| Program: M.Sc., | Semester : II (2022 Onwards) |
|----------------------------------|---|
| Course Title: Lab – II Molecular | Class Time: As per Time Table |
| Biology and Biochemical | |
| Techniques Subject Code: 502205 | |
| Name of Course Teacher | Dr. M. Karthikeyan |
| | Dr. J. Joseph Sahayarayan |
| Moble: +91 9486981874 | E-mail: karthikeyanm@alagappauniversity.ac.in |
| + 91 9047564087 | josephj@alagappauniversity.ac.in |

Course Brief:

This course begins with a review of basic bio-analytical technique and an introduction to general terminologies along with their theory, working principles, common instrumentation and possible applications which will be equally beneficial to various scientific areas including, life science, chemical science, material science and environmental science.

Understanding of molecular structure & function is of central importance to students undertaking a major biological or chemical field. This course focuses on concepts of DNA/RNA, protein, lipid & carbohydrate comprehending the aspects from structure to function. Some content and assignments are based on current literature describing recent DNA, protein structures and how structure can be utilized to conclude the function of it. Laboratory work will emphasize the techniques required to analyze biomolecules. Students will integrate theoretical knowledge with experimental data.

Teaching Methods: The mode of teaching of delivering the courses are as follows through these below mentioned methodologies:

- Delivering the lectures in the form of presentation using advanced technologies devices such as smart board.
- Video-conferencing for lectures that will be sought from experts belonging to overseas reputed institutions
- Case-studies and Review questions

Attendance: Having good attendance record marks the student's sincerity and has an

| < 50 Marks in all | <i>50 < Your Marks < 59</i> | 60 < Your Marks < 75 | Your Marks ≥ 75 |
|-------------------|-----------------------------------|----------------------|-----------------|
|-------------------|-----------------------------------|----------------------|-----------------|

overall positive impact on his/her personality trait development. The students are asked to attend the classes on a regular note and those having a minimum scale of 70-75% attendance are eligible to take up the end-semester examinations as per the University norms.

Punctuality: It is the most important attribute to be followed and maintained by the student throughout his/her life which for sure will lead to the path of success. Students who arrive late by 10mins after the attendance will be marked absent unless there is a valid reason (medical/personal emergency) at the discretion of the Head of the Department.

Class Participation: A student's overall growth and personality development is based on his/her involvement in the class not just by mere presence but rather being interactive through questioning that will lead to propagation of ideas, initiation of thought-provoking process and much more that will provide a wholesome enriched classroom experience. Therefore, students are advised to be more attentive so that they learn from one another and develop quality-based knowledge.

Submission of Assignment: Assignments are given to students with just one motive to get more quantitative and qualitative knowledge insights into the assigned topic/chapter that will lead to preparation and completion of the assignment in a constructive manner here just the knowledge provided is not merely counted but also completion prior to proposed deadline will also have a check on the student's serious consideration of the assignments.

Presentation of Seminar: Apart from the assignments the concerned instructors also allocate the students with a topic or based on their interests to present seminar that will aid them built their confidence levels, command over English language to communicate with precision and fluently. In addition, the fellow students are encouraged to pose questions that will instigate interest and provide update in that particular topic besides the information presented helping them to prepare for their examinations that can be taken as added advantage for the students.

Preparedness: At the end of every class, the concerned instructor tells the students what will be taken in the next class using these details the students should be aware of the topics that will be covered in the upcoming lectures which actually enhance the student's capability to grasp the knowledge and concepts provided much efficiently.

Academic Dishonesty: This is an important aspect that every student should be aware of. Thus, the respective faculty members educate the students of possible means of academic malpractices (plagiarism, violation of copyrights and stealing the patented knowledge)

and the following consequences that will make them more vigilant in their academic career.

Subject to change clause: Based on the requirement of student's feasibility and meeting the competitive demands of the discipline the syllabus courses will be re-structured and updated accordingly at the discretion of the Professor(s) and Board of studies chairman.

Important dates: Please note down the important dates and stick to the schedule

| CIA Test I | CIA Test II | Assignment | Seminar |
|-------------|---------------|------------|----------|
| As per Acad | emic Calendar | After CL | A Test-I |

Course Outline: Lab-II: Molecular Biology and Biochemical Techniques

- 1. Collect samples from environment.
- 2. Extract and purify DNA from collected samples.
- 3. Use PCR to amplify specific regions from the chloroplast or mitochondrial DNA that are short but highly variable.
- 4. Analyze the proteins by using various Chromatographic methods.
- 5. Analyze PCR product by agarose-gel electrophoresis.
- 6. Use BLAST to identify sequences in database to taxonomically assign the sample.
- 7. PCR using primers specific for identification of species.
- 8. Construct genomic DNA libraries from wild-type.
- 9. Isolate plasmid DNA from surviving clones and obtain DNA sequence to identify the mutated gene.
- 10. Use bioinformatics to determine sequence differences between wild-type and mutant strains and compare to sequences recovered by functional complementation.

More books for Reading and Referencing:

Biochemical Calculations Paperback by Irwin H. Segel, 2010

ISBN: 10: 8126526432; ISBN: 13: 978-8126526437

Laboratory Manual of Biochemistry: Methods and Techniques by R. S. Sengar, 2014

ISBN: 10: 9383305029

Student Solutions Manual for Molecular Cell Biology by Harvey Lodish, 2012

ISBN: 13: 978-1464102301

Lab-II: Molecular Biology and Biochemical Techniques

| ^ | 0 0 1 | Semester- II | m /5 | 0 11: 0 | 77 - |
|---|--|--|--|--|--|
| Core | CourseCode 502205 | Lab-II: Molecular Biology and iochemical Techniques | T/P | Credits:3 | Hours:6 |
| | | Unit - I | | | |
| Objective - 1 | Carrvout various tv | ppes of practical laboratory wo | rk (chem | ical. biocher | nical and |
| , | _ |) in a safe way by means of | • | | |
| | | able to analyze, interpret and | | | , |
| | | with theoretical background is | nforms o | f different la | aboratory |
| | reports. | S | | , 33 | , |
| ApproachestoB | • | es:Bio-safetyrulesandregulation | sandGood | dLaboratory | Practice |
| (GL | - | , , | | eparation | of |
| | 2 · | ntrifugationmethods,Qualityand(| _ | | , |
| | - | meter,nanodrop.Quantificationo | | • | |
| dBradford'smeth | | | | | |
| Outcome - 1 | Remember the princ | ciples of good laboratory prac | tices an | d basics of | K1 |
| | biochemical techniq | | | , | |
| | paraentenniani eeenning | Unit - II | | | - |
| Objective - 2 | Data interpretation | including standard curve interp | olation (d | aranhina) an | d |
| , | • | lar weight of an unknown protei | | , | и |
| | uetermining molecui | iai weiaiil oi aii alikilowii bi olei | n or geno | rtype. | |
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| fromplants/hum | eparation Technique an/microorganisms; Pl | es: Cell culture, Isolation and Seplasmids isolation from microo | aration of ganisms, | of GenomicDl | VA |
| fromplants/hum RNAfromcells;Ag | eparation Technique an/microorganisms; Pl aroseGelElectrophoresi | es: Cell culture, Isolation and Sep | aration of ganisms, | of GenomicDl | V <i>A</i> |
| fromplants/hum RNAfromcells;Ag PAGEandSDS-PA | eparation Technique an/microorganisms; Pl aroseGelElectrophoresi .GE. | es: Cell culture, Isolation and Seplasmids isolation from microon is;Isolation,separationandanalysi | aration o ganisms, sofProtei | of GenomicDl nsbyNative- | _ |
| fromplants/hum RNAfromcells;Ag | eparation Technique an/microorganisms; Pl aroseGelElectrophoresi .GE. | es: Cell culture, Isolation and Seplasmids isolation from microo | aration o ganisms, sofProtei | of GenomicDl nsbyNative- | VA K2 |
| fromplants/hum RNAfromcells;Ag PAGEandSDS-PA | eparation Technique an/microorganisms; Pl aroseGelElectrophoresi .GE. | es: Cell culture, Isolation and Seplasmids isolation from microon is;Isolation,separationandanalysi | aration o ganisms, sofProtei | of GenomicDl nsbyNative- | _ |
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| fromplants/hum RNAfromcells;Ag PAGEandSDS-PA Outcome - 2 Objective - 3 | eparation Technique an/microorganisms; Pl aroseGelElectrophoresi GE. Understand the prod Genetic engineering in analysis, including DN | es: Cell culture, Isolation and Sep lasmids isolation from microon is;Isolation,separationandanalysi cess of DNA isolation and sepa Unit - III n microorganisms (e.g., bacteria, NA extraction, use of restriction e | garation of ganisms, isofProtein tration to yeast). Enzymes. | of GenomicDl nsbyNative- echniques DNA | K2 |
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Microscopes and immune techniques: Microscopes and immune techniques: Visualizationofcellsandsubcellularcomponentsbylightmicroscopy,resolvingpowersofdifferentm icroscopes, microscopy of living cells, scanning and transmission microscopes. Antigen and Antibody preparation, immune precipitation,Immunohistochemistry,ELISA&itsapplications,FlowcytometryandImmunofluores cence microscopy,ConfocalmicroscopyandFISH(Theory).

Outcome - 5 Evaluate the antigen-antibody interactions through immune techniques and microscopic analysis

K5

Reference and TextBooks:

JohnM.WalkerandRalphRapley,(2002)"MolecularBiologyandBiotechnology";UniversityofHertfordshire, Hatfield,UK,FourthEdition

 ${\it Bansal, M.P. (2013) "Molecular Biology and Biotechnology": Basic Experimental Protocols, New Delhi: TERI.$

R.H.Burdon, P.H.Van Knippenberg, (1990) "Laboratory techniques in Biochemistry and Molecular biology"; Elsevier Amsterdam. New York. Oxford, Second Edition, volume 8.

Rodney and Royer, (2004) ``Modern Experimental Biochemistry"; Pearsoned ucation, India.

Hans-WalterHeldt, (2004) "PlantBiochemistry"; ElsevierAcademicPress, Thirdedition.

James M. Miller, (2005) "Chromatography: Concepts and Contrasts"; Wiley-Interscience, Second Edition.

Richard I. Gumport, Jeremy M. Berg, Nancy Counts Gerber, (2006) "Biochemistry-AStudent Companion"; I.K. International Pvt, Ltd. Sixthedition.

Eisenthal, R. and Danson, M.J. (2006) "Enzymeassays"; Oxford University Press.

DonaldVoet, JudithG. Voet, (2010) "Biochemistry"; John Wiley & Sons Inc; 4th Edition.

KeithWilson, John Walker, (2010) "Principles and Techniques of Biochemistry and Molecular Biology"; Cambridge University Press; 7 Edition.

MichaelR.Green, Joseph Sambrook, (2012) "Molecular cloning: alaboratory manual"; Cold Spring Harbor, N.Y.: Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory Press, 4th Edition.

Michael M. Cox, Michael O'Donnell, Jennifer Duodena, (2015) "Molecular Biology: Principles and Practice Hardcover"; WH Freeman; 1st Edition.

DavidL.Nelson,Michael,(2017)"LehningerPrinciplesofBiochemistry:InternationalEdition,W HFreeman, 7thEdition, ISBN:9781319108243,1319108245.

Sambrook, J., Fritsch, E., & Maniatis, T. (2012). Molecular cloning (5thed.). Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory Press.

Wilson, K., & Walker, J. (2007). Principles and techniques of biochemistry and molecular biology (5th ed.). Cambridge: Cambridge University Press.

Online Resources:

- 3. https://link.springer.com/book/10.1007/978-3-642-56968-5
- 4. https://link.springer.com/book/10.1007/978-94-010-9363-7

Course designed by: Dr. M. Karthikeyan

(On what level the COs & POs correlated each other -based on that we have to give marks)

Mapping Course Outcome VS Programme Outcomes

| CO | P01 | PO2 | P03 | P04 | P05 | P06 | P07 | P08 | P09 | PO10 |
|------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|------|
| | | | | | | | | | | |
| CO1 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 2 |
| CO2 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 3 | 2 | 3 |
| CO3 | 3 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 3 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 2 |
| CO4 | 3 | 2 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 3 |
| CO5 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 2 |
| W. AV | 3 | 2.6 | 2.6 | 2.4 | 2.2 | 2.8 | 2.2 | 2.4 | 1.6 | 2.4 |

S-Strong (3), M-Medium (2), L-Low (1)

Mapping Course Outcome Vs Program Specific

outcomes

| СО | PSO1 | PSO2 | PSO3 | PSO4 | PSO5 |
|-------|------|------|------|------|------|
| CO1 | 1 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 2 |
| CO2 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 1 |
| CO3 | 3 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 1 |
| CO4 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 3 | 2 |
| CO5 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 1 |
| W. AV | 1.8 | 2.2 | 2.2 | 2.2 | 1.4 |

S-Strong (3), M-Medium (2), L-Low (1)

Assignment, Seminar & Practicals - Biochemical and Molecular Biology Techniques

- 1. Quantification of proteins by Lowry's and Bradford's methods.
- 2. Preparation of reagents buffers and adjust pH.
- 3. Acquisition of basic laboratory techniques.
- 4. Working under sterile conditions.
- 5. Isolation, separation and analysis of Proteins by Native-PAGE and SDS-PAGE
- 6. Pipetting.
- 7. Primer Design.
- 8. Chromatography and its types.
- 9. Protein assay (standard curve).
- 10. RNA extraction.
- 11. DNA isolation conventional PCR.
- 12. Blotting techniques.

SEMESTER-III

Genetics and Genetic Engineering

| Program: M.Sc., | Semester : III (2022 Onwards) |
|------------------------------------|---|
| Course Title: Genetics and Genetic | Class Time: As per Time Table |
| Engineering | |
| Subject Code: 502301 | |
| Name of Course Teacher | Dr. M. Karthikeyan |
| | Dr. J. Joseph Sahayarayan |
| Moble: +91 9486981874 | E-mail: karthikeyanm@alagappauniversity.ac.in |
| + 91 9047564087 | josephj@alagappauniversity.ac.in |

Course Brief:

Genetic and Genetic Engineering, also called "Recombinant DNA technology" is one of the main branches of biological sciences that deal with the manipulation of genetic material of any organism. This important course will explain to the students to understand the mechanism of genetic changes, techniques used for genetic modifications. The course also highlights basic and advanced molecular techniques such as polymerase chain reaction (PCR), DNA sequencing-which covers conventional first generation sequencing technology (Sanger Sequencing) to high throughput second (Pyrosequencing & Illumina) and third sequencing technologies (Nanopore, SMRT sequencing), blotting techniques, chromosomal changes and DNA profiling. The proposed course will cover topics starting from manipulation of organisms at genome level to use of that organism at various fields including agriculture, medical and pharmaceutical industries.

Teaching Methods: The mode of teaching of delivering the courses are as follows through these below mentioned methodologies:

- Delivering the lectures in the form of presentation using advanced technologies devices such as smart board.
- Video-conferencing for lectures that will be sought from experts belonging to overseas reputed institutions
- Case-studies and Review questions

Attendance: Having good attendance record marks the student's sincerity and has an overall positive impact on his/her personality trait development. The students are asked to attend the classes on a regular note and those having a minimum scale of 70-75% attendance are eligible to take up the end-semester examinations as per the University norms.

Punctuality: It is the most important attribute to be followed and maintained by the student throughout his/her life which for sure will lead to the path of success. Students

who arrive late by 10mins after the attendance will be marked absent unless there is a valid reason (medical/ personal emergency) at the discretion of the Head of the Department.

Class Participation: A student's overall growth and personality development is based on his/her involvement in the class not just by mere presence but rather being interactive through questioning that will lead to propagation of ideas, initiation of thought-provoking process and much more that will provide a wholesome enriched classroom experience. Therefore, students are advised to be more attentive so that they learn from one another and develop quality-based knowledge.

Submission of Assignment: Assignments are given to students with just one motive to get more quantitative and qualitative knowledge insights into the assigned topic/chapter that will lead to preparation and completion of the assignment in a constructive manner here just the knowledge provided is not merely counted but also completion prior to proposed deadline will also have a check on the student's serious consideration of the assignments.

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Preparedness: At the end of every class, the concerned instructor tells the students what will be taken in the next class using these details the students should be aware of the topics that will be covered in the upcoming lectures which actually enhance the student's capability to grasp the knowledge and concepts provided much efficiently.

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Important dates: *Please note down the important dates and stick to the schedule*

| CIA Test I | CIA Test II | Assignment | Seminar |
|-------------|---------------|------------|----------|
| As per Acad | emic Calendar | After CI | A Test-I |

Course Outline: Core: Genetics and Genetic Engineering

- 1. Understand and think about the basics of Genetic and Genetic Engineering.
- 2. To understand the role, use and types of different DNA modifying enzymes viz. Polymerases, Nucleases, restriction endonuclease, ligases etc.
- 3. Acquire basic knowledge of DNA sequencing methods from conventional (Sanger sequencing) to High throughput Next generation sequencing technology, their principle, chemistry, theory and types.
- 4. Syllabus will also provide plethora of information to students regarding basic molecular biology techniques like blotting and its different types, DNA foot printing as well as description of industrial application of genetic engineering Technology, therapeutic and enzymatic products and deployment of Genetics and Genetic Engineering in diagnosis and disease.

More books for Reading and Referencing:

| An Introduction to genetic engineering third edition – Desmond S.T.Nicholl |
|--|
| Genetic Engineering (Oxford Higher Education) Paperback – 8 Jul 2009 |
| Genetic Engineering Paperback – 1 Jul 2017 by <u>Sandhya Mitra</u> |

Genetics and Genetic Engineering

| Semester - III | | | | | | |
|---|---|------------|----------|--|--|--|
| Core | Course Code: 502301 | Credits: 5 | Hours :5 | | | |
| | | Unit - I | | | | |
| Objective - To define and explain basic concepts of genetics including phenotypes, alleles, dominance, inheritance patterns and mutations. | | | | | | |
| Basics of Genetics: Definition and scope of Genetics, Definitions- Phenotypes, Alleles, Dominance, Incomplete Dominance, co-dominance, Recessiveness, Homozygous, Heterozygous, Hemizygous, Penetrance and Expressivity. Mendelian genetics: Mendel's experiments, Law of segregation, monohybrid crosses, Law of independent assortment and exceptions, introduction to linkage and recombination, Inheritance in families, pedigree symbols, autosomal dominant, autosomal recessive X-linked inheritances. Multi-factorial, Mitochondrial and complex inheritance. | | | | | | |
| Outcome - 1 | Develop a strong foundation in the basics of genetics, including Mendelian genetics, inheritance patterns, and pedigree analysis. | | | | | |

| | Unit – II | |
|-----------------------------|--|-----------|
| Objective - | To describe gene interactions including complementary, supplementary, | epistatic |
| 2 | and non-epistatic interactions. | |
| Gene Mutat | tions and Interactions: Structure and organization of human | genome: |
| | , mitochondria. Definition and types of mutation, Eye color in Drosophil | • |
| • | h factor in Human. Genetic problems related. Gene interactions: Deviation | - |
| | nter Allelic-Complementary gene interaction Ex. Lathyrus odoratus. Supp | |
| | on Ex. Grain color in Maize. Epistasis: - Dominant –Ex. Fruit color in Cucurb | |
| Epistasis: - Re in Fowl. | cessive –Ex. Coat color in Mice. Inter allelic Non Epistatic: Ex. Comb pattern | |
| Outcome - 2 | Understand the facts about the gene mutations, interactions, and their implications in various organisms, including humans. | K2 |
| | Unit – III | |
| Objective - | To explain mechanisms of gene expression in prokaryotes and eukaryotes | and |
| 3 | methods to study gene expression. | |
| | ssion Studies: Prokaryotic and Eukaryotic Systems, Prokaryotic and Eu | |
| 0 | nization, structure and mechanisms of gene expression, factors involved | 0 |
| | Basic concepts of replication, Regulation of translation, Post transc | _ |
| | , processing of DNA, RNA and proteins methods for studying gene expres | sion and |
| | quences, large-scale expression analysis, Recombinant DNA technology, | C |
| • | n- Isolation and purification of proteins-various techniques, Mechanisms of | genome |
| alterations. | | |
| Outcome - 3 | Master the concepts of gene expression, regulation, and recombinant | К5 |
| | DNA technology in prokaryotic and eukaryotic systems. Unit – IV | 11.5 |
| Ohiostico | | |
| Objective - | To describe methods of genetic transfer and mapping as well as apply cond | cepts of |
| Cono Trons | population genetics. | nhiam at |
| | Fer methods and Population studies: Genetic variations and polymory II, Epigenetic mechanisms of inheritance, Methods of genetic trai | |
| | n, Epigenetic mechanisms of inheritance, Methods of genetic trai on, conjugation, transduction and sexduction, mapping genes by interrupted | - |
| | analysis of genes. Basic Human genetics: Pedigree analysis, linkage | i muung, |
| | types, genetic disorders, Population genetics, Hardy Weinberg Principle. | |
| Outcome - 4 | Acquire knowledge of gene transfer methods, population genetics, and | |
| | human genetics, including genetic disorders and karyotypes. | К3 |
| | Unit-V | |
| | To elucidate genetic engineering strategies for plants and animals includ | lina |
| Objective - 5 | Agrobacterium-mediated transformation, applications and safety issues. | ing |
| virulence, Ti | neering Strategies: Genetic transformation by using Agrobacterium tum and Ri plasmids, binary vectors and their utility, T DNA transfer, Agroba e delivery, selectable markers, Monocot and dicot transformation, Managa | acterium |

transgenic plants, Applications of plant genetic engineering, Abiotic and biotic stress resistance, Pest Resistance, Herbicide Resistance, Mechanism of gene action, fruit ripening process, Improvement of the nutritional quality of seeds, Edible vaccines, Issues in Genetic

Engineering, Bio and Environmental safety of transgenic products. Methods of gene transfer to animal cell culture, Selectable markers for animal cells - Isolation and manipulation of mammalian embryonic stem cells.

Outcome - 5 *Know the aspects of genetic engineering strategies for plant and animal improvement, addressing issues related to bio and environmental safety.*

K3

Text and Reference Books:

Sandy B., Primrose and Richard Twyman. (2016). Principles of Gene Manipulation and genomics; Wiley-Blackwell. 7th Edition

Brown T. A. (2016). Gene cloning and DNA analysis, An introduction; Wiley-Blackwell, 7th edition.

Watson, J. D, Gilman, M., Witkowski, J., and Zoller, M. (2007) Recombinant DNA: Genes and Genomes: A Short Course, W.H. Freeman and Co., New York, N.Y., U.S.A. 3rd Edition. Gunder. (2010) Essentials of Medical Genetics Jones and Bartlett learning 1st edition. Strachan T, and Read AP. (2012) "Human Molecular Genetics"; Garland Science Publisher 4th edition.

Bruce. R. Korf. (2013) Human Genetics and genome 4th edition kindle edition. Jin Kim. (2017) Cancer Genetics and Genomics for Personalized Medicine 2nd edition.

Course designed by:Dr. J. Joseph Sahayarayan

(On what level the COs & POs correlated each other -based on that we have to give marks)

Mapping Course Outcome VS Programme Outcomes

| СО | P01 | P02 | P03 | P04 | P05 | P06 | P07 | P08 | P09 | P010 |
|-------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|------|
| CO1 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 2 | 3 | 2 | 3 | 2 | 3 |
| CO2 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 2 | 3 | 2 | 3 | 2 | 3 |
| CO3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 2 | 3 | 2 | 3 | 2 | 3 |
| CO4 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 2 | 3 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| CO5 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 2 | 3 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| W. AV | 3 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 2 | 3 | 2 | 3 | 2.4 | 3 |

S - Strong (3), M-Medium (2), L-Low (1)

Mapping Course Outcome VS Programme Specific Outcomes

| СО | PSO1 | PSO2 | PSO3 | PSO4 | PSO5 |
|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| CO1 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 3 | 3 |
| CO2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 3 | 3 |
| CO3 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 3 | 3 |
| CO4 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 3 | 3 |
| CO5 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 3 | 3 |
| W.AV | 2 | 2 | 2 | 3 | 3 |

S-Strong (3), M-Medium (2), L-Low (1)

Assignment & Seminar - Genetics and Genetic Engineering

- 1. Mendel's experiments.
- 2. Sex linked inheritance.
- 3. Pedigree Analysis.
- 4. Types of mutation.
- 5. Blood groups, Rh factor in Human, Epistasis.
- 6. Genome organization of Prokaryotic and Eukaryotic cell, Regulation of translation, Post transcriptional modifications.
- 7. Mechanism of genome alteration.
- 8. Chromosomal abnormalities.
- 9. Oncogenes, Tumor suppressor genes.
- 10. Selectable markers, abiotic and biotic stress resistance, fruit ripening, edible vaccines.

Structural Biology

| Program: M.Sc., | Semester: III (2022 Onwards) |
|----------------------------------|--|
| Course Title: Structural Biology | Class Time: As per Time Table |
| Subject Code: 502302 | |
| Name of the Course Teacher | Prof. J. Jeyakanthan |
| Mobile: +91 - 97898 09245 | Email: jjeyakanthan@alagappauniversity.ac.in |

Course Brief:

Protein structure forms a central hub to the modern understanding of biological processes and is used in various biotechnological applications including the design of medicines and vaccines, agrochemicals and enzymes for industrial processes. This course aims to extend the discussions on protein structure and function present in microbes, insects, animals and human models and to use this knowledge to gain an understanding of the essential processes of molecular biology. The course covers two principle themes: Small molecular X-ray crystallography: topics include Crystal growth and its techniques, Crystallization of synthetic compounds, X-ray data collection and direct methods to refine the structure. Macromolecular X-ray crystallography topics include - structure and function of different classes of proteins, cloning, expression, purification, crystallization, data collection and structure solution/ determination. Protein folding, Protein degradation, development of new therapies, molecular interactions and recognition are covered in this syllabus.

Teaching Methods: The mode of teaching of delivering the courses are as follows through these below mentioned methodologies:

• Delivering the lectures in the form of presentation using advanced technologies devices such as smart board.

- Video-conferencing for lectures that will be sought from experts belonging to overseas reputed institutions
- Case-studies and Review questions

Attendance: Having good attendance record marks the student's sincerity and has an overall positive impact on his/her personality trait development. The students are asked to attend the classes on a regular note and those having a minimum scale of 70-75% attendance are eligible to take up the end-semester examinations as per the University norms.

Punctuality: It is the most important attribute to be followed and maintained by the student throughout his/her life which for sure will lead to the path of success. Students who arrive late by 10mins after the attendance has been taken will be marked absent unless there is a valid reason (medical/personal emergency) at the discretion of the Head of the Department. **Class Participation:** A student's overall growth and personality development is based on his/her involvement in the class not just by mere presence but rather being interactive through questioning that will lead to propagation of ideas, initiation of thought-provoking process and much more that will provide a wholesome enriched classroom experience. Therefore, students are advised to be more attentive so that they learn from one another and develop quality-based knowledge.

Submission of Assignment: Assignments are given to students with just one motive to get more quantitative and qualitative knowledge insights into the assigned topic/chapter that will lead to preparation and completion of the assignment in a constructive manner here just the knowledge provided is not merely counted but also completion prior to proposed deadline will also have a check on the student's serious consideration of the assignments.

Presentation of Seminar: Apart from the assignments the concerned instructors also allocate the students with a topic or based on their interests to present seminar that will aid them built their confidence levels, command over English language to communicate with precision and fluently. In addition, the fellow students are encouraged to pose questions that will instigate interest and provide update in that particular topic besides

the information presented helping them to prepare for their examinations that can be taken as added advantage for the students.

Preparedness: At the end of every class, the concerned instructor tells the students what will be taken in the next class using these details the students should be aware of the

topics that will be covered in the upcoming lectures which actually enhance the student's capability to grasp the knowledge and concepts provided much efficiently.

Academic Dishonesty: This is an important aspect that every student should be aware of. Thus, the respective faculty members educate the students of possible means of academic malpractices (plagiarism, violation of copyrights and stealing the patented knowledge) and the following consequences that will make them more vigilant in their academic career.

Subject to change clause: Based on the requirement of student's feasibility and meeting the competitive demands of the discipline the syllabus courses will be re-structured and updated accordingly at the discretion of the Professor(s) and Board of studies chairman.

Important dates: *Please note down the important dates and stick to the schedule*

| CIA Test I | II CIA Test | Assignment | Seminar |
|------------|----------------|------------|----------|
| As per Aca | demic Calendar | After CL | A Test-I |

Course Outline: Structural Biology

- Small molecular X-ray crystallography: include Crystal growth and its techniques, Crystallization of synthetic compounds X-ray data collection and direct methods to refine the structure.
- Macromolecular X-ray crystallography: include structure and function of different classes of proteins, cloning, expression, purification, crystallization, data collection and structure solution/determination.
- Tools for model building and refinement.
- Structural data repositories: Protein Data Bank, Electron Microscopy Data Bank.
- Tools for homology modeling: WHATIF, AutoRickshaw, ARP/wARP, and other software.
- Tools and resources for drug discovery: ChEMBL, GOLD for protein-ligand docking, PDBeChem, PDBeMotif.
- Tools and resources for protein analysis and classification: Pfam, CATH, SCOP, InterPro, PDBeFold, ProFunc.

More books for Reading and Referencing

Macromolecular Crystallography with Synchrotron Radiation by John R. Helliwell; 2004, **ISBN:0521334675**

Principles of X-ray Crystallography by Li-ling Ooi; 2010, ISBN:9780199539045

International Tables for Crystallography, Volume C: Mathematical, Physical AND Chemical Tables edited by E. Prince, 2004, **ISBN:1-4020-1900-9**

STRUCTURAL BIOLOGY

| Semester – III | | | | | | | | | | |
|--|-------------------------------------|---|--------------------|----------------|----------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| Core | Course Code: | Structural Biology | T/p | Credits: 5 | Hours :5 | | | | | |
| | 502302 | | | | | | | | | |
| Unit I | | | | | | | | | | |
| Objectives -1 | To and compreh | end basic knowledge un | iderlying i | the demonstr | ate central | | | | | |
| | concepts in the | concepts in the structural biology through theoretical and practical | | | | | | | | |
| methodologies. | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | hy : General concepts, | | | | | | | | |
| | | crystal and Amorphous | | | | | | | | |
| | | of point groups and | | | | | | | | |
| | . ,, | ction and its application | | | ggs' Law and | | | | | |
| | 2 33 | on, Atomic scattering fa | ctor, Stru | cture factor | | | | | | |
| | sity calculations, | • | | | | | | | | |
| Outcome - 1 | | the basic ideas of struct | | gy and expla | in K2 | | | | | |
| | the X – ray to de | escribe the crystal systen | 1S. | | | | | | | |
| | <u> </u> | Unit - II | | | • | | | | | |
| Objective - 2 | | fundamentals of proteo | | ed research | and | | | | | |
| | solution structu | re determination of bion | nolecules. | | | | | | | |
| = = | ortance of NMR i Creating the ba | nd general aspects of strain of Structural Biology, Cry sic experiments and resein, isolate, purify and | o-EM. earch met | hods to ident | ify K5 | | | | | |
| | p. occino. | Unit - III | | | I | | | | | |
| Objective - 3 | To approach | | l functio | on relation | ships of | | | | | |
| • | | nd methods to solving t | , | | . , | | | | | |
| | structures. | | | _ | | | | | | |
| Small Molecule | X-ray Crystallo | graphy: Crystal growth | - various | techniques, C | rystallization | | | | | |
| of small molecu | les from synthet | tic compounds, Single o | crystal X- | ray data col | llection, data | | | | | |
| reduction. Struct | ture solution–App | lication of direct metho | ds of solvi | ng a | | | | | | |
| small molecule, | Patterson metho | od. Refinement of cryst | al structi | ıre – Fourie | r refinement, | | | | | |
| • | • | s techniques. Structure v | | | | | | | | |
| Outcome - 3 | | vitro analysis that aid to | determin | e the small an | nd K5 | | | | | |
| | macromolecula | | | | | | | | | |
| | | Unit - IV | | | | | | | | |
| Objective - 4 | | herapeutic impacts by n | • | • | | | | | | |
| its atomistic structure and its correlation with function delivered in | | | | | | | | | | |
| Described W | biological proce | | - (-''' | 1 | | | | | | |
| | | Crystallization methods | | | | | | | | |
| - | - | ystallization methods, H | - | ns screening, | x-ray data | | | | | |
| | | Integration, various P s, interpretation of elec | | city mane et | ructuro | | | | | |
| siructure determ | munon memous | , interpretation of elec | uon uens | sicy mups, st | ucture | | | | | |

| | | _ | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|--------------|---------------|-----------------|---------|--------------|--|-----------|--|--|--|--|--|
| solution, structure refinement, Structure Validation and Analysis. Structure | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Classification, F | Classification, Folds and Motifs, Deposition of structure in Protein Data Bank (PDB). | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Outcome - 4 Demonstrate the document in proper computational and | | | | | | | | K4 | | | | | |
| experimental approaches. | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Unit-V | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Objective - 5 | To acqu | ire knowled | lge on the vo | rious aspects | of the | protein cry | vstal | | | | | | |
| | structui | e and mole | cular aspects | s of theprotein | n cryst | al structure | | | | | | | |
| Molecular Geometries and Interactions: R-factors, B-factors, Density fit, Unit map, | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Bulk-solvent corrections. Internal geometry of molecule (Bond lengths, Bond angles and | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Torsion angles), Conformation of small and macromolecule structures, Ramachandran Plot, | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| thermal motio | n analys | is. Planarit | y, Chirality, | covalent an | d non | -covalent i | thermal motion analysis. Planarity, Chirality, covalent and non-covalent interactions- | | | | | | |

Application of X-ray crystallography in drug design.

Outcome - 5

Create a power point presentation with animation, audio and video of interactions between the complex protein

hydrogen bonds, hydrophobic, van der Waals forces, disulphide bonds etc.

Text and Reference Books:

Giacovazzo, C. Monaco, H.L. Artioli, G. Viterbo, D. Milanesio, M. Ferraris, G. Gilli, G. Gilli, P. Zanotti, G. Catti, M. (2011) "Fundamentals of Crystallography - Third Edition"; International Unioin of Crystallography; Oxford [u.a.]: Oxford Univ. Press, Oxford Science Publications

Carl Branden and John Tooze (1991) "Introduction to Protein Structure": Garland Publishing Inc

Amit Kessel and Nir Ben Tal (2018). "Introduction to Proteins. Structure, Function and Motion - Second Edition"; CRC Press - Taylor and Francis Group.

Toshiya Senda and Katsumi Maenaka (2016). "Advanced Methods in Structural Biology"; Springer.

Bernhard Rupp (2010). "Biomolecular Crystallography - Principles, Practice and Application to Structural biology"; GS - Garland Science - Taylor and Francis Group.

George H. Stout, Lyle H. Jensen (1989) "X-Ray Structure Determination": John Wiley & Sons

Jan Drenth (1994) "Principles of Protein Crystallography"; Springer-Verlag New York, Inc

Bourne, P. E. & Weissig, H. (2003) "Structural bioinformatics"; Wiley-Liss

Christopher Hammond (2009) "The Basics of crystallography and diffraction" Oxford. Liljas, A., Liljas, L., Piskur, J., Lindblom, G. Nissen, P. Kjeldgaard, M. (2009) "Textbook of structural biology"; Hackensack, N.J. World Scientific.

Dmitri I. Svergun (2013) "Small angle X-Ray and neutron scattering from solutions of biological macromolecules" Oxford.

Marcus Frederick Charles Ladd and Rex Alfred Palmer, (2013), Structure Determination by X-ray Crystallography, Springer.

David Blow., and Jan Denth (2014) "Macromolecular crystallography"

Li-ling Ooi, (2014), Principles of x-ray crystallography, Oxford University Press

F. C. Philips "An Introduction to Crystallography", Cambridge

Course designed by:Dr. J. Jeyakanthan

(On what level the COs & POs correlated each other -based on that we have to give marks)

Mapping Course Outcome VS Programme Outcomes

| CO | P01 | P02 | P03 | P04 | P05 | P06 | P07 | P08 | P09 | P010 |
|------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|------|
| CO1 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 3 | 2 | 2 | 3 |
| CO2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 3 |
| CO3 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 3 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 |
| CO4 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 2 | 3 | 2 | 2 | 2 |
| CO5 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 |
| W.AV | 2 | 2.2 | 2.2 | 2.2 | 2 | 2.2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2.4 |

S-Strong (3), M-Medium (2), L-Low (1)

Mapping Course Outcome VS Programme Specific Outcomes

| CO | PSO1 | PSO2 | PSO3 | PSO4 | PSO5 |
|------------|------|------|------|------|------|
| CO1 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| CO2 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| CO3 | 3 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| CO4 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| W. AV | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 |

S - Strong (3), M-Medium (2), L-Low (1)

Assignment & Seminar - Structural Biology

- 1. X-ray and its properties; X-ray generation diffraction and its applications.
- 2. Structure factor, Electron density calculations and phase problem.
- 3. Point group, Space group, Crystal systems and Symmetry.
- 4. Synchrotron radiation and its implications in structure determination.
- 5. *NMR- Introduction and general aspects of structure determination.*
- 6. Application of direct methods over Patterson method of solving a small molecule.
- 7. Protein structure determination methods Molecular Replacement technique (MR), Single Isomorphous Replacement method (SIR), Multiple Isomorphous Replacement Method (MIR), Single wavelength Anomalous Diffraction method (SAD) and Multi wavelength Anomalous Diffraction method (MAD).
- 8. Application of X-ray crystallography in drug design.

- 9. Conformation of small and macromolecule structures and thermal motion analysis.
- 10. list out the places for Synchrotron and NMR facilities available for Protein Structure Determination.

Pharmacogenomics

| Program: M.Sc., | Semester: III (2022 Onwards) |
|--------------------------------|---|
| Course Title: Pharmacogenomics | Class Time: As per Time Table |
| Subject Code: 502303 | |
| Name of the Course Teacher | Dr. M. Karthikeyan |
| Moble: +91 9486981874 | E-mail: karthikeyanm@alagappauniversity.ac.in |

Course Brief:

The course will provide an introduction to the application of genetic and genomic methods to the study of drug response and the genetic basis for variation in that response. It will give students a broad perspective on the emergence of Pharmacogenomics as a new field and provide them with insight into the growing importance it will play in clinical therapeutics and future drug design. The latest advancement in NGS sequencing will be much helpful to students to gain insights into Pharmacogenomics.

Teaching Methods: The mode of teaching of delivering the courses are as follows through these below mentioned methodologies:

- Delivering the lectures in the form of presentation using advanced technologies devices such as smart board.
- Video-conferencing for lectures that will be sought from experts belonging to overseas reputed institutions
- Case-studies and Review questions

Attendance: Having good attendance record marks the student's sincerity and has an overall positive impact on his/her personality trait development. The students are asked to attend the classes on a regular note and those having a minimum scale of 70-75% attendance are eligible to take up the end-semester examinations as per the University norms.

Punctuality: It is the most important attribute to be followed and maintained by the student throughout his/her life which for sure will lead to the path of success. Students who arrive late by 10mins after the attendance has been taken will be marked absent unless there is a valid reason (medical/personal emergency) at the discretion of the Head of the Department.

Class Participation: A student's overall growth and personality development is based on his/her involvement in the class not just by mere presence but rather being interactive through questioning that will lead to propagation of ideas, initiation of thought-provoking process and much more that will provide a wholesome enriched classroom experience. Therefore, students are advised to be more attentive so that they learn from one another and develop quality-based knowledge.

Submission of Assignment: Assignments are given to students with just one motive to get more quantitative and qualitative knowledge insights into the assigned topic/chapter that will lead to preparation and completion of the assignment in a constructive manner here just the knowledge provided is not merely counted but also completion prior to proposed deadline will also have a check on the student's serious consideration of the assignments.

Presentation of Seminar: Apart from the assignments the concerned instructors also allocate the students with a topic or based on their interests to present seminar that will aid them built their confidence levels, command over English language to communicate with precision and fluently. In addition, the fellow students are encouraged to pose questions that will instigate interest and provide update in that particular topic besides the information presented helping them to prepare for their examinations that can be taken as added advantage for the students.

Preparedness: At the end of every class, the concerned instructor tells the students what will be taken in the next class using these details the students should be aware of the topics that will be covered in the upcoming lectures which actually enhance the student's capability to grasp the knowledge and concepts provided much efficiently.

Academic Dishonesty: This is an important aspect that every student should be aware of. Thus, the respective faculty members educate the students of possible means of academic malpractices (plagiarism, violation of copyrights and stealing the patented knowledge) and the following consequences that will make them more vigilant in their academic career.

Subject to change clause: Based on the requirement of student's feasibility and meeting the competitive demands of the discipline the syllabus courses will be re-structured and updated accordingly at the discretion of the Professor(s) and Board of studies chairman.

Important dates: *Please note down the important dates and stick to the schedule*

| CIA Test I | II CIA Test | Assignment | Seminar |
|------------|----------------|------------|----------|
| As per Aca | demic Calendar | After CL | A Test-I |

Course Outline: Core: Pharmacogenomics

- Basic concepts of pharmacogenomics and genetics diseases.
- Pharmacogenomics necessity in drug designing.
- Polymorphisms and their importance in drug designing.
- *Structural influence in the Drug response.*
- Prediction of structural changes among sequences by the influence of polymorphisms.
- Tools for pharmacogenomic analysis. Pharmacokinetics (PK), Pharmacodynamics (PD).
- Target Structure optimization, Validation, lead identification, ADME prediction.
- Synthesis, assay, and clinical trials for the identification of novel drug.
- Allele-Specific Variation in Human Gene Expression and Genome-Wide Analysis of Allele-Specific Gene Expression.
- Expression study using Oligo Microarrays, Roche Ampli Chip, HaploChIP.
- NGS technology and application in Pharmacogenomics.
- Association Studies in Pharmacogenomics Pharmacogenomics of Anticoagulation drugs.
- Ethical issues for Pharmacogenomics.
- Pharmacogenomics and Future of Pharmaceuticals.

More books for Reading and Referencing

Molecular analysis and Genome discovery; *John Willey & Sons, Ltd. by Rapley, R. & Harbron, S. 2012*, **ISBN: 978097758779**

Comparative genomics: empirical and analytical approaches to gene order dynamics, map alignment and the evolution of gene families; Netherlands, Kluwer Academic Publishers by Sankoff, D. & Nadeau, J.H. 2000, ISBN:978-0-7923-6584-6, 978-94-011-4309-7

Pharmacogenomics

| | Semester-I | | | | | | | | |
|------|--------------------------|------------------|-----|-----------|---------|--|--|--|--|
| Core | Course Code 502303 | Pharmacogenomics | T/P | Credits:4 | Hours:5 | | | | |
| | UNIT I | | | | | | | | |

Objective - 1 To understand the principles of human genetics and genomics as they apply to improving the problems in drug therapy optimization and patient care.

Introduction and Concepts in Genomics: Large scale genome sequencing strategies, Genome assembly and annotation, Genome databases of plants, animals and pathogens. Metagenomics: Gene networks: basicconcepts, computational model such as Lambda receptor and lac operon Prediction of genes, promoters, splice sites, regulatory regions: basicprinciples, application of methods to prokaryotic and eukaryotic genomes and

interpretation of results, Basic concepts on identification of disease genes, role of bioinformatics-OMIM database, reference genome sequence, integrated genomic maps, gene expression profiling; Identification of SNPs, SNP database(DbSNP).

Outcome - 1 Understanding the principles of pharmacogenomics and its significance in drug therapy

UNIT II

K2 &K4

Objective - 2 To gain a knowledge about comparative and functional genomics

Comparative genomics: Basic concepts and applications, BLAST2, Mega Blast algorithms, PipMaker, AVID, Vista, MUMmer, applications of suffix tree in comparative genomics, synteny and gene order comparisons, Comparative genomics databases: Clusters of Orthologous Groups (COGs) Functional genomics: Application of sequence based and structure-based approaches to assignment of gene functions – e.g. sequence comparison, structure analysis(especially active sites, binding sites) and comparison, pattern identification, etc. Use of various derived databases in function assignment, Polymorphisms Introduction, types and importance in Drug targets. Prediction of structural changes among sequences by the influence of polymorphisms.

Outcome - 2

Understanding the structural and functional aspects of polymorphisms.

UNIT III

Objective - 3

To improve patient outcomes by maximizing efficacy and minimizing toxicity of drug therapy through research, teaching and service focused on genetically-guided drug therapy decision-making, drug discovery and drug development.

Pharmacogenomics Overview, Concepts and Applications: Introduction, basic concepts about genetics diseases. Personalized medicine- introduction and importance. The genetics of therapeutic targets and gene-based targets. Pharmacogenomics necessity in drug designing. Drug response to patients, Structural influence in the Drug response. Efficacy and metabolism of drugs. Pharmacogenomics vs. Structural Pharmacogenomics. Drug metabolism pathways and adverse drug reactions. Tools for pharmacogenomic analysis. Pharmacokinetics (PK), Pharmacodynamics (PD). Process in Structural Pharmacogenomics – Target Structure optimization, Validation, leadidentification, ADME prediction, synthesis, assays and Clinicaltrials.

Outcome - 3

Understand the pharmacodynamics and pharmacokinetics properties of the drug.

UNIT IV

Objective - 4

To help students to gain knowledge about the NGS technologies and various techniques useful in Personalized drug designing.

Pharmacogenomics analysis, Techniques and Case study: Role of SNP in Pharmacogenomics, SNP arrays DNA microarray: database and basic tools, Gene Expression Omnibus(GEO), Array Express, SAGE databases. DNA microarray: understanding of microarray data, normalizing microarray data, detecting differential gene expression, correlation of gene expression data to biological process and computational

analysis tools(especially clustering approaches). Application of NGS in Pharmacogenomics: Emergence of Next generation sequencing, Illumina Genome Analyzer, Nanopore Sequencing, Single Molecule Real Time DNA sequencing, Comparison of Next generation sequencing techniques, Drawbacks of NGS, NGS File formats, & applications. Ethical issues for Pharmacogenomics; Future of Pharmaceuticals.

| Outcome - 4 | Discuss about the NGS techniques and its applications in | K4 | | | | | | | |
|---|---|-----------|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| | Pharmacogenomics. | | | | | | | | |
| UNIT V | | | | | | | | | |
| Objective - 5 | | | | | | | | | |
| Case Study | Examples-Cancer Pharmacogenomics: Concepts of cancer | genomics, | | | | | | | |
| Bioinformatics | Bioinformatics in cancer diagnosis, prognosis and treatment, cancer specific databases: TCGA, | | | | | | | | |
| ICGC, COSMIC, importance of copy number alterations in Cancer, Bioinformatics methods for | | | | | | | | | |
| detecting copy | number alterations, correlating clinical outcomes with genomic | | | | | | | | |

Outcome - 5 Application of various computational tools to analyze gene expression data.

Text and ReferencesBooks:

Falconer, D.S., Mackay, T.F.C., (1996) "Introduction to Quantitative Genetics". Pears on Education Ltd, 4th Edition

Yan,Qing.(2014). "PharmacogenomicsinDrugDiscoveryand Development"; Springer–Verlag, NewYork, LLC, 2ndEdition.

Yui-Wing,LCavallari.(2013). "Pharmacogenomics-

data, Survival analysis and use of bioinformatics for personal medicine.

 $Challenges and Opportunities in The rapeutic Implementation" A cademic Press, 1 {\it St} Edition.$

Sankoff, D. & Nadeau, J.H. (2000) "Comparative genomics: empirical and analytical approaches togene order dynamics, mapalignment and theevolution of gene families"; Netherlands, Kluwer Academic Publishers.

Richard, J.R. (2003) "Analysis of Genesand Genomes"; Wiley Publications.

Mount, D. (2004) "Bioinformatics: Sequence and Genome Analysis";2ndedition, Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory Press, New York.

Rapley,R.&Harbron,S.(2004)"MolecularanalysisandGenomediscovery";JohnWilley&Sons,Ltd.

RussB.Altman.(2012). "Principles of Pharmacogenetics and Pharmacogenomics", Cambridge University Press.

Online Resources:

1. https://link.springer.com/book/10.1007/978-1-59745-205-2 https://onlinelibrary.wiley.com/doi/book/10.1002/9781119959601

Course designed by: Dr. M. Karthikeyan

Mapping Course Outcome Vs Program Outcomes

| CO | P01 | P02 | P03 | P04 | P05 | P06 | P07 | P08 | P09 | P010 |
|------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|------|
| | | | | | | | | | | |
| CO1 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | - | - | 2 | 3 | 3 |
| CO2 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 3 | - | 3 | 3 | 1 | 1 |
| CO3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 1 | - | 2 | 3 | 2 | 1 |
| CO4 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 3 | 1 |
| CO5 | 2 | 2 | 3 | 2 | 3 | 1 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 1 |
| W. AV | 2.4 | 2.4 | 2.4 | 2.2 | 2.4 | 0.8 | 2.2 | 2.6 | 2.2 | 1.4 |

S-Strong (3), M-Medium (2), L-Low (1)

Mapping Course Outcome Vs Program Specific

outcomes

| СО | PSO1 | PSO2 | PSO3 | PSO4 | PSO5 |
|------------|------|------|------|------|------|
| CO1 | 1 | 1 | 3 | - | - |
| CO2 | 1 | - | 3 | 1 | 1 |
| CO3 | 3 | - | 1 | 2 | 3 |
| CO4 | 2 | 3 | 2 | 2 | 1 |
| CO5 | 3 | 2 | 3 | 2 | 2 |
| W. AV | 2 | 1.2 | 2.4 | 1.4 | 1.4 |

S-Strong (3), M-Medium (2), L-Low (1)

Assignment & Seminar: Pharmacogenomics

- I. Objective type Questions. Choose the correct or most correct alternatives
- 1. Potential outcomes of pharmacogenetic research include all the following except
 - *A) lower incidence of adverse drug effects.*
 - *B) new drug development.*
 - *C)* higher health care costs.
 - D) improved treatment outcomes.
 - *E)* pretreatment screening for genetic polymorphisms.
- 2. The most commonly occurring variant in the human genome is
 - A) tandem-repeat polymorphism.
 - *B)* premature stop codon.
 - *C)* nucleotide base insertion.
 - *D)* single-nucleotide polymorphism.
 - *E)* defective gene splicing.
- 3. Genetic variations in drug targets may contribute to which drug property?

A) Bioavailability

- B) Half-life
- *C)* Racial differences in response
- *D) Peak-dose area under the curve*
- *E)* Entry into the central nervous system

4. CYP2D6 polymorphism can affect:

- A) drug efficacy.
- *B) drug toxicity.*
- *C)* drug interaction potential.
- *D)* drug delivery.
- E) a, b, and c.
- *II.* Write short notes for the following questions
- 5. Explain the role of Bioinformatics in Pharmacogenomics.
- 6. Students should complete one large sequence analysis projects during the course.
- 7. What is polymorphism? and explain its importance in drug targeting.
- 8. Prepare a Glossary for any 25 Cyp enzymes involved in Pharmacogenomics.
- 9. How pharmacogenomics aims to improve drug efficacy and toxicity?
- 10. Explain about Single Nucleotide Polymorphism and its role in Pharmacogenomics.
- 11. Describe personalized medicine and its importance.

Lab-III: Computer Aided Drug Design (CADD)

| Program: M.Sc., Bioinformatics | Semester : III (2022 Onwards) |
|---------------------------------------|---|
| Course Title: Lab-III: Computer Aided | Class Time: As per Time table |
| Drug Design (CADD) | |
| Subject Code: 502304 | |
| Name of Course Teacher | Dr. Sanjeev Kumar Singh |
| Mobile: +91-9894429800 | Email: sksingh@alagappauniversity.ac.in |

Course Brief:

The course depicts the core concepts of Computer Aided Drug Designing methods. It covers a vast range of methods and computational tools used in drug designing which includes, virtual screening methods, structure similarity searching method, protein structure prediction, molecular dynamics simulation, different types of molecular docking and its related software(s), pharmacophore concepts, combinatorial synthesis, QSAR and its theory. This course serves the students not only provides hands on experience on various computational tools but also offer sound knowledge on understanding the merits and demerits of the methods and tools available. This course also serves the students to get prepared for the extensive research in the field of Computer Aided Drug Designing.

Teaching Methods: The mode of teaching is based on the following learning activities:

• Lectures covering the theoretical part will be delivered using PowerPoint presentations.

- A set of laboratory exercises to analyze biological problems using softwares and tools to develop student's interests in scientific discovery.
- Case studies in informatics-based research.

Attendance: The students are expected to attend the classes regularly, since regular attendance is essential to gain academic achievement. As per the University norms, the students having a minimum scale of 70-75% attendance are only qualified to write their end-semester examinations.

Punctuality: Punctuality is the most important quality for the student to be followed and maintained to achieve success. Students who arrive late by 10 mins to the class without any vital reason will be marked absent in the attendance register. On the other hand, valid excuse including personal or medical emergency is acceptable, with prior consent by the Head of the Department.

Class Participation: A student's overall growth and personality development is based on his/her involvement in the class not just by mere presence but rather being interactive through questioning that will lead to propagation of ideas, initiation of thought-provoking practice and much more that will provide a wholesome enriched classroom experience. When students participate, they learn from one another and gain their knowledge better.

Submission of Assignment: Assignments are given to students in order to apply the concepts for deeper understanding of the subject. Therefore, each student will be allocated two assignments for the course, covering the entire topic. Students will be given deadline to submit the assignment by the course instructor and good preparation of assignment will help the students for their final exams.

Presentation of Seminar: Apart from the assignments, students are supposed to give an oral presentation during the class seminar hours in their assigned topic. The concerned instructor will encourage the participants to ask valid questions during seminar presentation in order to put up their confidence levels and communication skills. In addition, students will be able to gain information and can be updated in their course.

Preparedness: At the end of every class, the concerned instructor conveys the students about the details that will be handled in the next class to increase the student's awareness related to the topics.

Academic Dishonesty: Academic dishonesty is a completely unacceptable mode of conduct and every student should be aware of this important aspect. Thus, the respective faculty members educate the students of possible means of academic malpractices (plagiarism, violation of copyrights and stealing the patented knowledge) and the following consequences that will make them more vigilant in their academic career.

Subject to change clause: Depending upon the requirement of student's possibility, the course syllabus will be re-structured and updated accordingly at the discretion of the Professor(s) and Board of studies chairperson.

Important dates: Scheduled dates for the various activities related to the course

| CIA Test I | CIA Test II | Assignment I | Seminar |
|--------------|---------------|--------------------|---------|
| As per Acado | emic Calendar | After CIA Test - I | I |

Course Outline: Lab III: Computer Aided Drug Design

- Energy minimization, geometry optimization, conformational analysis, global conformational minima determination; Bioactive vs. global minimum conformations
- Automated methods of conformational search; Advantages and limitations of available software; Molecular graphics;
- Computer methodologies behind molecular modeling, High throughput virtual Screening. Screening of Potential Compounds from database. Structure similarity searching. De novo drug designing. ADME/T for predicted ligand.
- Ramachandaran plot, Protein structure prediction software's, Protein structural visualization. Molecular dynamics simulation of native and complex protein structures. Molecular dynamics simulation of docked complex (Protein-Ligand, Protein-Protein, Protein- Metal, Protein-Nucleic acid and Protein - Substrate simulation).
- Molecular docking- different types of docking, rigid docking, flexible docking and partially rigid and partially flexible docking, manual docking Protein – ligand docking, Protein- Protein docking.
- Pharmacophore generation and analysis, pharmacophore mapping, methods of conformational search used in pharmacophore mapping
- QSAR and QSPR, QSAR Methodology, Various Descriptors used in QSARs: Electronic; Topology; Quantum Chemical based Descriptors.

More books for Reading and Referencing

Computational Drug Discovery and Design - Riccardo Baron

Publisher: Springer Publication, 2012. ISBN: 978-1-61779-464-3

Computer-Aided Drug Design: Methods and Applications - T. J. Perun & C. L. Propst

Publisher: CRC Press, 1989. ISBN: 978-0824780371

Lab-III: Computer Aided Drug Design (CADD)

| Core Course Code S02304 Lab - III Computer Aided Drug Design (CADD) T/P Credits:4 Hours:5 WINT I Objective - 1 To provide hands on experience on various computational tools used in drug designing Molecular modeling and Virtual Screening: Energy minimization and optimizations; Automated methods of conformational search; Molecular graphics; Computer methodologies behind molecular modeling, High throughput virtual Screening; Shape based virtual screening; Structure similarity searching; ADME/T Property prediction; Structural Pingerprint search. Outcome - 1 The students would be able to perform all the computational methods on their own WINT II Objective - 2 To make them learn about virtual screening and its types Pharmacophore: Concept of Pharmacophore generation and analysis, pharmacophore mapping, methods of conformational search used in pharmacophore mapping; Comparison between the popular pharmacophore methods like catalyst, Hipilop, DiscoTech, GASP, etc. with practical examples. Structure based and Energy based pharmacophore models. Outcome - 2 They would be able to explain the concepts of molecular modeling, pharmacophore, virtual screening, molecular docking, 3D QSAR etc., UNIT III Objective - 3 To let them understand the advantages and limitations of available molecular modeling software Quantitative Structure Activity relationship (QSAR): QSAR Methodology, QSPR, Various Descriptors used in QSARs: Electronic; Topology, Quantum Chemical based Descriptors. Experimental and theoretical approaches for the determination of physico-chemical property; parameter interdependence; linearity versus non-linearity; importance of biological activity; Regression analysis, 2D-QSAR, 3D-QSAR with case studies. CoMFA and CoMSIA; Tools for QSAR They would be well aware of the advantages and limitations of the available computational tools for Drug ddiscovery UNIT IV Objective - 4 To learn them protein prediction methods and its validation Molecular Docking and Molecular Dynami | | Lab III. Co | inputer Aided Drug Design (| | | | | |
|--|------------------|---------------------|-------------------------------------|-----------|------------------|---------------|--|--|
| Solution | | 1 | Semester-I | 1 | | | | |
| Molecular modeling and Virtual Screening: Energy minimization and optimization, conformational analysis, global and local minima, Bioactive vs. global minimum conformations; Automated methods of conformational search; Molecular graphics; Computer methodologies behind molecular modeling, High throughput virtual Screening; Shape based virtual screening; Structure similarity searching; ADME/T Property prediction; Structural Fingerprint search. Outcome - 1 The students would be able to perform all the computational methods on their own UNIT II Objective - 2 To make them learn about virtual screening and its types Pharmacophore: Concept of Pharmacophore generation and analysis, pharmacophore mapping, methods of conformational search used in pharmacophore mapping; Comparison between the popular pharmacophore methods like catalyst, Hiphop, DiscoTech, GASP, etc. with practical examples. Structure based and Energy based pharmacophore models. Outcome - 2 They would be able to explain the concepts of molecular modeling, pharmacophore, virtual screening, molecular docking, 3D QSAR etc., UNIT III Objective - 3 To let them understand the advantages and limitations of available molecular modeling software Quantitative Structure Activity relationship (QSAR): QSAR Methodology, QSPR, Various Descriptors used in QSARs: Electronic; Topology; Quantum Chemical based Descriptors. Experimental and theoretical approaches for the determination of physico-chemical property; parameter interdependence; linearity versus non-linearity; importance of biological activity; Regression analysis, 2D-QSAR, 3D-QSAR with case studies. CoMFA and CoMSIA; Tools for QSAR They would be well aware of the advantages and limitations of the available computational tools for Drug ddiscovery UNIT IV Objective - 4 To learn them protein prediction methods and its validation Molecular Docking and Molecular Dynamics Simulations: Different types of molecular docking; flexible docking; Protein- Protein docking. Induced fit docking with case st | Core | | | | | | | |
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| pharmacophore methods like catalyst, HipHop, DiscoTech, GASP, etc. with practical examples. Structure based and Energy based pharmacophore models. Outcome - 2 They would be able to explain the concepts of molecular modeling, pharmacophore, virtual screening, molecular docking, 3D QSAR etc., UNIT III Objective - 3 To let them understand the advantages and limitations of available molecular modeling software Quantitative Structure Activity relationship (QSAR): QSAR Methodology, QSPR, Various Descriptors used in QSARs: Electronic; Topology; Quantum Chemical based Descriptors. Experimental and theoretical approaches for the determination of physico-chemical property; parameter interdependence; linearity versus non-linearity; importance of biological activity; Regression analysis, 2D-QSAR, 3D-QSAR with case studies. CoMFA and CoMSIA; Tools for QSAR studies Outcome - 3 They would be well aware of the advantages and limitations of the available computational tools for Drug ddiscovery UNIT IV Objective - 4 To learn them protein prediction methods and its validation Molecular Docking and Molecular Dynamics Simulations: Different types of molecular docking; Rigid docking; flexible docking; Protein- Protein docking. Induced fit docking with case studies. QM/MM docking; Constraints and restraints in Molecular Docking. Significance of partial charges in molecular docking. Molecular Dynamics using simple models; Molecular Dynamics with continuous | Pharmacopho | re: Concept of P | harmacophore generation and an | nalysis, | pharmacophor | e mapping, | | |
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| Available computational tools for Drug ddiscovery UNIT IV Objective - 4 To learn them protein prediction methods and its validation Molecular Docking and Molecular Dynamics Simulations: Different types of molecular docking; Rigid docking; flexible docking; Protein- Protein docking. Induced fit docking with case studies. QM/MM docking; Constraints and restraints in Molecular Docking. Significance of partial charges in molecular docking. Molecular Dynamics using simple models; Molecular Dynamics with continuous | studies | | | | | | | |
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| molecular docking. Molecular Dynamics using simple models; Molecular Dynamics with continuous | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | |
| potentials and at constant temperature and pressure; Solvent effects in Molecular Dynamics; | | | | | | | | |
| Conformational changes in Molecular Dynamics. Biomolecular Simulations; Free energy | _ = | · · | - | - | = | | | |

Calculations; Restraint Potentials, Importance of Force Field in Dynamics, Conformational Sampling: Energy Minimization, Monte Carlo Simulations, Membrane Simulation, Metadynamics

Outcome - 4 *Various strategies to design and develop new drug like molecules.*

K4

UNIT V

Objective - 5 To clear concepts of Molecular docking, Molecular dynamics simulation pharmacophore and 3D QSAR methods

Hands on training: Energy Minimization and Optimization techniques, In silico Virtual screening techniques: Structure based, Shape based, Pharmacophore based, etc, Structural similarity and Finger print search, ADME/T Property prediction, Molecular Docking: Rigid, Flexible and QM/MM 2D and 3D QSAR along with CoMFA and CoMSIA, Pharmacophore Derivation and Pharmacophore Mapping, Molecular Electrostatic Potential (MESP) analysis, Protein-Protein Interaction and Protein-peptide Interaction, Molecular Dynamics Simulation using Protein, Protein-ligand and Protein-DNA complexes

Outcome - 5 Working with molecular modeling softwares to design new drug molecules K4

Text and Reference Books:

Marx D and Hutter J (2012) "Ab Initio Molecular Dynamics: Basic Theory and Advanced Methods", Cambridge University Press, ISBN: 978-1107663534

Young DC (2009) "Computational Drug Design: A Guide for Computational and Medicinal Chemists", ISBN: 978-0470126851

Bohm HJ (2000) "Virtual Screening for Bioactive Molecules, Volume 10", Wiley-VCH, ISBN: 978-3527301539

Leach, A. R. (2001) "Molecular Modeling – Principles and Applications"; Second Edition, Prentice Hall, USA, ISBN-13: 978-0582382107

Holtje HD (2003) "Molecular Modeling: Basic Principles and Applications", Wiley-VCH, ISBN: 978-3527305896.

Kubinyl H, Folkers G and martin YC (2004). "3D QSAR in Drug Design Volume 2 Ligand-Protein Interactions and Molecular Similarity", Bethany House Pub, ISBN-13: 978-0306468575.

Alvarez J (2005) "Virtual Screening in Drug Discovery", CRC Press, ISBN-13: 978-0824754792 Bannwarth W, Felder E (2008). "Combinatorial chemistry: A Practical Approach", WILEY-VCH Verlag GmbH, ISBN: 9783527301867

Marx D, Hutter J (2009) "Ab Initio Molecular Dynamics: Basic Theory and Advanced Methods", Cambridge University Press, ISBN-13: 978-0521898638

Anthonsen, T. (2009). "Strategies of Organic Drug Synthesis and Design. By Daniel Lednicer", Wiley-VCH, Weinheim Publisher, ISBN: 978-047019039-5

Young DC (2009). "Computational Drug Design: A Guide for Computational and Medicinal Chemists", Wiley-Blackwell Publishers, ISBN-13: 978-0470451847

Saxena A and Sahay B (2010) "Computer Aided Engineering Design", Springer; ISBN-13: 978-9048166794

Nag A and Dey B (2010) "Computer Aided Drug Design and Delivery systems" Mc Grahill Edition, ISBN-13: 978-0071701242

Yan B, zhang B (2010). "Analytical Methods in Combinatorial Chemistry, 2nd Edition". CRC Press. ISBN: 9780203909966

Sotriffer C (2011) "Virtual Screening: Principles, Challenges, and Practical Guidelines", Wiley-VCH, ISBN: 978-3527326365

Magnasco V (2013) "Elementary Molecular Quantum Mechanics", Second Edition, Elsevier, ISBN: 978-0444626479

Cavasatto C N (2015) "In silico Drug Discovery and Design – Theory, Methods, Challenges and Applications" CRC Press 1st Edition, ISBN-13: 978-1482217834.

Cavasotto CN (2016). "In Silico Drug Discovery and Design: Theory, methods, Challenges, and Applications" CRC Press, ISBN-13: 978-1482217858.

Grover A (2017). "Drug Design: Principles and Applications" Springer Nature Singapore Pte Ltd,

ISBN-13: 978-9811051869

Sarkar J (2017). "Computer Aided Design: A conceptual Approach" CRC Press, ISBN-13: 978-1138885448

Gore M, Jagtap U B (2018). "Computational Drug Discovery and Design" Springer Protocols, ISBN: 978-1-4939-7756-7

Course designed by: Dr. Sanjeev Kumar Singh

(On what level the COs & POs correlated each other -based on that we have to give marks)

Mapping Course Outcome VS Programme Outcomes

| СО | P01 | PO2 | P03 | P04 | PO5 | P06 | P07 | P08 | P09 | P010 |
|------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|------|
| CO1 | 3 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 1 | 2 | - | 1 | - |
| CO2 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 2 | - | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| CO3 | 3 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| CO4 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| CO5 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| W.AV | 3 | 2.6 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 2.4 | 2.2 | 2.2 | 2.6 | 2.4 |

S - Strong (3), M-Medium (2), L-Low (1)

Mapping Course Outcome VS Programme Specific Outcomes

| СО | PSO1 | PSO2 | PSO3 | PSO4 | PSO5 |
|------------|------|------|------|------|------|
| CO1 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| CO2 | 3 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| CO3 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 2 |
| CO4 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| CO5 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| W.AV | 2.8 | 2.8 | 3 | 2.8 | 2.8 |

S-Strong (3), M-Medium (2), L-Low (1)

Practical, Assignment & Seminar - Lab - III Computer Aided Drug Design (CADD)

- 1. Energy Minimization and its application.
- 2. Advantages and disadvantages of available molecular modeling softwares.
- 3. De novo drug designing.
- 4. Protein Structure Prediction.
- 5. Molecular Dynamics Simulation.

- 6. Molecular Docking and its types.
- 7. Monte Carlo Simulations.
- 8. Pharmacophore and Generation of Common Pharmacophore hypothesis.
- 9. Combinatorial synthesis.
- 10. 3D QSAR.

SEMESTER-IV

Machine Learning and Artificial Intelligence

| Program: M.Sc., | Semester: IV (2022 Onwards) |
|------------------------------------|---|
| Course Title: Machine Learning and | Class Time: As per Time Table |
| Artificial Intelligence | |
| Subject Code: 502401 | |
| Name of the Course Teacher | Dr. RM.Vidhyavathi |
| Mobile: +91 - 9444835869 | Email: vidhyavathirm@alagappauniversity.ac.in |

Course Brief:

Machine Learning mainly focuses on the enhancement and development of the computer programs, which has the property to get changed when it comes in the interaction to the new data. However, this is a kind of artificial intelligence, the Introduction to Machine Learning course enlightens the students with the algorithms that proves to be helpful for the IP professionals in analyzing the data set with ease. In modules algorithms such as: regression, clustering, classification, and recommendation have been introduced, all these helps the candidates in supervising the advanced data programming techniques.

AI has been a source of innovative ideas and techniques in computer science, and has been widely applied to many information systems. This course provides a comprehensive, graduate-level introduction to artificial intelligence, emphasizing advanced topics such as advanced search, reasoning and decision-making under uncertainty, and machine learning.

Teaching Methods: The mode of teaching is based on the following learning activities:

- Lectures covering the theoretical part will be delivered using PowerPoint presentations.
- A set of laboratory exercises to analyze biological problems using softwares and tools to develop student's interests in scientific discovery.
- Case studies in informatics-based research.

Attendance: The students are expected to attend the classes regularly, since regular attendance is essential to gain academic achievement. As per the University norms, the students having a minimum scale of 70-75% attendance are only qualified to write their end-semester examinations.

Punctuality: Punctuality is the most important quality for the student to be followed and maintained to achieve success. Students who arrive late by 10 mins to the class without any vital reason will be marked absent in the attendance register. On the other hand, valid excuse including personal or medical emergency is acceptable, with prior consent by the Head of the Department.

Class Participation: A student's overall growth and personality development is based on his/her involvement in the class not just by mere presence but rather being interactive through questioning that will lead to propagation of ideas, initiation of thought-provoking practice and much more that will provide a wholesome enriched classroom experience. When students participate, they learn from one another and gain their knowledge better.

Submission of Assignment: Assignments are given to students in order to apply the concepts for deeper understanding of the subject. Therefore, each student will be allocated two assignments for the course, covering the entire topic. Students will be given deadline to submit the assignment by the course instructor and good preparation of assignment will help the students for their final exams.

Presentation of Seminar: Apart from the assignments, students are supposed to give an oral presentation during the class seminar hours in their assigned topic. The concerned instructor will encourage the participants to ask valid questions during seminar presentation in order to put up their confidence levels and communication skills. In addition, students will be able to gain information and can be updated in their course.

Preparedness: At the end of every class, the concerned instructor conveys the students about the details that will be handled in the next class to increase the student's awareness related to the topics.

Academic Dishonesty: Academic dishonesty is a completely unacceptable mode of conduct and every student should be aware of this important aspect. Thus, the respective faculty members educate the students of possible means of academic malpractices (plagiarism, violation of copyrights and stealing the patented knowledge) and the following consequences that will make them more vigilant in their academic career.

Subject to change clause: Depending upon the requirement of student's possibility, the course syllabus will be re-structured and updated accordingly at the discretion of the Professor(s) and Board of studies chairperson.

Important dates: Scheduled dates for the various activities related to the course

| CIA Test I | CIA Test II | Assignment I | Seminar |
|--------------|---------------|------------------|---------|
| As per Acado | emic Calendar | After CIA Test - | Ţ |

Course Outline: Machine Learning and Artificial Intelligence

- Determine the various applications of machine learning algorithms.
- Develop an understanding classification data and models.
- Learn the how to implement the unsupervised learning algorithms, which includes deep learning, clustering, and recommendation systems.
- How to perform the supervised learning techniques, such as: linear and logistic regression.
- Understanding how to create the environment for self driving Car.
- Understanding the procedure of building the AI.
- Understanding how could a trainee provide support to the Data Scientist.
- Temporal Probabilistic Reasoning and Dynamic Bayesian Networks.

More books for Reading and Referencing

Artificial Intelligence and Machine Learning, Chandra S.S.V, Prentice Hall India Learning Private Limited, 2014, ISBN-10: 8120349342, ISBN-13: 978-8120349346.

Artificial Intelligence By Example: Develop machine intelligence from scratch using real artificial intelligence use cases, Denis Rothman, Packt Publishing Limited, 2018, ISBN-10: 1788990544, ISBN-13: 978-1788990547.

Machine Learning and Artificial Intelligence

| | Semester-IV | | | | | |
|--|---|----------------|------------------------|-----------------|---------------|--------------|
| Core | CourseCode 502401 | and | Learning Artificial | T/P | Credits:4 | Hours:4 |
| | | Intelligen | | | | |
| | | | UNIT I | | | |
| Objective -1 | To create app | reciation and | d understandin | g of both the d | achievements | of AI and |
| | the theory und | derlying thos | e achievements | 5. | | |
| Introduction to | Introduction to AI and Production Systems: Introduction to AI-Problem formulation, Problem | | | | | |
| Definition -Prod | duction systems, | Control str | ategies, Search | strategies. P | Problem char | acteristics, |
| Production syste | em characteristics | s, Specialized | production syste | em, Problem so | olving method | s, Problem |
| graphs, Matchir | ng, Indexing and | Heuristic fu | nctions, Hill Cli | imbing, Depth | first and Br | eath first, |
| Constraints satis | Constraints satisfaction, Related algorithms, Measure of performance and analysis of search | | | | | |
| algorithms. | | | | | | |
| Outcome - 1 | | | | | | |
| | UNIT II | | | | | |
| Objective -2 To create an understanding of the basic issues of knowledge | | | | | | |

| understanding of other topics such as minimal, resolution, etc. that play an important role in Al programs. Representation of Knowledge: Game playing, Knowledge representation, Knowledge representation using Predicate logic, Introduction to predicate calculus, Resolution, Use of predicate calculus, Knowledge representation using other logic, Structured representation of knowledge. Outcome - 2 Demonstrate knowledge of the building blocks of Al as presented in terms of intelligent agents UNIT III Objective - 3 Machine Learning, in particular focusing on the core concepts of supervised and unsupervised learning. Learning Problems, Perspectives and Issues, Concept Learning, Version Spaces and Candidate Eliminations, Inductive bias, Decision Tree learning, Representation, Algorithm, Heuristic Space Search. Outcome - 3 Formulate and solve problems with uncertain information using Regassian approaches. UNIT IV Objective - 4 Students will learn the algorithms which underpin many popular Machine Learning techniques, as well as developing an understanding of the theoretical relationships between these algorithms. Classification in Machine Learning: Naïve Bayes Classifier, Probability estimation, Required data processing, Feature selection: Mutual information, Classifier, K-Nearest Neighbors, K-Nearest Neighbor algorithm, Support Vector Machines, Linear learning machines and Kernel space, SVM for classification and regression problems. Clustering: Distance measures, Different clustering methods (Distance, Density, Hierarchical), Iterative distance-based clustering, K-Medoids, k-Mode and density-based clustering. Outcome - 4 Develop an appreciation for what is involved in learning from data K6 UNIT V Objective - 5 The practicals will concern the application of machine learning to a range of real-world problems. Advanced Learning - Learning Sets of Rules - Sequential Covering Algorithm - First Order Rules - Reinforcement Learning - Task - Q-Learning - Temporal Difference Learning. | | representation and Logic and blind and heuristic search, as well as an | | | | | | |
|--|------------------|---|------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| important role in Al programs. Representation of Knowledge: Game playing, Knowledge representation, Use of predicate logic, Introduction to predicate calculus, Resolution, Use of predicate calculus, Knowledge representation using Predicate logic, Introduction to predicate calculus, Resolution, Use of predicate calculus, Knowledge representation using other logic, Structured representation of knowledge. Demonstrate knowledge of the building blocks of Al as presented in terms of intelligent agents UNIT III | | | v an | | | | | |
| Representation of Knowledge: Game playing, Knowledge representation, Knowledge representation using Predicate logic, Introduction to predicate calculus, Resolution, Use of predicate calculus, Knowledge representation using other logic, Structured representation of knowledge. Outcome - 2 Demonstrate knowledge of the building blocks of AI as presented in terms of intelligent agents UNIT III Objective - 3 Machine Learning, in particular focusing on the core concepts of supervised and unsupervised learning. Problems, Perspectives and Issues, Concept Learning, Version Spaces and Candidate Eliminations, Inductive bias, Decision Tree learning, Representation, Algorithm, Heuristic Space Search. Outcome - 3 Formulate and solve problems with uncertain information using Representation approaches. UNIT IV Objective - 4 Students will learn the algorithms which underpin many popular Machine Learning techniques, as well as developing an understanding of the theoretical relationships between these algorithms. Classification in Machine Learning: Naïve Bayes Classifier, Probability estimation, Required data processing, Feature selection: Mutual information, Classifier, K-Nearest Neighbors, K-Nearest Neighbor algorithm, Support Vector Machines, Linear learning machines and Kernel space, SVM for classification and regression problems. Clustering: Distance measures, Different clustering methods (Distance, Density, Hierarchical), Iterative distance-based clustering, K-Medoids, k-Mode and density-based clustering. Outcome - 4 Develop an appreciation for what is involved in learning from data K6 UNIT V Objective - 5 The practicals will concern the application of machine learning to a range of real-world problems. Advanced Learning: Learning Sets of Rules - Sequential Covering Algorithm - First Order Rules - Induction on Inverted Deduction - Inverting Resolution - Analytical Learning - Perfect Domain Theories - Explanation Base Learning - FOCL Algorithm - Reinforcement Learning - Task - Q-Learning - Temporal Difference Learn | | | | | | | | |
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| Advanced Learning: Learning Sets of Rules – Sequential Covering Algorithm – First Order Rules – Sets of First Order Rules – Induction on Inverted Deduction – Inverting Resolution – Analytical Learning – Perfect Domain Theories – Explanation Base Learning – FOCL Algorithm – Reinforcement Learning – Task – Q-Learning – Temporal Difference Learning. Outcome - 5 | Objective - 5 | The practicals will concern the application of machine learning to | a range | | | | | |
| Sets of First Order Rules – Induction on Inverted Deduction – Inverting Resolution – Analytical Learning – Perfect Domain Theories – Explanation Base Learning – FOCL Algorithm – Reinforcement Learning – Task – Q-Learning – Temporal Difference Learning. Outcome - 5 | | of real-world problems. | | | | | | |
| Learning – Perfect Domain Theories – Explanation Base Learning – FOCL Algorithm – Reinforcement Learning – Task – Q-Learning – Temporal Difference Learning. Outcome - 5 Explain familiar in Expert system and its architectures and develop a small expert system. Text/ Reference Books: Kevin Night and Elaine Rich, Nair B, (2008) "Artificial Intelligence (SIE)", Tata Mc Graw | Advanced Lear | rning : Learning Sets of Rules – Sequential Covering Algorithm – First Orde | er Rules – | | | | | |
| Reinforcement Learning – Task – Q-Learning – Temporal Difference Learning. Outcome - 5 Explain familiar in Expert system and its architectures and develop a small expert system. Text/ Reference Books: Kevin Night and Elaine Rich, Nair B, (2008) "Artificial Intelligence (SIE)", Tata Mc Graw | Sets of First Or | der Rules – Induction on Inverted Deduction – Inverting Resolution – A | lnalytical | | | | | |
| Outcome - 5 Explain familiar in Expert system and its architectures and develop a small expert system. Text/ Reference Books: Kevin Night and Elaine Rich, Nair B, (2008) "Artificial Intelligence (SIE)", Tata Mc Graw | Learning - Perf | ect Domain Theories – Explanation Base Learning – FOCL Algorithm – | | | | | | |
| develop a small expert system. Text/ Reference Books: Kevin Night and Elaine Rich, Nair B, (2008) "Artificial Intelligence (SIE)", Tata Mc Graw | Reinforcement L | earning – Task – Q-Learning – Temporal Difference Learning. | | | | | | |
| develop a small expert system. Text/ Reference Books: Kevin Night and Elaine Rich, Nair B, (2008) "Artificial Intelligence (SIE)", Tata Mc Graw | Outcome - 5 | Explain familiar in Expert system and its architectures and | K5 | | | | | |
| Text/ Reference Books: Kevin Night and Elaine Rich, Nair B, (2008) "Artificial Intelligence (SIE)", Tata Mc Graw | | | | | | | | |
| Kevin Night and Elaine Rich, Nair B, (2008) "Artificial Intelligence (SIE)", Tata Mc Graw | Text/ Referen | | | | | | | |
| Hill, Third Edition. | • | | Ic Graw | | | | | |
| | Hill, Third E | dition. | | | | | | |

EthemAlpaydin, Francis Bach, (2014) "Introduction to Machine Learning" Hardcover, Third Edition.

Stuart Russel, Peter Norvig (2007) "AI – A Modern Approach", Pearson Education, Second Edition

Tom M. Mitchell, (2017) "Machine Learning", McGraw-Hill Education, First Edition.

EthemAlpaydin, (2004) "Introduction to Machine Learning (Adaptive Computation and Machine Learning), The MIT Press.

Stephen Marsland, (2009), "Machine Learning: An Algorithmic Perspective", CRC Press.

SaikatDutt, Subramanian Chandramouli, Amit Kumar Das, (2018) "Machine Learning", Pearson Education, First edition.

Course designed by: Dr.RM.Vidhyavathi

(On what level the COs & POs correlated each other -based on that we have to give marks)

Mapping Course Outcome VS Programme Outcomes

| CO | P01 | P02 | P03 | P04 | P05 | P06 | P07 | P08 | P09 | P010 |
|------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|------|
| CO1 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 |
| CO2 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 3 | 1 | 3 | 2 | 3 | 2 | 1 |
| CO3 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 3 | 2 | 2 |
| CO4 | 3 | 2 | 2 | 3 | 1 | 3 | 2 | 3 | 2 | 2 |
| CO5 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 2 | 3 | 2 | 2 |
| W.AV | 2.4 | 2.2 | 2 | 3 | 1.6 | 2.2 | 2 | 2.8 | 2 | 1.8 |

S - Strong (3), M-Medium (2), L-Low (1)

Mapping Course Outcome VS Programme Specific Outcomes

| СО | PSO1 | PSO2 | PSO3 | PSO4 | PSO5 |
|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| CO1 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 3 | 3 |
| CO2 | 3 | 3 | 1 | 3 | 3 |
| CO3 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 3 | 3 |
| CO4 | 2 | 3 | 1 | 3 | 3 |
| CO5 | 3 | 3 | 1 | 3 | 3 |
| W.AV | 2.6 | 2.8 | 1.2 | 3 | 3 |

S-Strong (3), M-Medium (2), L-Low (1)

Assignment & Seminar - Machine Learning and Artificial Intelligence

- 1. Introduction to AI-Problem formulation, Problem Definition, Hill Climbing, Depth first and Breath first, Constraints satisfaction.
- 2. Knowledge representation using Predicate logic, Resolution, Use of predicate calculus.
- 3. Version Spaces and Candidate Eliminations, Decision Tree learning.
- 4. Feature selection, Different clustering method.
- 5. Sets of First Order Rules, FOCL Algorithm, Temporal Difference Learning.

Systems Biology

| Program: M.Sc., | Semester : IV (2022 Onwards) |
|--|--|
| Course Title: Systems Biology Subject Code: 502402 | Class Time: As per Time Table |
| Name of Course Teacher | Dr. J. Joseph Sahayarayan Dr. P. Boomi |
| Mobile: +91 - 9047564087 +91 - 9486031423 | E-mail: josephj@alagappauniversity.ac.in boomip@alagappauniversity.ac.in |

Course Brief:

Systems biology is a broad field which explores the world of genomes and post genomic datasets and large databases. The goal of systems biology is to comprehensively understand development, physiology, metabolic and gene regulatory networks, by looking at all genes, proteins and metabolites in an organism simultaneously, rather than focusing on just one or two. An emerging engineering approach applied to biological scientific research, systems biology is a biology-based inter-disciplinary field of study that focuses on complex interactions within biological systems, using a holistic approach holism instead of the more traditional reductionism) to biological research. One of the outreaching aims of systems biology is to model and discover emergent properties, properties of cells, tissues and organisms functioning as a system whose theoretical description is only possible using techniques which fall under the remit of systems biology. These typically involve metabolic networks or cell signaling networks. Biology is moving from molecular to modular. As our knowledge of our genome and gene expression deepens and we develop lists of molecules (proteins, lipids, ions) involved in cellular processes, we need to understand how these molecules interact with each other to form modules that act as discrete functional systems. These systems underlie core subcellular processes such as signal transduction, transcription,

motility and electrical excitability. In turn these processes come together to exhibit cellular behaviors such as secretion, proliferation and action potentials. What are the properties of such subcellular and cellular systems? What are the mechanisms by which emergent behaviors of systems arise? What types of experiments inform systems-level thinking? Why do we need computation and simulations to understand these systems?

Teaching Methods: The mode of teaching of delivering the courses are as follows through these below mentioned methodologies:

- Delivering the lectures in the form of presentation using advanced technologies devices such as smart board.
- Video-conferencing for lectures that will be sought from experts belonging to overseas reputed institutions.
- Case-studies and Review questions.

Attendance: Having good attendance record marks the student's sincerity and has an overall positive impact on his/her personality trait development. The students are asked to attend the classes on a regular note and those having a minimum scale of 70-75% attendance are eligible to take up the end-semester examinations as per the University norms.

Punctuality: It is the most important attribute to be followed and maintained by the student throughout his/her life which for sure will lead to the path of success. Students who arrive late by 10mins after the attendance will be marked absent unless there is a valid reason (medical/personal emergency) at the discretion of the Head of the Department.

Class Participation: A student's overall growth and personality development is based on his/her involvement in the class not just by mere presence but rather being interactive through questioning that will lead to propagation of ideas, initiation of thought-provoking process and much more that will provide a wholesome enriched classroom experience. Therefore, students are advised to be more attentive so that they learn from one another and develop quality-based knowledge.

Submission of Assignment: Assignments are given to students with just one motive to get more quantitative and qualitative knowledge insights into the assigned topic/chapter that will lead to preparation and completion of the assignment in a constructive manner here just the knowledge provided is not merely counted but also completion prior to proposed deadline will also have a check on the student's serious consideration of the assignments.

Presentation of Seminar: Apart from the assignments the concerned instructors also allocate the students with a topic or based on their interests to present seminar that will

aid them built their confidence levels, command over English language to communicate with precision and fluently. In addition, the fellow students are encouraged to pose questions that will instigate interest and provide update in that particular topic besides the information presented helping them to prepare for their examinations that can be taken as added advantage for the students.

Preparedness: At the end of every class, the concerned instructor tells the students what will be taken in the next class using these details the students should be aware of the topics that will be covered in the upcoming lectures which actually enhance the student's capability to grasp the knowledge and concepts provided much efficiently.

Academic Dishonesty: This is an important aspect that every student should be aware of. Thus, the respective faculty members educate the students of possible means of academic malpractices (plagiarism, violation of copyrights and stealing the patented knowledge) and the following consequences that will make them more vigilant in their academic career.

Subject to change clause: Based on the requirement of student's feasibility and meeting the competitive demands of the discipline the syllabus courses will be re-structured and updated accordingly at the discretion of the Professor(s) and Board of studies chairman.

Important dates: Please note down the important dates and stick to the schedule

| CIA Test I | CIA Test II | Assignment | Seminar |
|-------------|---------------|------------|----------|
| As per Acad | emic Calendar | After CL | A Test-I |

Course Outline: Core: Systems Biology

- 1. This lecture examines how the 'mega data' technologies now possible through genomics, transcriptomics and proteomics can be brought together to provide a whole organism understanding of biology.
- 2. This lecture will cover the basic concepts of genome sequencing, why it is important and what there is still left to learn a basic introduction to put the remainder of the course in context.
- 3. The lecture will cover technologies for genome sequencing, conserved genes and proteins and the 'minimal gene content', hypothetical and unique genes and proteins.
- 4. This lecture will cover the use of changes in mRNA expression in different biological circumstances, including technical aspects.

5. How have the technologies learned in the above lectures been applied, particularly to the study of human disease? This lecture examines what we have gained by taking a genomics-based approach.

More books for Reading and Referencing:

| Handbook | of | Glycomics; | Edit | tors: Ric | chard | Cur | nmings J. | Piero | ce; | 2009 | | | | |
|---------------------|---------|-------------------------|---------|-----------|----------|-------|-------------|-----------|-------|-------|--|--|--|--|
| ISBN: 9780123736000 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Essentials of | f Glyco | obiology; Edit | ors: Aj | it Vark | i, Richa | rd D | Cumming | s, Jeffre | y D | Esko, | | | | |
| Hudson | Н | Freeze, Pam | ela S | tanley, | Carolyn | R | Bertozzi, (| Gerald | W | Hart, | | | | |
| and Marilyn | n E Et | zler; 2009, IS B | N: 13: | 97808 | 379697 | 709 | | | | | | | | |
| Evolutionary | y Gend | omics and Sys | tems E | iology; | Gustav | о Сае | tano-Anoll | és; 201 | 10 IS | BN: | | | | |
| 978-0-470- | 1951 | 4-7 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Principles | of B | Riochemistry; | Ву | David | L. Ne | lson, | Michael | М. | Сох; | 2012 | | | | |
| ISBN: 9788 | 8080 | 35868 | | | | | | | | | | | | |

Systems Biology

| Semester – IV | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|--|---|----------|-----------------|-------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Core | CourseCode 502402 | Hours: 4 | | | | | | | | | |
| Unit - I | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Objective - | hrotein microarrays and ari-PUR. To explain now proteomics can be applied to clinical | | | | | | | | | | |
| MALDI TOF MS Proteomic app profiles, blood | Introduction and scope of proteomics: Components of a complex mixture and Protein sequencing; MALDI TOF MS, QTrap MS/MS, 2D Gel electrophoresis and Protein microarrays. qRT PCR and Proteomics. Proteomic approach for Clinical studies: Protein Biomarker Discovery and Validation - Body fluid profiles, blood disease profiles, diabetes profiles, infectious diseases. ITC. | | | | | | | | | | |
| Outcome - 1 | 1 - | nents of a complex m ole of proteomics in clinic | - | • | ng K2 | | | | | | |
| | | Unit – II | | | ' | | | | | | |
| Objective - 2 | To explain the basic analyzing proteomics | principles of protein ar | rays and | l computational | nethods for | | | | | | |
| Protein arrays : basic principles, Computational methods for identification of polypeptides, Bioinformatics-based tools for analysis of proteomics data (Tools available at ExPASy Proteomics server); databases (such as Inter Pro), Protein-protein interactions: databases such as STRINGS and DIP; PPI Modeling in biological systems. | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Outcome - 2 | Outcome - 2 Utilize computational methods and bioinformatics tools for protein array analysis and protein-protein interaction modeling. | | | | | | | | | | |

| | Unit – III | |
|---|--|-----------------|
| Objective - 3 | To analyze protein complexes and interaction networks using tools like Python. To understand concepts like network theory and algorithms. | Cytoscape and |
| networks, Regul | Protein binding site analysis, Protein intellexes and Networks : Protein binding site analysis, Protein intelletory networks, Neural Network models. Protein network analysis in Cytoscape and Python. | |
| Outcome - 3 | Analyze protein binding sites, interaction networks, and regulatory networks using network theory and algorithms. | K4 |
| | Unit – IV | |
| Objective - 4 | To describe glycomics techniques like glycan microarrays and challenges and promise of glycomics. To understand related omilipidomics, fluxomics and metabolomics. | |
| Glycomics: Th | he Challenge and Promise of Glycomics, Identification of carbohydrate | s, Glycolipids, |
| Glycoproteins, | Glycan Microarrays and Glycan Determinants, Metaglycomes, Glycar | n Recognition |
| Molecules, Lip | idomics, Fluxomics, Biomics: systems analysis of the biome. | _ |
| Transcriptomi | cs &Metabolomics and its applications. | |
| Outcome - 4 | Identify and characterize carbohydrates, glycolipids, glycoproteins, | |
| | and other biomolecules in the context of glycomics, lipidomics, and fluxomics. | K4 |
| | Unit-V | |
| Objective - 5 | To explain key concepts in systems biology like integrating networks scale-free networks, and computer simulation of whole cells. To databases related to metabolic pathways and signaling networks. | |
| Computer Sim for Modeling, metabolites ar | logy: Introduction, Integrating Networks. Random and Scale-freulation of the whole Cell. Human Erythrocyte Model and its applicati E-CELL, V-CELL and GROMOS. Simulation of cellular subsystems, and enzymes, Signal transduction networks, Gene 5 regulatory abolic pathways: databases such as KEGG, EMP, MetaCyc, AraCyc. | ons. Software |
| Outcome - 5 | Understand the principles of systems biology, including random and scale-free networks, and apply computer simulation techniques to model cellular subsystems. | К2 |

Text and Reference Books:

Alberghina, L. and Westerhoff, H, (2005) "Systems Biology: Definitions and Perspectives, Topics in Current Genetics"; Springer Verlag, ISBN 978-3540229681.

Debmalya Barh Vasco Azevedo, (2017) "Omics Technologies and Bio-engineering"; Academic Press, Volume 1: Towards Improving Quality of Life, 1st Edition, ISBN: 9780128047491.

Julio Collado-Vides, Ralf Hofestadt, (2002) "Gene Regulation and Metabolism: Postgenomic Computational Approaches"; MIT Press.

Sandy B. Primrose & Richard M. Twyman, (2004) "GENOMICS: Applications in Human Biology"; Blackwell Publishing Ltd.,

Andrew Carmen, Darryl León, Scott Markel, (2006) "In Silico Technologies in Drug Target Identification and Validation"; CRC Press Taylor and Francis Group, LLC, ISBN-13: 978-1-57444-478-0.

A. Malcolm Campbell & Laurie J. Heyer Laurie J. Heye, (2007) "Discovering Genomics, Proteomics and bioinformatics"; Pearson, Second Edition.

Marcus, Frederick, (2008) "Bioinformatics and Systems Biology"; Springer-Verlag Berlin Heidelberg, ISBN: 978-3-540-78352-7.

Sangdun Choi, (2010) "Introduction to Systems Biology"; Paperback Publisher: Humana Press, 1st Edition.

Marian Walhout Marc VidalJob Dekker, (2012) "Handbook of Systems Biology"; Academic Press, 1st Edition, ISBN: 9780123859440.

Lin, Ren-Jang, (2016) "RNA-Protein Complexes and Interactions Methods and Protocols"; Humana Press, 1st Edition.

Comai, Lucio, Katz, Jonathan, Mallick, Parag, (2017) "Proteomics Methods and Protocols"; Humana Press, 1st Edition.

Debmalya Barh, Kenneth Blum, Margaret A. Madigan, (2017) "OMICS: Biomedical Perspectives and Applications"; CRC Press, ISBN: 9781138074743.

Course designed by:Dr. J. Joseph Sahayarayan

(On what level the COs & POs correlated each other -based on that we have to give marks)

Mapping Course Outcome VS Programme Outcomes

| Mapping dourse outcome vol rogramme outcomes | | | | | | | | | | |
|--|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|------|
| | P01 | P02 | P03 | P04 | P05 | P06 | P07 | P08 | P09 | PO10 |
| CO1 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| CO2 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| CO3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| CO4 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| CO5 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| Average Score | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 |

S-Strong (3), M-Medium (2), L-Low (1)

Mapping Course Outcome VS Programme Specific Outcomes

| | PSO1 | PSO2 | PSO3 | PSO4 | PSO5 |
|------------------|------|------|------|------|------|
| CO1 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| CO2 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| CO3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| CO4 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| CO5 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| Average Score | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 |

S - Strong (3), M-Medium (2), L-Low (1)

Assignment & Seminar: Systems Biology

- 1. Techniques in proteomics.
- 2. Gene expression.
- 3. 2D Gel electrophoresis and protein array.
- 4. Mass Spectrometry.
- 5. Protein sequences.
- 6. qRT PCR and proteomics.
- 7. MALDI TOP MS, QTrap MS/MS.
- 8. Identification and measurement of all small molecules.
- 9. Glycomics.
- 10. Lipidomics.
- 11. Flucomics.
- 12. Biomics.
- 13. E-CELL, V-CELL and GROMOS.

Lab-IV Small and Macromolecular Crystallography

| Program: M.Sc., | Semester: IV (2022 Onwards) |
|---|--|
| Course Title and Code: Lab IV-Small and | Class Time: As per Time Table |
| Macromolecular Crystallography | |
| Subject Code: 502403 | |
| Name of the Course Teacher | Prof. J. Jeyakanthan |
| Mobile: +91 - 97898 09245 | Email: jjeyakanthan@alagappauniversity.ac.in |

Course Brief:

X-ray crystallography is the only available technique that enables us to visualize protein structures at the atomic level and enhances our understanding of protein function. Specifically we can study how proteins interact with other molecules, how they undergo conformational changes, and how they perform catalysis in the case of

enzymes. Armed with this information we can design novel drugs that target a particular protein, or rationally engineer an enzyme for a specific industrial process. This syllabus is framed on the basis that the students will have a technical knowledge in handling the small and macromolecules techniques such as - crystallization, diffraction, data collection and structure solution.

Teaching Methods: The mode of teaching of delivering the courses are as follows through these below mentioned methodologies:

- Delivering the lectures in the form of presentation using advanced technologies devices such as smart board.
- Having an enriched professional experience on handling associated molecular biology experiments (Isolation, cloning, expression and crystallization) with sophisticates equipments and accessories
- Handling advanced Polarized microscopes to view crystallized biomolecules with better fine resolution to proceed further accordingly.
- Case-studies and Review questions

Attendance: Having good attendance record marks the student's sincerity and has an overall positive impact on his/her personality trait development. The students are asked to attend the classes on a regular note and those having a minimum scale of 70-75% attendance are eligible to take up the end-semester examinations as per the University norms.

Punctuality: It is the most important attribute to be followed and maintained by the student throughout his/her life which for sure will lead to the path of success. Students who arrive late by 10mins after the attendance has been taken will be marked absent unless there is a valid reason (medical/ personal emergency) at the discretion of the Head of the Department.

Class/Lab Participation: A student's overall growth and personality development is based on his/her involvement in the class not just by mere presence but rather being interactive through questioning that will lead to propagation of ideas, initiation of thought-provoking process and much more that will provide a wholesome enriched classroom experience. Therefore, students are advised to be more attentive so that they learn from one another and develop quality-based knowledge.

Submission of Assignment: Assignments are given to students with just one motive to get more quantitative and qualitative knowledge insights into the assigned topic/chapter that will lead to preparation and completion of the assignment in a constructive manner here just the knowledge provided is not merely counted but also completion prior to

proposed deadline will also have a check on the student's serious consideration of the assignments.

Presentation of Seminar: Apart from the assignments the concerned instructors also allocate the students with a topic or based on their interests to present seminar that will aid them built their confidence levels, command over English language to communicate with precision and fluently. In addition, the fellow students are encouraged to pose questions that will instigate interest and provide update in that particular topic besides the information presented helping them to prepare for their examinations that can be taken as added advantage for the students.

Performing Lab Practicals: The basic techniques concerning subjects such as Molecular or Cell biology are taught with much clarity and every student is given the opportunity to have hands on experience with these techniques using sophisticated instruments under the supervision of experienced/ trained personnel. After training, lab practicals are conducted to assess the student's skills to handle equipments and performing experiments with ease and maintaining the time constraints.

Preparedness: At the end of every class, the concerned instructor tells the students what will be taken in the next class using these details the students should be aware of the topics that will be covered in the upcoming lectures which actually enhance the student's capability to grasp the knowledge and concepts provided much efficiently.

Academic Dishonesty: This is an important aspect that every student should be aware of. Thus, the respective faculty members educate the students of possible means of academic malpractices (plagiarism, violation of copyrights and stealing the patented knowledge) and the following consequences that will make them more vigilant in their academic career.

Subject to change clause: Based on the requirement of student's feasibility and meeting the competitive demands of the discipline the syllabus courses will be re-structured and updated accordingly at the discretion of the Professor(s) and Board of studies chairman.

Important dates: Please note down the important dates and stick to the schedule

| CIA Test I | CIA Test II | Assignment | Seminar |
|---------------|--------------|------------|----------|
| As per Acaden | nic Calendar | After CI | A Test I |

Course Outline: Lab-IV: Small and Macromolecular Crystallography

• The course will lead to determine the crystal structures of small and macro molecules.

- On completion of this course students will be able to describe the differences in properties of small and macro molecular crystals.
- The Course content includes X-ray sources and types of detectors, diffraction experiment based on the Evald construction, process diffraction images, and data validation. Phase problem solving, protein model construction based on experimental electron density maps and choose proper algorithms for structure refinement. Usage of specific crystallographic software for structure visualization and refinement and Validate the final structures.

More books for Reading and Referencing

Introduction to Macromolecular Crystallography *by Alexander McPherson; 2009,* **ISBN:978-0-470-18590-2**

Macromolecular Crystallography Protocols, Volume 2 Structure Determination; Editors: Doublie, Sylvie (Ed.); 2007, ISBN:1-59745-266-1, 978-1-58829-902-4

Principles of Protein X-Ray Crystallography; *Authors: Drenth, Jan, 1999,* **ISBN:978-1- 4757-3094-4, 978-1-4757-3092-0**

Small Angle X-Ray and Neutron Scattering from Solutions of Biological Macromolecules by Dmitri I. Svergun, Michel H. J. Koch, Peter A. Timmins, Roland P. May, 2013, ISBN:978-0-19-963953-3

LAB-IV: SMALL AND MACROMOLECULAR CRYSTALLOGRAPHY

| | | | Semester - IV | | | |
|--|--------|--|--|--------------|---------------|---|
| Core | | DurseCode Small and Macromolecular Crystallography | | T/P | Credits: Hou | |
| | | | Unit - I | | | |
| Objectiv | e - 1 | | nowledge and Familiarizat ular Crystallization, Nucleid | | | • |
| diffractio | n date | a collection, . | Determination: Small mol structure determination nanalysis, conformations and | nethods, str | ucture refine | |
| Outcome - 1 Design the process steps leading to determination of crystal structures of small molecules and analyze the structural conformation and interaction analysis. | | | | | | |

| | Unit - II | |
|----------------|---|-----------------|
| Objective - 2 | To understand different crystal systems and classify the crystals depending on their arrangements of the macromolecules | accordingly |
| Macromolecu | lle Structure Determination : Cloning, Expression, Purification of F | Protein and |
| | Grystallization methods (Hanging drops, Sitting drops and Micro batc | |
| | ffraction data collection, structure determination methods (MR/ | |
| SAD/ MAD), st | ructure refinement, electron density map calculation, model | |
| building and V | 'alidation, Structural and Interaction analysis. | |
| Outcome - 2 | Demonstrate the methods for protein crystallization using high | K3/K5 |
| | resolution structures. | |
| 011 .1 0 | Unit - III | |
| Objective - 3 | To provide knowledge about model building methods and structure refinement using various crystallographic software. | ure |
| Hands on Tr | raining: Synthetic Compounds- Crystallization using different met | hods (slow |
| evaporation e | tc.) in different solvents such as methanol, ethanol etc., Structure det | ermination |
| using SHELXS | program, Structure refinement using SHELXL, validation and analysi | S. |
| Outcome - 3 | Describe the differences between crystallization of small | K1/K4 |
| | molecules and macromolecules and Analyze the protein crystals | , |
| | under X-ray sources. | |
| | Unit - IV | |
| Objective - 4 | To comprehend with precision of various phase solving methods su | ch as direct |
| | methods, molecular replacement and with the use of heavy | |
| | atom derivatives that surfaces usually in small/macromolecular | |
| | crystallization. | |
| | aining: Lysozyme protein - Crystallization, Data Collection, Demo of | |
| | nree-Dimensional Structure determination, Structure refinement | |
| density map co | alculation, model building, validation (Ramachandran Plot) and anal | ysis. |
| Outcome - 4 | Illustrate the algorithms to improve maps and uses specifi | ic K2/K3 |
| outcome - 4 | crystallographic software for structure visualization and refinemen | - |
| | and validation of the final structures | 16 |
| Text and Ref | erence Books: | |
| Marcus Fr | ederick Charles Ladd and Rex Alfred Palmer, (2003), Structure Dete | ermination |
| | rystallography, Springer. | |
| | o, C. Monaco, H.L. Artioli, G. Viterbo, D. Milanesio, M. Ferraris, G. Gilli, | G Gilli |
| | G. Catti, M. (2011) "Fundamentals of Crystallography - Third Editic | |
| · · | nal Unioin of Crystallography; Oxford [u.a.]: Oxford Univ. Press, Oxf | |
| Science Pu | | oru |
| | | |
| | es (1999). "Crystallography Made Crystal Clear: A Guide for users of | |
| | ecular Models - Second Edition"; Academic Press. | |
| | Stout and Lyle H. Jensen (1989). "X-ray Structure Determination - Sec | ona |
| | ohn Wiley & Sons - A wiley-interscience Publication. | |
| Christopho | or Hammond (2000) "The Pacies of Crystallography and Diffraction | Third |

Christopher Hammond (2009). "The Basics of Crystallography and Diffraction - Third

Edition"; International Unioin of Crystallography, Oxford University Press. Car melo Giacovazzo (2014). "Phasing in Crystallography - A Modern Perspective"; Oxford University Press.

Banaszak, L. J. (2000) "Foundations of Structural Biology"; Academic Press Bourne, P.E. & Helge Weissig, H. (2003) "Structural bioinformatics"; Wiley-Liss. Liljas, A., Liljas, L., Piskur, J., Lindblom, G. Nissen, P. Kjeldgaard, M. (2010) "Textbook of Structural Biology"; Hackensack, NJ: World Scientific.

Course designed by: Dr. J. Jeyakanthan

(On what level the COs & POs correlated each other -based on that we have to give marks)

Mapping Course Outcome VS Programme Outcomes

| СО | P01 | P02 | P03 | P04 | P05 | P06 | P07 | P08 | P09 | PO10 |
|------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|------|
| CO1 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 |
| CO2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 |
| CO3 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 |
| CO4 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 |
| CO5 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 |
| W.AV | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 |

S-Strong (3), M-Medium (2), L-Low (1)

Mapping Course Outcome VS Programme Specific Outcomes

| СО | PSO1 | PSO2 | PSO3 | PSO4 | PSO5 |
|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| CO1 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| CO2 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 3 | 3 |
| CO3 | 3 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| CO4 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| W.AV | 3 | 2.75 | 2.75 | 3 | 3 |

S - Strong (3), M-Medium (2), L-Low (1)

Practical, Assignment & Seminar for Lab-IV Small and Macromolecular Crystallography

- 1. Small molecule crystallization methods.
- 2. X-ray diffraction data collection, structure determination, structure refinement and Validation of small molecules.
- 3. Small molecular compounds isolated from plants or from marine source.
- 4. Cloning, Expression, Purification of Proteins, Carbohydrates, Nucleic acids.
- 5. Crystallization methods of macromolecule (Hanging drops, Sitting drops and Micro batch methods etc.,)
- 6. *Macromolecular structure determination methods (MR/SIR/MIR/SAD/MAD).*
- 7. Structure refinement, structural analysis and Validation of macromolecules.
- 8. WinGX platform for small molecule structure determination.

Project work

| Program: M.Sc., | Semester: IV (2022 Onwards) Credits: 6 |
|-------------------------------------|--|
| Course Title and Code: Project work | Class Time: As per Time Table |
| Subject Code: 502999 | |
| Name of the Course Teacher | Prof. J. Jeyakanthan |
| Mobile: +91 - 97898 09245 | E-mail: jjeyakanthan@alagappauniversity.ac.in |
| Name of the Course Teacher | Prof. Sanjeev Kumar Singh |
| Mobile: +91 - 98944 29800 | E-mail: sksingh@alagappauniversity.ac.in |
| Name of the Course Teacher | Dr. M. Karthikeyan |
| Mobile: +91 - 94869 81874 | E-mail: karthikeyanm@alagappauniversity.ac.in |
| Name of the Course Teacher | Dr. RM. Vidhyavathi |
| Mobile: +91 - 94448 35869 | E-mail: vidhyavathirm@alagappauniversity.ac.in |
| Name of the Course Teacher | Dr. J. Joseph Sahayarayan |
| Mobile: +91 - 90475 64087 | E-mail: josephj@alagappauniversity.ac.in |
| Name of the Course Teacher | Dr. P. Boomi |
| Mobile: +91 -9486031423 | E-mail: boomip@alagappauniversity.ac.in |

Major Research Areas

- Small and Macro molecule X-ray Crystallography.
- 3D Quantitative Structure Activity Relationship (3D-QSAR).
- Human Molecular Genetics.
- Pharmacogenomics.
- Cheminformatics.
- Quantum Pharmacology.
- Computer Aided Drug Designing (CADD).
- Data mining, Data warehousing and Networking.

- Plant tissue Culture, Genetic Transformation, Plant Molecular Biology, Virology and Plant Pathology.
- Molecular Oncology, Pharmacology and Environmental Toxicology.

Course Brief:

The study of PG course in bioinformatics includes a six months project work in the thrust areas of specialization which is broadly classified into six categories keeping in mind the number of faculties present. First, is the Structural Biology and Bio - Computing where Molecular Biology concepts such as Protein Cloning, Expression, Purification and Crystallization are performed to work on the isolation of the desired protein where the structural and functional characteristics that are yet to be explored. Hence, through X-ray Crystallography one can deduce the same and collect the insight details based on these inputs computational studies such as screening, molecular dynamics simulation, quantum based approaches, structure based drug design, QSAR etc (Drug Discovery and Design, CADD & Structural Bioinformatics) are performed to identify suitable leads from commercial/natural sources for a disease – associated targets. Either way, leads identified by targeting the molecular fingerprints of an individual known as Personalized medicine (Pharmacogenomics & CADD) as this sought to be the most preferred, selected and specific approaches by the Pharma related Industries to further validate the compounds with the aid of assay to estimate its inhibitory potential against that target conferring to lifethreatening diseases such as cancer, TB, Diabetes, HIV, Inference of Vitamin D – Deficiency on population through genetic studies, Implications of Vibrio species to the aquaculture residential species by the application of phage therapy. Additionally, these collected inputs such as the availability of different targets in association in many pathways (cross-talk), established compounds based on experimental evidences either commercially or from natural sources (Isolation from plants that is claimed to have therapeutic significance) is well collected, documented and maintained in the form of databases and also the information that are collected from several sources are also included. Thus, the scholars can frame their thesis based on these areas mentioned above along with updated working of methodologies within the stipulated period of time.

Reference/Text Books:

As per the area of study taken

Course Objectives: *To make the students:*

- Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of the molecular machinery of living cells.
- Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of the principles and basic mechanisms of the research area.
- Use basic laboratory skills and apparatus to obtain reproducible data from biochemical experiments.
- Implement experimental protocols, and adapt them to plan and carry out simple investigations.

Course Outcomes: The student shall be able to:

- Analyze, interpret, and participate in reporting to their peers on the results of their laboratory experiments.
- Participate in and report orally on team work investigations of problem-based assignments.
- Build on their knowledge and understanding in tackling more advanced and specialized courses, and more widely to pursue independent, self-directed and critical learning.
- Formulate hypotheses based on current concepts in the field and design, conduct, and interpret their own research projects.
- Present research results in peer-reviewed publications and in a dissertation.
- Communicate research results effectively through oral presentations at scientific seminars, conferences, and other venues.
- Write a competitive application for research funding.
- Develop ancillary skills, where necessary, to obtain positions outside of scientific research.

Teaching Methods:

- Literature review, analysis and data collection
- Case-studies and Review questions
- Allowed for interaction with Research scholars
- Daily guidance and monitoring the work flow
- Presentation

Attendance: Having good attendance record marks the student's sincerity and has an overall positive impact on his/her personality trait development. The students are asked to attend the classes on a regular note and those having a minimum scale of 70-75% attendance are eligible to take up the end-semester examinations as per the University norms.

=-=-=

Major Electives General Chemistry

| Program: M.Sc., Bioinformatics | Semester : I (2022 Onwards) |
|-----------------------------------|--|
| Course Title: Elective –I General | Class Time: As per Time Table |
| Chemistry | |
| Subject Code: 502501 | |
| Name of Course Teacher: | Dr. P. Boomi |
| Mobile: +91-9486031423 | Email: boomip@alagappauniversity.ac.in |

Course Brief:

Chemistry is a branch of science that deals with the study of the composition, properties, and reactivity of matter that includes organic chemistry, in-organic chemistry, physical chemistry etc. In bioinformatics, chemistry has a pivotal role to systematic investigation of the properties, structure, behavior of matter and the changes matter undergoes. The student will need to improve the basic aspects of chemistry and it will expose to develop in related disciplines like interaction between the chemical compounds and the bio-molecules. Hence, the syllabus is framed to provide sound knowledge and understanding of chemistry to divulge biological and biomedical science. The purpose of this syllabus is to develop scientific temper and analytical capability through learning physical concepts and their applications in pharmaceutical. This syllabus for the course covers with organic chemistry, inorganic chemistry, nano- chemistry, bio-organic chemistry, bio-inorganic chemistry and important analytical techniques to gain an insight into the basics of knowledge of chemistry. This course highlights the information regarding synthesis of drug compound using organic and in- organic materials for drug discovery, therapy, imaging and diagnosis. It will also guide the students to understand how chemistry will be used for a high technology area of Bioinformatics.

Teaching method:

- There are a number of different teaching methods used such as:
- Lecture using power point presentation

- Discussion (Boards and Blogs)
- Case studies
- Review questions

Attendance: Having good attendance record marks the student's sincerity and has an overall positive impact on his/her personality trait development. The students are asked to attend the classes on a regular note and those having a minimum scale of 70-75% attendance are eligible to take up the end-semester examinations as per the University norms.

Punctuality: It is the most important attribute to be followed and maintained by the student throughout his/her life which for sure will lead to the path of success. Students who arrive late by 10mins after the attendance has been taken will be marked absent unless there is a valid reason (medical/personal emergency) at the discretion of the Head of the Department. **Class Participation:** A student's overall growth and personality development is based on his/her involvement in the class not just by mere presence but rather being interactive through questioning that will lead to propagation of ideas, initiation of thought-provoking process and much more that will provide a wholesome enriched classroom experience. Therefore, students are advised to be more attentive so that they learn from one another and develop quality-based knowledge.

Submission of Assignment: Assignments are given to students with just one motive to get more quantitative and qualitative knowledge insights into the assigned topic/chapter that will lead to preparation and completion of the assignment in a constructive manner here just the knowledge provided is not merely counted but also completion prior to proposed deadline will also have a check on the student's serious consideration of the assignments.

Presentation of Seminar: Apart from the assignments the concerned instructors also allocate the students with a topic or based on their interests to present seminar that will aid them built their confidence levels, command over English language to communicate with precision and fluently. In addition, the fellow students are encouraged to pose questions that will instigate interest and provide update in that particular topic besides the information presented helping them to prepare for their examinations that can be taken as added advantage for the students.

Preparedness: At the end of every class, the concerned instructor tells the students what will be taken in the next class using these details the students should be aware of the topics that will be covered in the upcoming lectures which actually enhance the student's capability to grasp the knowledge and concepts provided much efficiently.

Academic Dishonesty: This is an important aspect that every student should be aware of. Thus, the respective faculty members educate the students of possible means of academic malpractices (plagiarism, violation of copyrights and stealing the patented knowledge) and the following consequences that will make them more vigilant in their academic career.

Subject to change clause: Based on the requirement of student's feasibility and meeting the competitive demands of the discipline the syllabus courses will be re-structured and updated accordingly at the discretion of the Professor(s) and Board of studies chairman.

Important dates: *Please note down the important dates and stick to the schedule*

| CIA Test I | CIA Test II | Assignment | Seminar | |
|--------------------------|-------------|------------------|---------|--|
| As per Academic Calendar | | After CIA Test-I | | |

Course Outline: Elective: General chemistry

- **Organic chemistry:** can be describing the aromatic substances that involve the study of carbon and its compounds. It includes aromaticity, synthesis of organic compound and heterocyclic compound.
- Chemical bonding: It is one of the most important basic fundamentals of chemistry that explains how compounds form based on the electrostatic interaction and other concepts such as various bonding theory. Chemical Bonding and Acid base theory
- Nano Chemistry: It is an emerging field that involves study of unique properties associated with assemblies of atoms or molecules of nanoscale, the types of nano structures such as one, two and three dimensional. Polymer chemistry and pharmaceutical chemistry include classification of polymer with their uses and applications.
- **Bio-inorganic chemistry:** It examines the role of metals in biology, which covers the metalloprotein like hemoglobin and myoglobin, Electron transfer proteins: Active site structure and functions of ferredoxin, rubridoxin and cytochromes.
- **Medicinal Chemistry:** It involes the drug action and synthesis of various drug such as anyibacterial, antibiotics, antifungal and anticancer agent.

More books for Reading and Referencing

Amit Arora, "Organic Chemistry: Aromatic, Alcohols Aldehydes & Acids", (2006),
Publisher- Discovery Publishing House, (ISBN:8183561896, 9788183561891)

John A. Joule and Keith Mills, "Heterocyclic Chemistry", (2013), Publisher- John

Wiley & Sons, (ISBN: 1118681649, 9781118681640)

Marye Anne Fox, James K. Whitesell, "Organic chemistry", (2004), Publisher-Jones & Bartlett Learning, (ISBN: 763721972, 9780763721978)

Paul M. Dewick, "Essentials of Organic Chemistry: For Students of Pharmacy, Medicinal Chemistry and Biological Chemistry", (2006), Publisher-John Wiley & Sons, (ISBN: 0470016655, 9780470016657)

J. Newton Friend, "A text book of in-organic chemistry" (2012), Publisher-Hardpress, (ISBN: 290327793, 9781290327794)

I. David Brown, "The Chemical Bond in Inorganic Chemistry" (2006), Publisher-Oxford University Press, (ISBN: 0199298815, 9780199298815)

John C. Kotz, Paul M. Treichel and John Townsend, "Chemistry and Chemical Reactivity", (2014), 9th Edition, Publisher- Cengage Learning, (ISBN:1305176464, 9781305176461)

Geoffrey A. Ozin, and Andre C. Arsenault, (Nanochemistry: A Chemical Approach to Nanomaterials", (2015), Publisher- Royal Society of Chemistry, (ISBN:1782626263, 9781782626268)

Kenneth J. Klabunde, and Gleb B. Sergeev "Nanochemistry" (2013) 2nd Edition, Publisher- Newnes, (ISBN: 0444594094, 9780444594099)

A. Ravve, "Principles of Polymer Chemistry", (2013), Pubisher- Springer Science & Business Media, (ISBN: 1489912835, 9781489912831)

Gauri Shankar Misra, "Introductory Polymer Chemistry", (1993), (ISBN: 8122404715, 9788122404715)

S. M. Khopkar, "Basic Concepts Of Analytical Chemistry", (1998), Publisher-New Age International, (ISBN: 8122411592, 9788122411591)

John Kenkel, "Analytical Chemistry for Technicians, Fourth Edition", (2013), Publisher-CRC Press, (ISBN: 1439881065, 9781439881064)

David Van Vranken and Gregory Weiss, "Introduction to Bioorganic Chemistry and Chemical Biology", (2012), Publisher- Garland Science, (ISBN: 1135054827, 9781135054823)

K. Hussain Reddy "Bioinorganic Chemistry", (2007), Publisher-New Age
International, (ISBN: 8122414370, 9788122414370)

Ivano Bertini, "Biological Inorganic Chemistry: Structure and Reactivity", (2007), Publisher-University Science Books, (ISBN: 1891389432, 9781891389436)

General Chemistry

| | General Chemistry | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---------|--------------|--------------------------------|--|
| I - Semester | | | | | | |
| Core | Course Code 502501 General Chemistry T/P Credits:5 | | Hours:5 | | | |
| | | Unit-I | | | | |
| Objective - 1 | To learn about b | asic idea of aromaticity, acid | base t | heory and or | ganic | |
| · | synthesis. | | | - | | |
| Chemical Bonding and Acid base theory: Chemical Bonding: Bond theory, hydrogen bonding, ionic bond, metallic bond, covalent bond, sigma bond, pi-bond, bond length, bond strength, delocalization, conjugation, resonance, hyperconjugation, and Vander- Waals forces. Free electron theory, Molecular orbital theory, conductor, insulators and semiconductors. Acid base theory: Arrhenius theory, acids and bases in protic solvents, Bronsted-Lowry theory, Lewis theory, acid-base strength, theoretical basis of hardness and | | | | | | |
| outcome - 1 | Describe the syn | thesis the organic compound aceutical polymer and nano c | | | K2 | |
| | I | Unit-II | | | <u> </u> | |
| Objective - 2 | To understand to | he biological molecule preser mpounds | nt in t | he bio-orgai | nic and | |
| Aromaticity, l | Heterocyclic Con | npounds and Spectroscopy | y tech | niques: Ar | omaticity: | |
| fulvenes. Organic Synthesis: Synthesis of alcohols, phenols, aldehydes and ketones. Heterocyclic Compound: Synthesis of aromatic heterocyclic compounds. Spectroscopy: UV-Vis Spectroscopy-Beer-Lambert's law and its limitations, transmittance, Absorbance, and molar absorptivity. Infra red spectroscopy-Basic Principle, Characteristic absorption bands of various functional groups. Outcome - 2 Gaining the knowledge about hetrocyclic Compound, K3 | | | | | ccopy: UV- ance, and ion | |
| | Spectroscopy and | - | | | | |
| Objective - 3 To understand the biological molecule present in the bio-organic and bio-inorganic compounds. | | | | | | |
| Nanochemistr | Nanochemistry and Polymer Science: Nano Chemistry: Definition, One-Dimensional, | | | | | |
| Two-Dimensional and Three-Dimensional nanomaterials, stability, properties (nanowire, nanorod and nanotube), self assembly nanoparticles, Fundamentals of Drug Nanoparticles, combination of drugs with their controlled drug delivery system. Polymer chemistry: Basic concepts of polymers, classification: Natural, synthetic, linear, cross linked, network, plastics, elastomers and fibres. Structure and uses of pharmaceutical polymers such as cyclodextrin, Ethyl cellulose, polymethacrylate, polyvinyl alcohol and polyvinyl pyrrolidone. | | | | | | |
| Outcome - 3 | Understanding the biological molecule present in the bio- | | | | | |
| | inorganic compounds and drug compound with their acitons. Unit-IV | | | | | |
| Objective - 4 | To Study the hen transfer proteins | ne protein, non heme protein (| and el | ectron | | |

Bioinorganic Chemistry: Essential Trace Element for Human body, Biological Oxidation and Reduction Reactions for trace element. Overview of Heme and non-heme proteins-Structure and functions of Hemoglobin, Myoglobin, Hemerythrin and Hemocyanin. Structure and functions of electron transfer proteins such as Iron-sulphur proteins (Ferredoxins, Rubredoxin and Cytochromes). Copper iron proteins-Blue copper proteins (Azurin and Plastocyanin) and Superoxide dismutase. Structure and function of vitamin B12.

Outcome - 4

acquiring knowledge about how to synthesis antibiotics and other infectious disease related drugs

K4

the

Unit-V

Objective - 5

Medicinal Chemistry: Introduction to Drugs-Definition, Sources and classification of drugs, Drug action in human body, Chemistry of antibiotics and related drugs with their mode of action and side effects (Benzathine penicillin, Ampicillin, cis-platin, Chloroquine and Amodiaquine). Synthesis of the representative drugs of the following classes: Antiinflammatory agents (Aspirin, paracetamol), Antibiotics (Chloramphenicol), Antibacterial and Antifungal agents (Sulphonamides; Sulphanethoxazol,

Sulphacetamide), Antiviral agents (Acyclovir) and Anticancer agent (Chlorambucil).

Outcome - 5 Explain the and differentiate the different antibiotics and it uses

K3

Text and Reference books:

Gowariker, V. R., Viswanathan, N. V., Jayadev Sreedhar, N. V. (2008). Polymer Science. (1st Ed). New Age International Pvt. Ltd.

Gopalan, R. (2009). Inorganic Chemistry. Universities Press.

Cammack, R. (1999). Iron-Sulfur Proteins. Academic Press.

Eldik, R. V. (2004). Advances in Inorganic Chemistry. Vol-55, Publisher-Elsevier.

Ahuja, S., Jespersen, N. (2006). Modern Instrumental Analysis. Vol-47, Elsevier.

Agrawal, J. P., Hodgson, R. D. (2007). Organic Chemistry of Explosives. John Wiley & Sons Ltd.

McMurry, J. (2008). Organic Chemistry. (7th Ed,), Thomson Higher Education. Brechignac, C., Houdy P., Lahmani, M. (2008). Nanomaterials and Nanochemistry. Springer Science & Business Media.

Lewis, A. (2009). Drug-Device Combination Products: Delivery Technologies and Applications. Woodhead Publishing series in Biomaterials. Elsevier,

Thassu, D., Deleers, M., Pathak, Y. (2007). Nanoparticulate Drug Delivery Systems. Edition-Informa Healthcare USA, Inc.

Atul, S. (2010). The Pearson Guide to Objective Chemistry for the AIEEE. Pearson Education India.

Watson, D. G. (2011). Pharmaceutical Chemistry E-Book. Publisher-Elsevier Health Sciences.

Bhattacharjee, M. K. (2016). Chemistry of Antibiotics and Related Drugs. Publisher-Springer

House, J. E. (2012). Inorganic Chemistry. (2nd Ed.) Publisher-Academic Press.

Clayden, J., Greeves, N., Warren, S. (2012). Organic Chemistry. (2nd Ed.). OUP Oxford.

Course designed by: Dr.P.Boomi

(On what level the COs & POs correlated each other -based on that we have to give marks)

Mapping Course Outcome VS Programme Outcomes

| | P01 | PO2 | P03 | P04 | P05 | P06 | P07 | P08 | P09 | P010 |
|------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|------|
| CO1 | 3 | 2 | 3 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| CO2 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 3 | 2 | 2 |
| CO3 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 2 |
| CO4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 3 |
| CO5 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 1 |
| W.AV | 2.6 | 2 | 2 | 1.8 | 2.2 | 2.8 | 1.8 | 2.2 | 1.8 | 2.2 |

S-Strong (3), M-Medium (2), L-Low (1)

Mapping Course Outcome VS Programme Specific Outcomes

| CO | PSO1 | PSO2 | PSO3 | PSO4 | PSO5 |
|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| CO1 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| CO2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 3 | 3 |
| CO3 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 3 | 3 |
| CO4 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 3 |
| CO5 | 1 | 3 | 1 | 3 | 3 |
| W.AV | 2 | 2.2 | 2 | 3 | 3 |

S-Strong (3), M-Medium (2), L-Low (1)

Assignment & Seminar - General Chemistry

- 1. Write a brief note on aromaticity and anti-aromaticity.
- 2. Explain the detail about annulenes and fulvenes.
- 3. How to synthesis of primary and secondary alcohol.
- 4. Define the structure and application of pyrrole, and imidazole.
- 5. Give a detailed account on SN_1 and SN_2 reaction and mechanism.
- 6. Discus the Bimolecular reaction and mechanism.
- 7. Define neighboring group participation and leaving group.
- 8. Describe the Vander-Waals forces and Molecular orbital theory.
- 9. Types of chemical bonding.

Fundamentals of Computing

| Program: M.Sc., | Semester: I (2022 Onwards) |
|----------------------------|--|
| Course Title and Code: | Class Time: As per Time Table |
| Fundamentals of Computing | |
| (Elective-I) | |
| Subject Code: 502502 | |
| Name of the Course Teacher | Dr. RM. Vidhyavathi |
| Mobile: +91 9444835869 | E-mail: vidhyavathirm@alagappauniversity.ac.in |

Course Brief:

Computer technology's has impacts on individuals and our world. It helps to access worldwide sources of information; presenting ideas orally, graphically and in writing. This course examines the interaction between information and methods of communication technology. It explores the impact that technology has on individuals and organizations and the effects of current technology infrastructure plus use, duplication and transmission of information in our world. The course links technology with communication to provide students with access to a wealth of data and information, both locally and globally. The fundamental of computing is designed to familiarize students with computers and their applications. It will help students to learn fundamental concepts of computer hardware and software and become familiar with a variety of computer applications. Students will investigate internet based application and also includes activities that explore social and ethical issues related to computers. Students will exhibit proficiency with software applications and demonstrate knowledge of computer technology and components to aide in their understanding of data and information. After learning this course, it helps students in the development of applications related to data-analytical and theoretical methods, mathematical modeling and computational simulation techniques to study of biological, behavioral and social system. It also help biology student to learn the complicated biological systems and to organize, share or visualize the vast amount of biological data.

Technical Publications

- 1. Curtis Frye, (2003) Step by Step Microsoft Excel 2003, Microsoft Press.
- 2. Leon, A., Leon, M. (2000) "Introduction to Computers"; Vikas Publishing House.

Teaching Methods: The mode of teaching of delivering the courses are as follows through these below mentioned methodologies:

- Delivering the lectures in the form of presentation using advanced technologies devices such as smart board.
- Case-studies and Review questions

Attendance: Having good attendance record marks the student's sincerity and has an overall positive impact on his/her personality trait development. The students are asked to attend the classes on a regular note and those having a minimum scale of 70-75% attendance are eligible to take up the end-semester examinations as per the University norms.

Punctuality: It is the most important attribute to be followed and maintained by the student throughout his/her life which for sure will lead to the path of success. Students who arrive late by 10mins after the attendance has been taken will be marked absent unless there is a valid reason (medical/personal emergency) at the discretion of the Head of the Department.

Class Participation: A student's overall growth and personality development is based on his/her involvement in the class not just by mere presence but rather being interactive through questioning that will lead to propagation of ideas, initiation of thought-provoking process and much more that will provide a wholesome enriched classroom experience. Therefore, students are advised to be more attentive so that they learn from one another and develop quality-based knowledge.

Submission of Assignment: Assignments are given to students with just one motive to get more quantitative and qualitative knowledge insights into the assigned topic/chapter that will lead to preparation and completion of the assignment in a constructive manner here just the knowledge provided is not merely counted but also completion prior to proposed deadline will also have a check on the student's serious consideration of the assignments.

Presentation of Seminar: Apart from the assignments the concerned instructors also allocate the students with a topic or based on their interests to present seminar that will aid them built their confidence levels, command over English language to communicate with precision and fluently. In addition, the fellow students are encouraged to pose questions that will instigate interest and provide update in that particular topic besides the information presented helping them to prepare for their examinations that can be taken as added advantage for the students.

Preparedness: At the end of every class, the concerned instructor tells the students what will be taken in the next class using these details the students should be aware of the topics that will be covered in the upcoming lectures which actually enhance the student's capability to grasp the knowledge and concepts provided much efficiently.

Academic Dishonesty: This is an important aspect that every student should be aware of. Thus, the respective faculty members educate the students of possible means of academic malpractices (plagiarism, violation of copyrights and stealing the patented knowledge) and the following consequences that will make them more vigilant in their academic career.

Subject to change clause: Based on the requirement of student's feasibility and meeting the competitive demands of the discipline the syllabus courses will be re-structured and updated accordingly at the discretion of the Professor(s) and Board of studies chairman.

Important dates: *Please note down the important dates and stick to the schedule*

| CIA Test I | CIA Test II | Assignment | Seminar |
|--------------|---------------|------------|----------|
| As per Acade | emic Calendar | After CI | A Test-I |

Course Outline: Elective-I: Fundamentals of computing

- On completion of the course the students will be able to understand the fundamentals of computer and its organization.
- It will also allow student to concentrate on computer networking and data security.
- Also gives knowledge to the student about internet and its applications.

More books for Reading and Referencing

Fundamentals Of Computer Algorithms - 1998

Horowitz, Galgotia Publications and (ISBN: 8175152575, 9788175152571)

Fundamentals of Computing and Programing – 2008

A.P.Godse, D.A.Godse, Technical Publications and

(ISBN: 8184315090, 9788184315097)

Computer Fundamentals – 2004

Larry Long, Dreamtech Press and

(ISBN: 8177223674, 9788177223675)

Fundamentals of Computing

| | | Major Elective | | | | |
|-----------------------|----------------------------|--|---------------|------------------|---------------|--|
| Course Code: 502502 | Title of the | Fundamentals of Computing | Т | Credits:5 | Hours:5 | |
| | course | TIMIT I | | | | |
| | Idontify to | UNIT I | 40.000 | a information | and how | |
| Objective - 1 | , , , | pes of computers, how they p computers interact with other com | | • | | |
| | • | n of a Computer: Computer syst | | • | - | |
| etc, Types of Pro | ocessing: Bat | ch, Real-Time, Online, Offline, Typ | es of | modern comp | outers: The | |
| workstation, The | e Minicompu | ter, Mainframe Computers, Paralle | l Proc | essing Compu | iter, The | |
| Super Computer, | , etc | | | | | |
| Outcome - 1 | Understand architecture | the basics of computer e, database and networks | r s | ystem, its | K2 | |
| | | UNIT II | | | • | |
| Objective - 2 | , , , | w to maintain computer equipmen computer hardware | t and | solve commor | n problems | |
| Software Conce | | s of flowcharting, Algorithm deve | lopme | nt, Relations | hip betweer | |
| hardware and | | Types of software: System | | | Application | |
| | | : Introduction, Process manageme agement and Security. Introductio | | | | |
| Outcome - 2 | | Apply the basic concepts, terminology of computer science and familiar with the use of IT tools. | | | | |
| | | UNIT III | | | | |
| Objective - 3 | Identify net | twork fundamentals and the benef | its and | d risks of netw | vork | |
| Computer Netv | vorking: OS | Reference Model, topologies and | proto | cols, designing | networks, | |
| Networking gad | dgets (Route | r, Switch, etc); Data Communica | tion | (ISDN, VPN, | DSL, cable | |
| modem, cellular | modem, etc), | : Communication Links (Wire pairs | , Coax | xial cables, Fib | er | |
| optics, Microway | ve, Satellite, e | rtc). | | | | |
| Outcome - 3 | Explore nev | v IT techniques in various applica | tions | and to | K4 | |
| | identify the | issues related to security. | | | | |
| | | UNIT IV | | | | |
| Objective - 4 | , , | the relationship between c ations networks (like the telephon | ompu e net | | • | |
| Data Security: | Data secur | ity fundamentals: types of attac | ks, fi | rewall, packe | et filtering, | |
| classification of | data security | y threats, protection mechanism (| authe | ntication, acc | ess control | |
| and access rules |), Encryption | /Decryptions techniques, An overv | iew o | f Computer vi | ruses: How | |
| do they get tran | smitted? Wh | at are the dangers? General Preco | ution | s to be taken, | Current & | |
| , , | | nputing, VPN, wireless, mobile com | | | | |
| biometrics etc. | | . , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , | | . | | |

| Outcome - 4 Demonstrate basic file management techniques | | | | | |
|--|---|--|--|--|--|
| | UNIT V | | | | |
| Objective - 5 | Objective - 5 Identify different types of information sources on the Internet. | | | | |
| Internet: The In | Internet: The Internet and its Resources, Internet protocols, services, and related | | | | |
| terminologies. V | terminologies. Web browsers, customizing browsers, Blocking popup windows, Internet | | | | |
| programming languages. | | | | | |
| Outcome - 5 | Outcome - 5 Use CCRI online tools. K6 | | | | |

Text and Reference Books:

V. Rajaraman, Neeharika Adabala (2014) "Fundamentals of Computers"; PHI learning Private limited, New Delhi, Sixth Edition.

ITL Education Solutions Limited, 2011, "Introduction to Computers", Pearson Education India, Second Edition.

Andrew S. Tanenbaum, David J. Wetherall. (2012) "Computer Network"; Pearson Educations. Danny Briere, Walter R. Bruce, (2011)," Wireless Home Networking For Dummies", John Wiley & Sons, Third Edition.

John R. Levine, (2010),"The Internet For Dummies", John Wiley & Sons Twelfth Edition. John, R., Levine, Young, M.L and Baroudi, C. (2007) "The Internet for Dummies", Willy Publishing Inc, Eleventh Edition.

Jan Vitek, Christian D. Jense, (2007), "Secure Internet Programming", Springer. R.G. Dromey, (2007), "How to Solve it by Computer", Pearson Education, Fourth Reprint. Chris McNab, (2007)," Network Security Assessment ", O'Reilly Media, Second Edition. D.A. Godse A. P.Godse, (2006), "Computer Organization and Architecture"

Course designed by: Dr.RM.Vidhyavathi

(On what level the COs & POs correlated each other -based on that we have to give marks)

Mapping Course Outcome VS Programme Outcomes

| | P01 | PO | P03 | P04 | P05 | P06 | P07 | P08 | P09 | P010 |
|------|-----|----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|------|
| | | 2 | | | | | | | | |
| CO1 | 2 | 2 | - | 1 | 2 | 2 | - | 1 | - | 3 |
| CO2 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 2 | - | 1 | • | 2 |
| CO3 | 3 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 1 | - | • | 1 |
| CO4 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 3 | 1 | 1 | • | 1 |
| CO5 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 2 |
| W.AV | 2.2 | 2 | 1.2 | 1.4 | 2.2 | 2.4 | 0.8 | 0.8 | 0.4 | 1.8 |

S-Strong (3), M-Medium (2), L-Low (1)

Mapping Course Outcome VS Programme Specific Outcomes

| | PSO1 | PSO2 | PSO3 | PSO4 | PSO5 |
|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| CO1 | 2 | 3 | 2 | 2 | 3 |
| CO2 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 3 |
| CO3 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 3 | 3 |
| CO4 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 3 |
| CO5 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 3 |
| W.AV | 1.2 | 2.2 | 1.6 | 2.2 | 3 |

S-Strong (3), M-Medium (2), L-Low (1)

Assignment & Seminar - Fundamentals of computing

- 1. Describe the organization of computer.
- 2. Brief about software and its applications.
- 3. Explain computer networking and data communication in detail.
- 4. An overview of computer viruses.
- 5. Internet and its resources.
- 6. Encryption/Decryptions techniques.
- 7. Internet protocols.
- 8. OSI Reference Model.
- 9. Types of modern computers.
- 10. Different types of web browsers.

IPR, Bio-safety and Bioethics

| Program: M.Sc., Bioinformatics | Semester : I (2022 Onwards) |
|----------------------------------|---|
| Course Title: IPR, Biosafety and | Class Time: As per Time Table |
| Bioethics | |
| Subject Code: (502503) | |
| Name of Course Teacher | Dr. J. Joseph Sahayarayan |
| Mobile: +91 9047564087 | E-mail:josephj@alagappauniversity.ac.in |

Course Brief:

The course introduces students to Intellectual Property (IP) Law in general and its two common categories: Industrial Property (mostly patents) and Copyright. Intellectual Property is undoubtedly perceived as one of the core fields in the emerging area of law, the need specialized professionals. The course provides an overview of the

main principles and legal rules of IP Law, focusing specifically on the theoretical connections between IP and academic/scientific works/studies and on the IP issues with which the students are likely to come into contact in their different areas of knowledge. The course on Intellectual Property Rights, Biosafety and Bioethics covers all aspects of creations of the intellect (Images, inventions, literary works, artistic works etc.), Patent application, rules essential for patents, genetically modified crops and plants with their impacts, general ethical issues in handling transgenic plants, animals and microorganisms at laboratory etc. It also deals with new and upcoming areas like ethical issues associated with embryonic stem cells, genetic testing and regulatory approval to conduct human clinical trials. This course has been designed to give the students a holistic understanding of the subject. The concept of IP, its creation and how it should be protected are the major key points which will be discussed during this course.

Teaching Methods: The mode of teaching is based on the following learning activities:

- Lectures covering the theoretical part will be delivered using PowerPoint presentations.
- A new set of problems and issues that are worthy of exploration related to this course will be conversed.
- Case studies and questions.

Attendance: The students are expected to attend the classes regularly, since regular attendance is essential to gain academic achievement. As per the University norms, the students having a minimum scale of 70-75% attendance are only qualified to write their end-semester examinations.

Punctuality: Punctuality is the most important quality for the student to be followed and maintained to achieve success. Students who arrive late by 10 mins to the class without any vital reason will be marked absent in the attendance register. On the other hand, valid excuse including personal or medical emergency is acceptable, with prior consent by the Head of the Department.

Class Participation: A student's overall growth and personality development is based on his/her involvement in the class not just by mere presence but rather being interactive through questioning that will lead to propagation of ideas, initiation of thought-provoking practice and much more that will provide a wholesome enriched

classroom experience. When students participate, they learn from one another and gain their knowledge better.

Submission of Assignment: Assignments are given to students in order to apply the concepts for deeper understanding of the subject. Therefore, each student will be allocated two assignments for the course, covering the entire topic. Students will be given deadline to submit the assignment by the course instructor and good preparation of assignment will help the students for their final exams.

Presentation of Seminar: Apart from the assignments, students are supposed to give an oral presentation during the class seminar hours in their assigned topic. The concerned instructor will encourage the participants to ask valid questions during seminar presentation in order to put up their confidence levels and communication skills. In addition, students will be able to gain information and can be updated in their course.

Preparedness: At the end of every class, the concerned instructor conveys the students about the details that will be handled in the next class to increase the student's awareness related to the topics.

Academic Dishonesty: This is an important aspect that every student should be aware of. Thus, the respective faculty members educate the students of possible means of academic malpractices (plagiarism, violation of copyrights and stealing the patented knowledge) and the following consequences that will make them more vigilant in their academic career.

Subject to change clause: Depending upon the requirement of student's possibility, the course syllabus will be re-structured and updated accordingly at the discretion of the Professor(s) and Board of studies chairman.

Important dates: Scheduled dates for the various activities related to the course

| CIA Test I | CIA Test II | Assignment | Seminar |
|-------------|---------------|------------------|---------|
| As per Acad | emic Calendar | After CIA Test I | |

Course Outline: Elective: IPR, Bio-safety and Bioethics

- An outline of Intellectual property rights- World Trade Organisation (WTO) WTO Agreements- General Agreement on Tariffs and Trade (GATT) General Provisions and Basic Principles-Protection of different types of plant variety.
- Types of Intellectual property rights-TRIPs -Trademarks and copyrights-act and law.

- Procedures for GMOs intended for direct use-risk assessment-risk management-handling, transport, packaging and identification of GMOs.
- Patenting and the Procedures Involved in the Application for Grading of a Patent
 -Steps to a Patent Compulsory Licenses Patent Cooperation Treaty (PCT)- Some
 case studies-Beneficial role of Transgenic plants and animals.
- Rules for the manufacture, use/import/export and storage of hazardous microorganisms/genetically engineered organisms or cell.
- An Overview of the Legal and Socio-economic Impacts of Biotechnology Biosafety Regulations-Good laboratory practices-Different types of containment.
- Bioethics introduction-Various ethical issues related to genetic studies, human genome project-stem cell applications and ethical issues in stem cell research-cloning-instrumentality.

More books for Reading and Referencing

An Introduction to Intellectual Property Rights-Manju Pathak

Publisher: New India Publishing Agency, 2013. (ISBN: 978-93-833-0512-4)

Intellectual Property Rights-Neeraj Pandey, Khushdeep Dharni

Publisher: PHI Learning Pvt. Ltd-New Delhi, 2014. (ISBN: 978-81-203-4989-6)

WIPO Intellectual Property Handbook-Wipo Publication

Publisher: WIPO 2004, Second Edition. (ISBN: 978-92-805-1291-5)

Bioethics and Biosafety- M. K. Sateesh

Publisher: I. K. International Pvt Ltd, 2008. (ISBN: 978-81-906-7570-3)

Bioethics and Biosafety in Biotechnology-V. Sree Krishnan

Publisher: New Age International (P) Limited, New Delhi, 2007. (ISBN: 978-81-224-

2248-1)

IPR, Biosafety and Bioethics- Deepa Goel, Shomini Parashar

Publisher: Pearson Publication, First edition, 2013. (ISBN: 978-93-325-1424-9)

Patent law - P Narayanan

Publisher: Eastern Law House; 3rd edition, 1998. (ISBN: 978-81-717-7090-8)

Introduction to Bioethics- John A. Bryant, Linda Baggott la Velle, John F. Searle

Publisher: Wiley publications, 2005. (ISBN: 978-0-470-02198-9)

Bio-safety, Bioethics and IPR

| | | Major Elective | | | |
|--|-------------------------------------|--|--------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| Core | Course Code: 502501 | Bio-safety, Bioethics and IPR | T/P | Credits: 5 | Hours :5 |
| | | Unit - I | | | |
| Objective - 1 | relation to intell | role of international inst lectual property rights. To nt Variety and Farmers' Rig | unders | tand agreeme | |
| Concept and | | tional Institutions: Intro | | | ral Agreement on |
| | | Vorld Trade Organizations O) and World Internationd | | - | - |
| Summits, Rol | le of Integrated Bu | isiness Solution Center (IBS Production of Plant variety | SC) and | ł Review Comr | nittee on |
| Outcome - 1 | Explain the cond | repts and roles of internation WIPO, in the context of IPI | onal in | stitutions, sucl | |
| | | Unit – II | | | |
| Objective - | To define differe copyrights, and t | ent types of intellectual pr | operty | rights like pa | tents, trademarks, |
| Patent and (| | Different types of intellectu | ıal proi | perty riahts (IF | PR) Patents Trade |
| mark, Trade | secret copy right | t, Geographical distribution Pledge, Impact of GM Crops | n on l | biological dive | |
| Outcome - 2 | | erent types of intellectual p biological diversity and trad | | • | heir K2 |
| | | Unit - III | | | 1 |
| Objective - 3 | • | an patent law and discuss derstand the benefits of tra | | , . | • |
| model case. C | • • | n, Rules governing patents ents (Basmati rice, Turmer d animals. | | • | |
| Outcome - 3 | | ipplications, rules governin ts, such as Basmati rice, Tu | | | K4 |
| | | Unit – IV | | | · |
| Objective - To describe different levels of biosafety and containment. To understand national biosafety policies, GLP, and GMP in relation to biotechnology intellectual property. | | | | | |
| Microorganis research in ti biosafety pol | sm according to ransgenic plants, G | iotechnology: Introduction pathogenecity, rDNA rese sood Laboratory Practices (mplasm conservation and (stices). | arch ii GLP). C | n India, Gene. Containments- | ral guidelines for Types, National |

| Outcome - 4 | Know the application facts about biosafety guidelines, good laboratory practices (GLP), and good manufacturing practices (GMP) in biotechnology research and production. | К3 | | |
|---|--|----|--|--|
| | Unit-V | | | |
| Objective - 5 | To discuss about general ethical issues related to the release of organisms and the use of technologies like stem cells, genetic testing clinical trials from a bioethics perspective. | , | | |
| Bioethics: Introduction of bioethics, General ethical issues related to environmental release of transgenic plants, animals and microorganisms, Ethical issues related to embryonic stem cells, Genetic testing and screening, human clinical trials and drug testing. | | | | |
| Outcome - 5 | Evaluate the ethical implications of biotechnology research, including environmental release of transgenic organisms, embryonic stem cells, and human clinical trials. | К2 | | |

Text and Reference Books:

Recombinant DNA safety guidelines, (1990), Department of Biotechnology, Ministry of Science & Technology, Government of India, New Delhi.

Deepa Goel; Shomini Parashar, (2015) IPR, Biosafety and Bioethics, Pearson India, ISBN: 9789332514249.

Revised guidelines for research in transgenic plants, (1998), Department of Biotechnology, Ministry of Science & Technology, Government of India, New Delhi.

Subbaram, N. (2007) "Patent Law Practices and Procedures" Pharma Book Syndicate, Hyderabad, 2^{nd} Edition.

M. K. Sateesh, (2008) Bioethics and Biosafety, K. International Pvt Ltd.

Robert Dingwall, (2008) Cambridge textbook of bioethics, Cambridge University Press, Cambridge, ISBN -13: 978-0-521-69443-8.

Glick, B.R., and Pasternack, J.J. (2010) "Molecular Biotechnology"; ASM Press, Washington, DC, 4th Edition. Chawla, H.S. (2011) "Introduction to Plant Biotechnology"; Oxford & IBH Publishing Co. Pvt. Ltd. 3rd Edition.

Shomini Parashar, Deepa Goel, (2013) IPR, Biosafety and Bioethics, Pearson India, ISBN: 9788131774700.

Course designed by: Dr. J. Joseph Sahayarayan

(On what level the COs & POs correlated each other -based on that we have to give marks)

Mapping Course Outcome VS Programme Outcomes \mathbf{CO} P01 **PO2 PO3 PO4 PO5 P06 PO7 P08 PO9** PO10 **CO1 CO2 CO3 CO4 CO5** W.AV 2.8 8.0 0.6 1.6

S-Strong (3), M-Medium (2), L-Low (1)

Mapping Course Outcome VS Programme Specific Outcomes

| CO | PSO1 | PSO2 | PSO3 | PSO4 | PSO5 |
|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| CO1 | 1 | - | 1 | 3 | 3 |
| CO2 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 3 |
| CO3 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 3 |
| CO4 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 3 |
| CO5 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 3 | 3 |
| W.AV | 1.6 | 1 | 1.8 | 3 | 3 |

S - Strong (3), M-Medium (2), L-Low (1)

Assignment & Seminar Elective: IPR, Bio-safety and Bioethics

- 1. Establishment and functions of GATT, WTO and WIPO.
- 2. Explain transgenic plants and its beneficiary role.
- 3. Write short notes on Biosafety and its different levels.
- 4. Derive the government patent rules.
- 5. Give an account on FLAVA SAVRtm turmeric as model case.
- 6. Explain WTO summit and WTO agreements.
- 7. Write a short note on environmental impact of genetically modified plants.
- 8. Explain the ethical issues related to research in embryonic stem cell cloning.
- 9. Impact of GM crops in agriculture.
- 10. Discuss about GATT's principle of reciprocal tariff liberalization.

Biosensor

| Program: M.Sc., | Semester : III (2022 Onwards) |
|-------------------------|---|
| Course Title: Biosensor | Class Time: As per Time Table |
| Subject Code: 502504 | |
| Name of Course Teacher: | Dr. P. Boomi |
| Mobile: +91 9486031423 | E-mail: boomip@alagappauniversity.ac.in |

Course Brief:

Biosensor comprises a hybrid course that integrates a natural bio-recognition element like cell, enzyme, antibody etc. Biosensors are emerging analytical tools for the analysis of bio-material samples to gain an understanding of their bio-composition, structure and function by converting a biological response into an electrical signal. This course can be providing diverse applications like medicine, biomedical research, drug discovery, diabetes, environmental monitoring, security and military. The syllabus is focused on sensor, biosensor, nanomaterials based biosensor, medical biosensor and enzyme based biosensor. This course is also providing in the general principles of

sampling analysis, statistical presentation and manipulation of data. It provides the basic science concepts required to understand the design and application of biosensors for the students. It is expected that students will get ample scope to learn and update knowledge through their active students in the lectures, discussions or demonstrations and suitable hands-on experiments. Also assignments and case studies will be conducted to stimulate research motivation of the students.

Teaching method *will be based on the following activities:*

- Lecture using power point
- Discussion (Boards and Blogs)
- Case studies
- Review questions

Attendance: Attendance and participation are vital to the student's success in this course. Students are expected to attend class every day. Minimum attendance to be eligible to take end-semester-examination is 80%. It is also essential that the students study regularly.

Punctuality: Punctuality is very important in the course, because if student are late, you not only waste your time, but other student's. You will also disturb others when you go into the lecture class or laboratory after the class begins. Therefore, please arrive at the class on time. Names of late students will be recorded by mentor and marks from Course performance will be deducted. An excuse for being absent from class shall be a medical or personal emergency acceptable at the discretion of the Head of the Dept.

Class Participation: Class participation and interaction helps to form a complete educational experience. However, class participation and interaction is to be relevant to course content and context. Deviant behavior may lead to dismissal or suspension.

Submission of Assignment: Assignments are given to students with just one motive to get more quantitative and qualitative knowledge insights into the assigned topic/chapter that will lead to preparation and completion of the assignment in a constructive manner here just the knowledge provided is not merely counted but also completion prior to proposed deadline will also have a check on the student's serious consideration of the assignments.

Presentation of Seminar: Apart from the assignments the concerned instructors also allocate the students with a topic or based on their interests to present seminar that will aid them built their confidence levels, command over English language to communicate with precision and fluently. In addition, the fellow students are encouraged to pose questions that will instigate interest and provide update in that particular topic besides

the information presented helping them to prepare for their examinations that can be taken as added advantage for the students.

Preparedness: At the end of every class, the concerned instructor tells the students what will be taken in the next class using these details the students should be aware of the topics that will be covered in the upcoming lectures which actually enhance the student's capability to grasp the knowledge and concepts provided much efficiently.

Academic Dishonesty: This is an important aspect that every student should be aware of. Thus, the respective faculty members educate the students of possible means of academic malpractices (plagiarism, violation of copyrights and stealing the patented knowledge) and the following consequences that will make them more vigilant in their academic career.

Subject to change clause: Based on the requirement of student's feasibility and meeting the competitive demands of the discipline the syllabus courses will be re-structured and updated accordingly at the discretion of the Professor(s) and Board of studies chairman.

Important dates: Please note down the important dates and stick to the schedule

| CIA Test I | CIA Test II | Assignment | Seminar |
|--------------|--------------------------|------------|----------|
| As per Acade | As per Academic Calendar | | A Test-I |

Course Outline: Biosensor (502504)

- The course is to give a general overview of basic aspects and classification of sensor and biosensor.
- Nanomaterials based Biosensor: Nanomaterials fabrication can be utilized to manufacture nano-biosensors, which have very high sensitivity and can be applied in biomedical diagnostic.
- Medical biosensor: it covers the biosensors for medical oriented applications and types of medical biosensors.
- **Enzyme based biosensor:** it can be used to study, how to apply the variety of enzyme as biosensor and also study the glucose monitoring in blood sample.

More books for Reading and Referencing

Donald G. Buerk, "Biosensors: Theory and Applications", (1995), Publisher-CRC Press, ISBN: 0877629757, 9780877629757

Xueji Zhang, Huangxian Ju and Joseph Wang, "Electrochemical Sensors, Biosensors and their Biomedical Applications" (2011), Publisher- Academic Press, ISBN:

008055489X, 9780080554891

Jon S. Wilson, "Sensor Technology Handbook", (2005), Publisher-Newnes, ISBN:

0750677295, 9780750677295

Alexandru Grumezescu, "Nanobiosensors", (2016), Publisher- Academic Press,

ISBN: 0128043725, 9780128043721

Zoraida P. Aguilar,"Nanomaterials for Medical Applications", (2012), Publisher-

Newnes, ISBN: 0123850894, 9780123850898

Seamus Higson, "Biosensors for Medical Applications", (2012), Publisher-Elsevier,

ISBN: 0857097180, 9780857097187

Ursula E. Spichiger-Keller, "Chemical Sensors and Biosensors for Medical and Biological Applications" (2008), Publisher- John Wiley & Sons, ISBN: 3527612262,

9783527612260

Man Bock Gu, miKg niS-kaH, "Biosensors Based on Aptamers and Enzymes", (2014),

Publisher-Springer, ISBN: 3642541437, 9783642541438

Zhiwei Zhao, knaiKg niaKg, "Enzyme-based Electrochemical Biosensors", (2010),

Publisher-INTECH Open Access, ISBN: 9537619990, 9789537619992

Biosensor

| Core | Course Code: 502504 | Biosensor | T/P | Credits:5 | Hours: 5 |
|--|--|-----------------------------------|-----------|--------------------|----------|
| | Unit - I | | | | |
| Objective - 1 | Objective - 1 To understand the fundamentals of basic biosensor with their principles and technologies. | | | | |
| | Sensor: Introduction and classification, history, principles of physical and chemical, mechanism of mechanical, electrical, thermal, magnetic, optical and chemical sensors. Medical diagnostic and environmental monitoring applications | | | | |
| Outcome - 1 | Outcome - 1 Be able to know how to use bio-molecules as biosensor. K2 | | | | К2 |
| | | Unit – II | | | |
| Objective - 2 | Preparing studen | ts to build a career in bio-inspi | red mater | rials and devices. | |
| Biosensor: Definition, Introduction of Avidin-Biotin mediated biosensor, immobilization of enzyme through the Avidin-Biotin modified system, microbial, biological oxygen demand biosensor, Luminescent and Glucose biosensors. | | | | | |
| Outcome - 2 Be able to analyze what types of material are used for biomedical applications | | | | K4 | |
| | | Unit - III | | · | |

| | T | | | | | | |
|--|--|---------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| Objective - 3 | Making aware of latest principles and techniques of nanomaterials based biosensor, | | | | | | |
| medical biosensor and enzyme biosensor | | | | | | | |
| Nanomaterials b | based Biosensor: Introduction and challenges of biosensor. Nanomaterials and | nanodevices, | | | | | |
| nanocrystalline ar | nd carbon nanotube based biosensor. | | | | | | |
| Outcome - 3 | Be able to use multivariate data analysis. | K4 | | | | | |
| | Unit – IV | | | | | | |
| Objective - 4 | Enriching scientific temper in the field of bio-sensing, bio-imaging for clinapplications. | nical | | | | | |
| Medical Biosens | or: Introduction to biosensors for medical applications. Types: wearable sensor, a | temperature | | | | | |
| sensors, mechanic | al sensors, electrical sensors, biosensor for drug testing and discovery. Electroch | emical DNA | | | | | |
| biosensor. | | | | | | | |
| Outcome - 4 | Be able to design a biosensor system for a specific analyte. | К6 | | | | | |
| | Unit-V | | | | | | |
| Objective - 5 | Objective - 5 Updating students with the advanced techniques and totally integrated various biosensors. | | | | | | |
| Enzyme based B | iosensor: Urea, single enzyme, mutable enzyme, organic phase enzyme, biotani | cal and yeast | | | | | |
| based biosensors. | Theory of enzyme biocatalysis, enzyme immobilization technique, boold glucose | monitoring. | | | | | |
| Outcome - 5 | Be able to understand the importance of biosensors in the medical and | K2 | | | | | |
| | environmental fields. | | | | | | |
| Text and Referen | nce Books: | 1 | | | | | |
| DC Duart (1) | 005) "Diagongow Theory and Anlligation" Dublisher CDC proces | | | | | | |

D.G. Buerk, (1995) "Biosensor:Theory and Apllication", Publisher-CRC press.

M. Alexander, B.R. Bloom, D.A. Hopwood, R. Hull, etc., (2000) "Encyclopedia of Microbiology", Vol-IV, Publisher-Academic Press.

Blum, "Biosensor Principles and Applications", Vol-15, CRC Press, (1991).

J. Vetelino, and A.Reghu, (2010) "Introduction to Sensors", Publisher-CRC Press.

A. Mulchandani and K. Rogers, (2010) "Enzyme and Microbial Biosensors: Techniques and Protocols", Publisher-Humana Press.

S. Higson, (2012) "Biosensors for Medical Applications", Publisher-Elsevier.

J. Li, N. Wu, (2013) "Biosensors Based on Nanomaterials and Nanodevices", Publisher-CRC press.

M. Bock Gu, H-S. Kim, (2014) "Biosensors Based on Aptamers and Enzymes", Springer.

Course designed by: Dr. P. Boomi

(On what level the COs & POs correlated each other -based on that we have to give marks)

Mapping Course Outcome VS Programme Outcomes

| СО | P01 | P02 | PO3 | P04 | P05 | P06 | P07 | P08 | P09 | P010 |
|------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|------|
| CO1 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 1 |
| CO2 | 1 | - | 1 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 2 |
| CO3 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | - | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| CO4 | - | 1 | 1 | 1 | - | 2 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 1 |
| CO5 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | - | 1 | 2 | 1 | 1 |
| W.AV | 1.2 | 0.8 | 1 | 1.4 | 1.4 | 1 | 1.4 | 1.6 | 1.2 | 1.2 |

S - Strong (3), M-Medium (2), L-Low (1)

Mapping Course Outcome VS Programme Specific Outcomes

| СО | PSO1 | PSO2 | PSO3 | PSO4 | PSO5 |
|-------|------|------|------|------|------|
| CO1 | 2 | 2 | - | 2 | 2 |
| CO2 | 1 | - | 2 | 2 | 1 |
| CO3 | 1 | - | 2 | 1 | 2 |
| CO4 | 2 | 1 | - | 1 | 1 |
| CO5 | 2 | 1 | 3 | 2 | 1 |
| W. AV | 1.6 | 0.8 | 1.4 | 1.6 | 1.4 |

S - Strong (3), M-Medium (2), L-Low (1)

${\bf Assignment~\&~Seminar~-~Sensor,~Biosensor~and~Nanomaterials~based~Biosensor}$

- 1. Define sensor and uses.
- 2. Highlight the principle and application of biosensor.
- 3. Illustrate with example of optical and chemical sensor.
- 4. Differentiate between chemical and biological sensor.
- 5. Define Avidin-Biotin mediated biosensor by electrochemical technique?

- 6. Write an essay on luminescent and glucose biosensors.
- 7. Explain the detail about how to immobilization of enzyme through the Avidin-Biotin modified system.
- 8. Describe the carbon nanotube based biosensor.
- 9. Differentiate between nanodevice and nanocrystalline biosensor.
- 10. Write a short note on biological oxygen demand biosensor.

Molecular Interactions

| Program: M.Sc., | Semester: III (2022 Onwards) | | |
|--|-------------------------------|--|--|
| Course Title and Code: Molecular Interactions Subject Code: 502505 | Class Time: As per Time Table | | |
| Name of the Course Teacher | - | | |
| Mobile: - | Email: - | | |

Course Brief:

Molecular interactions deal with nucleic acids and proteins and how these molecules interact with one another in a cellular environment to promote and regulate the normal physiological processes defining proper growth, division, and development. This course will emphasize on the basics of orbital atom theory, molecular mechanisms of DNA replication, repair, transcription, protein synthesis, and gene regulation followed in different organisms. Techniques and experiments used to discern these mechanisms, often referring to the original scientific literature. An in-depth look at some rapidly evolving molecular processes, including chromatin structure and function, RNA polymerase dynamics, and regulation of gene expression by different types of RNAs.

Teaching Methods: The mode of teaching of delivering the courses are as follows through these below mentioned methodologies:

- Delivering the lectures in the form of presentation using advanced technologies devices such as smart board.
- Video-conferencing for lectures that will be sought from experts belonging to overseas reputed institutions
- Case-studies and Review questions
- Practical Classes.

Attendance: Having good attendance record marks the student's sincerity and has an overall positive impact on his/her personality trait development. The students are asked to attend the classes on a regular note and those having a minimum scale of 70-75% attendance are eligible to take up the end-semester examinations as per the University norms.

late by 10mins after the attendance has been taken will be marked absent unless there is a valid reason (medical/ personal emergency) at the discretion of the Head of the Department. Class Participation: A student's overall growth and personality development is based on his/her involvement in the class not just by mere presence but rather being interactive through questioning that will lead to propagation of ideas, initiation of thought-provoking process and much more that will provide a wholesome enriched classroom experience. Therefore, students are advised to be more attentive so that they learn from one another and develop quality-based knowledge.

Punctuality: It is the most important attribute to be followed and maintained by the student

throughout his/her life which for sure will lead to the path of success. Students who arrive

Submission of Assignment: Assignments are given to students with just one motive to get more quantitative and qualitative knowledge insights into the assigned topic/chapter that will lead to preparation and completion of the assignment in a constructive manner here just the knowledge provided is not merely counted but also completion prior to proposed deadline will also have a check on the student's serious consideration of the assignments.

Presentation of Seminar: Apart from the assignments the concerned instructors also allocate the students with a topic or based on their interests to present seminar that will aid them built their confidence levels, command over English language to communicate with precision and fluently. In addition, the fellow students are encouraged to pose questions that will instigate interest and provide update in that particular topic besides the information presented helping them to prepare for their examinations that can be taken as added advantage for the students.

Preparedness: At the end of every class, the concerned instructor tells the students what will be taken in the next class using these details the students should be aware of the topics that will be covered in the upcoming lectures which actually enhance the student's capability to grasp the knowledge and concepts provided much efficiently.

Academic Dishonesty: This is an important aspect that every student should be aware of. Thus, the respective faculty members educate the students of possible means of academic malpractices (plagiarism, violation of copyrights and stealing the patented knowledge) and the following consequences that will make them more vigilant in their academic career.

Subject to change clause: Based on the requirement of student's feasibility and meeting the competitive demands of the discipline the syllabus courses will be re-structured and updated accordingly at the discretion of the Professor(s) and Board of studies chairman.

Important dates: Please note down the important dates and stick to the schedule

| CIA Test I | CIA Test II | Assignment | Seminar |
|--------------|---------------|------------|----------|
| As per acade | emic calendar | After CL | A Test-I |

Course Outline: Molecular Interactions

- The course will help to analyze data to identify how molecular interactions affect structural and functional mechanism in detail.
- It enumerates the explanations based on evidence of how variation in molecular units provides cells with a wider range of functions.
- On completion of the course the student will be able to describe the relationship between enzyme structure and function and to predict the effect of various environmental conditions/changes to the function of enzymes.
- Determine the biologically important factors affecting enzyme activity.
- The course content includes Fundamentals of atomic and molecular orbitals; Fundamentals of chemical bonding and non-bonding interactions; Folding pathways; Molecular interactions (protein-protein, protein-DNA, DNA-Drug, Protein-Lipid, Protein-Ligand, Protein-Carbohydrate interaction, Metalloprotein. Pi ... Pi interactions, C-H...Pi interactions) and Spectroscopy.

More books for Reading and Referencing

ISBN-10: 0849344379

Physical Chemistry: Quantum Chemistry and Molecular Interactions by Andrew Cooksy; 2013

ISBN-10: 0321814169, ISBN-13: 978-0321814166.

Molecular Interactions in Bioseparations; Editors: That T. Ngo; 1993 ISBN: 978-1-48991872-7

Physical Chemistry, Mastering Chemistry Access Code: Quantum Chemistry and Molecular
Interactions by Andrew Cooksy; 2013 ISBN 10: 0321784405 ISBN 13: 9780321784407

Electron Dynamics in Molecular Interactions; Principles and Applications; By (author): Frank
Hagelberg (East Tennessee State University, USA); 2014 ISBN: 978-1-84816-487-1

Chromatographic Determination of Molecular Interactions Applications in Biochemistry,
chemistry and Bio-Physics By Tibor Cserhati, Klara Valko; 2010 ISBN-13: 978-0849344374,

Molecular Interactions

| | | Major Elective | | | | | | |
|-------------------|---|--|--------------------------|------------------------------------|------------------|--|--|--|
| Core | Course Code: 502505 | Molecular Interactions | T/P | Credits:- | Hours: - | | | |
| | | Unit - I | | | | | | |
| Objective - 1 | _ | c, hydrophobic, and hydrogen bo l processes - comprehend the und ction. | _ | • | ce the molecular | | | |
| Fundamentals | of atomic and molecu | llar orbitals: Theory of atomic a | nd molecu | lar orbitals; Lin | ear | | | |
| _ | _ | ative treatment of valency bond t | theory and | molecular orbit | tal theory; | | | |
| Resonance struc | | | | | | | | |
| Outcome - 1 | <u> </u> | How changes in a DNA nucleotide sequence can result in a change in the polypeptide produced. | | | | | | |
| | | Unit - II | | | | | | |
| Objective - 2 | To determine the st binding specificity b | ructure of nucleic acids and pro etween them. | teins and | modulate accor | dingly the | | | |
| hybridization. Co | oordination bonds, Meto ctrostatic interactions, | tial ionic character of covalent be allic bond. Molecular geometry-V. van der Waals interactions, hydro en the sequence and the subco | SEPR Theo ogen bonds | ry, hydrophobic s. | | | | |
| Outcome - 2 | | \cdot and its properties. | отронени | s oj u | KZ | | | |
| | Stological polymer | Unit - III | | | | | | |
| Objective - 3 | To determine the st binding specificity b | ructure of nucleic acids and proetween them. | teins and i | modulate accor | dingly the | | | |
| Protein Foldin | g and stability: Facto | rs determining protein folds- He | elices. strar | nds. turns. loops | s. disulphide | | | |
| | | echanism for protein folding, ro | | - | - | | | |
| Outcome - 3 | _ | that changes in the subcomp functionality of the molecule. | onents of | a biological | K1 | | | |
| | • | Unit – IV | | | | | | |
| Objective - 4 | 0 ,, | rent molecular biology technique oteins, nucleic acids, and intra m | | | , separate, and | | | |
| Objective - 4 | | | ein-Linid I | Protein-Ligand, | Protoin- | | | |
| Molecular inte | | in, protein-DNA, DNA-Drug, Prot nation in metalloproteins, Inter a | | | | | | |
| Molecular inte | teraction, metal coordi Evaluate scientific | | ind intra m organisms | olecular interac s that exhibit | | | | |

| Objective - 5 | a given pure course. Storegroun questions returned to the appropriates supprise | | | | | |
|--|---|-----------------|--|--|--|--|
| techniques that are best suited to answer and address for a given biological pro | | | | | | |
| Experimental an | d Computational methods: Principles, Theory, Instrumentation and Applicatio | on of ITC, SPR, | | | | |
| Fluorescence techi | Fluorescence techniques to bimolecular interactions. Databases and tools like DIP, INTACT etc., | | | | | |
| Outcome - 5 | Define representations and models that illustrate the interactions between | К2 | | | | |
| | biochemistry, parts and reactions. | | | | | |

Text and Reference Books:

Frenking, G. and Shaik. S. (2014). The Chemical Bond: Fundamental Aspects of Chemical Bonding, Wiley Publishers.

Gromiha, M.M. (2010). Protein Bioinformatics: From Sequence to Function, Academic Press, First Edition. Winter, M.J. (2016). Chemical Bonding. Oxford University Press, Inc., New York.

Meyerkord, C.L. and ui, H. (2015). Protein-Protein Interactions: Methods and Applications, Humana Press, second edition

Kangueane, P. (2011). Protein-Protein Interactions. Nova science Publishers.

Mathura, V.S. and Kangueane, P. (2009). Bioinformatics: A Concept-Based Introduction. Springer Bujnicki, J.M. (2009). Prediction of Protein Structures, Functions, and Interactions. John Wiley & Sons Ltd.

Albert cotton, F. (2008). Chemical Application of Group Theory. John Wiley and Sons, Inc. New York. Third edition.

Eliel, E. (2001). Stereochemistry of carbon compounds, Tata Mc-Graw-Hill.

Spice, J. E. (1964). Chemical Binding and Structure. Pergamon Press Ltd., Headington Hill Hall, Oxford. 395 pp.

Course designed by: Dr. RM. Vidhyavathi

(On what level the COs & POs correlated each other -based on that we have to give marks)

Mapping Course Outcome VS Programme Outcomes

| СО | P01 | P02 | P03 | P04 | P05 | P06 | PO7 | P08 | P09 | P010 |
|------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|------|
| CO1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | • | 2 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 1 |
| CO2 | - | 1 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 1 |
| CO3 | 1 | 1 | - | 1 | - | 1 | - | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| CO4 | 1 | • | 1 | • | 1 | 1 | - | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| CO5 | - | 1 | 1 | 1 | | | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| W.AV | 0.6 | 0.8 | 0.8 | 1 | 0.2 | 1.2 | 8.0 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1 |

S-Strong (3), M-Medium (2), L-Low (1)

Mapping Course Outcome VS Programme Specific Outcomes

| СО | PSO1 | PSO2 | PSO3 | PSO4 | PSO5 |
|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| CO1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| CO2 | - | - | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| CO3 | 2 | - | 2 | 1 | - |
| CO4 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| CO5 | - | - | 2 | 2 | 1 |
| W.AV | 1.4 | 0.4 | 1.4 | 1.2 | 0.8 |

S-Strong (3), M-Medium (2), L-Low (1)

Assignment & Seminar - Molecular Interactions

- Theory of atomic and molecular orbitals;
- Valency bond theory and molecular orbital theory;
- Shape of orbitals and hybridization.
- Instrumentation and Application of UV, IR, NMR and Circular dichroism (CD) to macro molecules.
- Stereochemistry of proteins and nucleic acids.
- Molecular interaction between Protein-Carbohydrate; Metalloprotein; Pi...Pi interactions, and C-H...Pi interactions.

Introduction to Neural Networks

| Program: M.Sc., | Semester: III (2022 Onwards) |
|--|--|
| Course Title and Code: Introduction to | Class Time: As per Time Table |
| Neural Networks | |
| Subject Code: 502506 | |
| Name of the Course Teacher | Dr. RM. Vidhyavathi |
| Mobile: +91 9444835869 | E-mail: vidhyavathirm@alagappauniversity.ac.in |

Course Brief:

The course introduces the theory and practice of neural computation. It offers the principles of neurocomputing with artificial neural networks widely used for addressing real-world problems such as classification, regression, pattern recognition, data mining, time-series modelling, etc. Two main topics are covered: supervised and unsupervised learning. Supervised learning is studied with linear perception models, and non-linear models such as multilayer perceptrons and radial-basis function networks. Unsupervised learning is studied using Kohonen networks. Recurrent networks of the Hopfield type are briefly covered. There are offered contemporary training techniques for parameter learning in all these neural networks. Program implementations in Mat lab of the studied neural networks are provided. The objective

of this course is to make students learn about concepts of artificial intelligence and applications of artificial intelligence in bioinformatics.

Teaching Methods: The mode of teaching of delivering the courses are as follows through these below mentioned methodologies:

- Delivering the lectures in the form of presentation using advanced technologies devices such as smart board.
- Case-studies and refer question bank

Attendance: Having good attendance record marks the student's sincerity and has an overall positive impact on his/her personality trait development. The students are asked to attend the classes on a regular note and those having a minimum scale of 70-75% attendance are eligible to take up the end-semester examinations as per the University norms.

Punctuality: It is the most important attribute to be followed and maintained by the student throughout his/her life which for sure will lead to the path of success. Students who arrive late by 10mins after the attendance will be marked absent unless there is a valid reason (medical/personal emergency) at the discretion of the Head of the Department.

Class Participation: A student's overall growth and personality development is based on his/her involvement in the class not just by mere presence but rather being interactive through questioning that will lead to propagation of ideas, initiation of thought-provoking process and much more that will provide a wholesome enriched classroom experience. Therefore, students are advised to be more attentive so that they learn from one another and develop quality-based knowledge.

Submission of Assignment: Assignments are given to students with just one motive to get more quantitative and qualitative knowledge insights into the assigned topic/chapter that will lead to preparation and completion of the assignment in a constructive manner here just the knowledge provided is not merely counted but also completion prior to proposed deadline will also have a check on the student's serious consideration of the assignments.

Presentation of Seminar: Apart from the assignments the concerned instructors also allocate the students with a topic or based on their interests to present seminar that will aid them built their confidence levels, command over English language to communicate with precision and fluently. In addition, the fellow students are encouraged to pose questions that will instigate interest and provide update in that particular topic besides

the information presented helping them to prepare for their examinations that can be taken as added advantage for the students.

Preparedness: At the end of every class, the concerned instructor tells the students what will be taken in the next class using these details the students should be aware of the topics that will be covered in the upcoming lectures which actually enhance the student's capability to grasp the knowledge and concepts provided much efficiently.

Academic Dishonesty: This is an important aspect that every student should be aware of. Thus, the respective faculty members educate the students of possible means of academic malpractices (plagiarism, violation of copyrights and stealing the patented knowledge) and the following consequences that will make them more vigilant in their academic career.

Subject to change clause: Based on the requirement of student's feasibility and meeting the competitive demands of the discipline the syllabus courses will be re-structured and updated accordingly at the discretion of the Professor(s) and Board of studies chairman.

Important dates: Please note down the important dates and stick to the schedule.

| CIA Test I | CIA Test II | Assignment | Seminar |
|--------------------------|-------------|------------|----------|
| As per Academic Calendar | | After CL | A Test-I |

Course Outline: Introduction to Neural Networks

- *Introduction to neural networks.*
- Basics of network training.
- Probability density estimation.
- Multi-layer perceptrons.
- Radial basis function networks (RBFNs).
- Committee Machines and Mixtures of Experts.
- Content includes: Support Vector Machines (SVMs), Neural Networks for Robot Control.

More books for Reading and Referencing

Neural Networks, Fuzzy Logic and Genetic Algorithms: Synthesis and Applications Rajasekaran; 2017, ISBN: 978-812-035-334-3

Neural Networks & Learning Machines *Pearson Education India; Third edition Haykin;* 2009; **ISBN -10**: 0-13-147-139-2 and **ISBN-13**: 978-0-13-147139-9

Artificial Intelligence 3e: A Modern Approach

Russell; 2015, ISBN-10: 933-254-351-8 and ISBN-13: 978-933-254-351-5

Machine Learning

Tom M. Mitchell; 1997 ISBN: 0071154671 and ISBN: 978-007-115-467-3

Introduction to Neural Networks

| | | Major Elect | ive | | | |
|---------------------|------------------------------------|----------------------------|--------------|-------------|----------------|-------------|
| Core | Course Code: | Introduction to |) | T/P | Credits:5 | Hours:5 |
| | 502506 | Neural Networ | ks | • | | |
| | | UNIT I | | | | |
| Objective1 | To introduc regression. | e the neural | network | s fo | r classifica | tion and |
| Introduction to | o Neural Networks | : History, Biologic | al Neurons | and N | leural Netwo | orks. |
| Artificial Intellig | gence (AI) - Artificial | l Neurons, Networ | ks of Artif | icial N | eurons, Sing | le Layer |
| Perceptrons, Art | tificial Neural Netwo | rks (ANN) | | | | |
| Outcome 1 | Understand the techniques of neuro | , | | princip | oles and | K2 |
| | | UNIT II | | | | |
| Objective 2 | To give design meth | nodologies for arti | ficial neur | al netv | vorks. | |
| Learning and | Generalization in S | Single Layer Per | ceptions | Hebb | ian Learning | g. Gradient |
| Descent Learnir | ng, The Generalized | Delta Rule. Pract | ical Consid | deratio | ns. Learninį | g in Multi- |
| Layer Perceptro | ons. Back-Propagatio | on, Learning with | Momentu | ım. Co | njugate Gra | dient |
| Learning. | | | | | | |
| | ecall and Design the etworks. | single and multi-l | ayer feed-j | forwar | d neural | K1 |
| | etworks. | UNIT III | | | | |
| Objective 3 | To provide kn | owledge for netwo | ork tunina | and or | ver fittina av | oidance. |
| | nce: Under-Fitting a | | | | | |
| Outcome 3 | | uilding blocks of I | | | IIZACIOIII | К2 |
| - Cuttome 5 | onder scarta s | UNIT IV | vear ar rvec | vv o r rts: | | 112 |
| Objective 4 | To offer neuro | al network implem | entations | in Mat | lab. | |
| Applications o | f Multi-Layer Perce | e ptrons : Radial B | asis Funct | ion Ne | tworks: Intr | oduction, |
| | nction Networks: Alg | = | | | | |
| Outcome 4 | | he differences bet | | | | К2 |
| | | nd unsupervised le | | , | | |
| | | UNIT V | | | | |
| Objective 5 | To demonstro | ate neural networi | k applicati | ons on | real-world | tasks. |
| Self Organizing | g Maps: Fundament | als, Self Organizin | g Maps: A | lgorith | ms and App | lications, |
| Learning Vector | [.] Quantisation, Overv | iew of More Adva | nced Topic | S. | | |
| Outcome 5 | Investigate that applications. | ne principal neura | l network | model | s and | К5 |

Text and Reference Books:

Daniel Graupe (2013). Principles of Artificial Neural Networks, Third edition, World Scientific Publishing Co. Pte. Ltd.

Gareth James, Daniela Witten, Trevor Hastie, Robert Tibshirani, (2013),"Introduction to Statistical Learning", Springer.

<u>Ian Goodfellow</u>, <u>Yoshua Bengio</u>, <u>Aaron Courville</u>, (2016), "Deep Learning", MIT Press. Raúl Rojas, (2013), "Neural Networks: A Systematic Introduction", Springer Science & Business Media.

Christopher M. Bishop, (2013)," Pattern Recognition and Machine Learning", Springer. David W. Pearson, Nigel C. Steele, Rudolf F. Albrecht, (2012) "Artificial Neural Nets and Genetic Algorithms", Springer Science & Business Media

Richard O. Duda, Peter E. Hart, David G. Stork ,(2012)," Pattern Classification", John Wiley & Sons, Second Edition.

Course designed by: Dr.RM.Vidhyavathi

(On what level the COs & POs correlated each other -based on that we have to give marks)

Mapping Course Outcome VS Programme Outcomes

| CO | P01 | PO2 | PO3 | P04 | PO5 | P06 | P07 | P08 | P09 | P010 |
|------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|------|
| CO1 | 3 | 2 | - | - | - | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| CO2 | 3 | 2 | - | - | - | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| CO3 | 3 | 3 | - | - | - | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| CO4 | 3 | 3 | 2 | - | 1 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 2 |
| CO5 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 3 | 3 |
| W.AV | 3 | 2.6 | 0.8 | 0.4 | 0.4 | 1.4 | 1.2 | 1.4 | 1.4 | 1.6 |

S-Strong (3), M-Medium (2), L-Low (1)

Mapping Course Outcome VS Programme Specific Outcomes

| СО | PSO1 | PSO2 | PSO3 | PSO4 | PSO5 |
|------------|------|------|------|------|------|
| CO1 | 3 | - | - | - | 2 |
| CO2 | 3 | - | - | - | 2 |
| CO3 | 3 | - | 2 | 1 | 3 |
| CO4 | 3 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 3 |
| W. AV | 3 | 2 | 3 | 2 | 3 |

S-Strong (3), M-Medium (2), L-Low (1)

Assignment & Seminar - Introduction to Neural Networks

- Describe the relation between real brains and simple artificial neural network models.
- Explain and contrast the most common architectures and learning algorithms for Multilayer Perceptrons, Radial-Basis Function Networks, Committee Machines, and Kohonen Self-Organizing Maps.
- Discuss the main factors involved in achieving good learning and generalization performance in neural network systems.
- Describe the equations using vector expressions.
- Identify the main implementation issues for common neural network systems. Evaluate the practical considerations in applying neural networks to real classification and regression problems.

Data Warehousing and Data Mining

| Program: M.Sc., | Semester: II (2022 Onwards) |
|-----------------------------|--|
| Course Title and Code: Data | Class Time: As per Time Table |
| Warehousing and Data Mining | |
| Subject Code: 502507 | |
| Name of the Course Teacher | Dr. RM. Vidhyavathi |
| Mobile: +91 9444835869 | E-mail: vidhyavathirm@alagappauniversity.ac.in |

Course Brief:

Data mining, the extraction of hidden predictive information from large databases, is a powerful new technology with great potential to help companies focus on the most important information in their data warehouses. Data mining tools predict future trends and behaviors, allowing businesses to make proactive, knowledge-driven decisions. The automated, prospective analyses offered by data mining move beyond the analyses of past events provided by retrospective tools typical of decision support systems. Data mining tools can answer business questions that traditionally too time consuming to resolve. They scour databases for hidden patterns, finding predictive information that experts may miss because it lies outside their expectations. Thus, Introduction to Database Management Systems will concentrate on the principles, design, implementation and applications of database management systems.

Teaching Methods: The mode of teaching of delivering the courses are as follows through these below mentioned methodologies:

• *Lectures covering the Practical part using PowerPoint presentations.*

- Delivering the lectures in the form of presentation using advanced technologies devices such as smart board.
- Case-studies and Discuss model question bank.

Attendance: Attendance and participation are vital to the student's success in this course. Students are expected to attend class every day. Minimum attendance to be eligible to take end-semester-examination is 80%. It is also essential that the students study regularly.

Punctuality: Punctuality is very important in the course, because if student are late, you not only waste your time, but other student's. You will also disturb others when you go into the lecture class or laboratory after the class begins. Therefore, please arrive at the class on time. Names of late students will be recorded by mentor and marks from Course performance will be deducted. An excuse for being absent from class shall be a medical or personal emergency acceptable at the discretion of the Head of the Dept.

Class Participation: Class participation and interaction helps to form a complete educational experience. However, class participation and interaction is to be relevant to course content and context. Deviant behavior may lead to dismissal or suspension.

Submission of Assignment: Assignments are given to students with just one motive to get more quantitative and qualitative knowledge insights into the assigned topic/chapter that will lead to preparation and completion of the assignment in a constructive manner here just the knowledge provided is not merely counted but also completion prior to proposed deadline will also have a check on the student's serious consideration of the assignments.

Presentation of Seminar: Apart from the assignments the concerned instructors also allocate the students with a topic or based on their interests to present seminar that will aid them built their confidence levels, command over English language to communicate with precision and fluently. In addition, the fellow students are encouraged to pose questions that will instigate interest and provide update in that particular topic besides the information presented helping them to prepare for their examinations that can be taken as added advantage for the students.

Preparedness: At the end of every class, the concerned instructor tells the students what will be taken in the next class using these details the students should be aware of the topics that will be covered in the upcoming lectures which actually enhance the student's capability to grasp the knowledge and concepts provided much efficiently.

Academic Dishonesty: This is an important aspect that every student should be aware of. Thus, the respective faculty members educate the students of possible means of academic malpractices (plagiarism, violation of copyrights and stealing the patented knowledge)

and the following consequences that will make them more vigilant in their academic career.

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Important dates: Please note down the important dates and stick to the schedule

| CIA Test I | CIA Test II | Assignment | Seminar |
|-------------|---------------|------------|----------|
| As per Acad | emic Calendar | After CL | A Test-I |

Course Outline: Data Warehousing and Data Mining

- Databases to enable decision support through warehousing and mining of data.
- Areas with data mining will include justifying the need for knowledge recovery in databases, data mining methods such as clustering, classification, Bayesian networks, association rules, and visualization.
- Data warehouse including efficient data retrieval using bitmap and join indexes, reporting, ad hoc querying, and multi-dimensional operations such as slicing, dicing, pivoting, drill-down, and roll-up operation.
- Data extraction, transformation, loading techniques for data warehousing.
- Machine learning schemes in data mining.
- Database Concepts and Architecture.
- Data Modeling using Entity Relationship Diagrams.
- Referential integrity, entity integrity, and other constraints. Defining a relational schema from an ER diagram.
- Machine learning schemes in data mining.

More books for Reading and Referencing

ata Warehousing and Mining - 2012

ITLESL, Pearson Education India (ISBN: 8131799050, 9788131799055)

Data Mining Data Warehousing and Olap – 2009

Gajendra Sharma, S. K. Kataria & Sons (ISBN: 8189757474, 9788189757472)

Data Warehousing Olap and Data Mining –2006

S. Nagabhushana, New Age International (ISBN: 8122417647, 9788122417647)

Data Warehousing: Architecture and Implementation – 1999

Mark Humphries, Michael W. Hawkins, Michelle C. Dy, Prentice Hall Professional and

(ISBN:0130809020, 9780130809025)

Data Warehousing and Data Mining

| | | Major Elective | | | | | | |
|--|--|---------------------------------|----------|----------------|-------------|--|--|--|
| Core | Course Code: | Data Warehousing | T/P | Credits:5 | Hours:5 | | | |
| | 502507 | and Data Mining | , | | | | | |
| | | UNIT I | ! | 1 | | | | |
| Objective -1 | | ts to the basic concepts and | techni | ques of Data | mining and | | | |
| | Data warenousing. | and data was about a Davis | -1 | | | | | |
| | = | or data warehousing, Basic | | - | _ | | | |
| · · | • | ct planning and managemer | | <u> </u> | juirements. | | | |
| | • | Architectural components, I | nfrastr | ucture | | | | |
| and metada | 1 | | | | 1 | | | |
| Outcome -1 | _ | of Data warehousing, comp | onents | s of data | K2 | | | |
| | warehousing and des | | | | | | | |
| | 1 | UNIT II | | | | | | |
| Objective -2 | To develop skills of problems | using recent data mining so | oftwar | e for solving | practical | | | |
| Data Desig | n And Data Represe | ntation: Principles of dime | nsiona | l modeling, D | imensional | | | |
| modeling a | dvanced topics, data | extraction, transformation | n and | loading, da | ta quality. | | | |
| _ | • | Matching information to c | | _ | | | | |
| _ | _ | d the web. Implementation | | - | | | | |
| | - | ployment, growth and maint | | | | | | |
| Outcome -2 | | cepts of OLAP and OLAP to | | | K2 | | | |
| | | ds and apply algorithms to d | | | | | | |
| | | UNIT III | | | ! | | | |
| Objective -3 | To gain experience | of doing independent stu | dy an | d research. | | | | |
| Introductio | n: Basics of data minii | ng, related concepts, Data mi | ining to | echniques. Da | ta Mining | | | |
| | | ng, Association rules. Knowle | | | | | | |
| | , | Web Structure Mining, Web | U | - | | | | |
| Outcome -3 | 1 | of mining methods and clas | | | K1 | | | |
| | and apply the algorit | - | sigreaci | on types | | | | |
| | 113 | UNIT IV | | | | | | |
| Objective-4 | To study the method | ology of engineering legacy (| databa | ses for data v | varehousing | | | |
| | _ | lerive business rules for decis | | • | _ | | | |
| Advanced ' | Topics: Snatial mining | , temporal mining. Visualiza | ition : | Data aenerali | zation and | | | |
| | • . | ation, Analytical character | | • | | | | |
| | | isons: Discriminating betw | | - | | | | |
| | • | _ | | | _ | | | |
| descriptive statistical measures in large databases Data Mining Primitives, Languages, and | | | | | | | | |
| Custom Aral | System Architectures: Data mining primitives, Query language, Designing GUI based on a | | | | | | | |
| _ | - | y primitives, query fanguage | | | | | | |
| _ | query language. | vantage through proactive o | | | К3 | | | |

| behaviour's. | | | | | | | | |
|--|--|-------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| | UNIT V | | | | | | | |
| Objective -5 Develop and apply enthusiasm for learning. Class participation is encountable this course. | | | | | | | | |
| DBMS: Inti | roduction, overview and types. Relational and transactional | Database. | | | | | | |
| Relational a | latabase-Introduction to relational DB, Data Definition-Manipulatio | on-control- | | | | | | |
| Objects, Vie | ws, sequences and Synonyms. Data Abstraction; Data Models; In | stances & | | | | | | |
| Schemes; E-I | R Model - Entity and entity sets; Relations and relationship sets; E-R | diagrams; | | | | | | |
| Reducing E- | R Diagrams to tables. Network Data Model: Basic concepts; Hierarc | hical Data | | | | | | |
| Model: Basic | Concepts; Multimedia Databases - Basic Concepts and Applications; Ind | dexing and | | | | | | |
| Hashing; Te | xt Databases; Introduction to Distributed Database Processing, Data | | | | | | | |
| Security. OR | Security. ORACLE and SQL- introduction and functions in DBMS; SYBASE | | | | | | | |
| Outcome 5 | Differentiate database system from file system by enumerating the | K5 | | | | | | |
| | features provide by database system and describe each in both | | | | | | | |
| | function and henefit | | | | | | | |

Text and Reference Books:

Kimball, R. (2013), "The Data Warehouse Toolkit", John Wiley.

Kamber, H., Kaufmann, M. (2011), "Data Mining Concepts and Techniques".

Ian H. Witten, Eibe Frank, Mark A. Hall, Christopher J. Pal, (2016),"Data Mining", Morgan Kaufmann, Fourth Edition.

Michael W. Berry and Jacob Kogan, (2010),") Text Mining Applications and Theory", John Wiley & Sons.

Feldman, R and Sanger, J. (2007) "The Text Mining Handbook: Advanced approaches in analyzing unstructured data"; Cambridge University Press.

Xiaohua Hu and Yi Pan (2007), Knowledge Discovery in Bioinformatics, John Wiley & Sons.

William H. Inmon, (2005),"Building the Data Warehouse", John Wiley & Sons, Fourth Edition.

Dunham, M.H. (2006) "Data Mining Introductory and Advanced Topics", Pearson Education.

Mallach, (2002)." Decision Support And Data Warehouse Systems", Tata McGraw-Hill Education.

Course designed by: Dr.RM.Vidhyavathi

(On what level the COs & POs correlated each other -based on that we have to give marks)

Mapping Course Outcome VS Programme Outcomes

| | P01 | PO | P03 | P04 | P05 | P06 | P07 | P08 | P09 | PO10 |
|-------|-----|----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|------|
| | | 2 | | | | | | | | |
| CO1 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | - | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 3 |
| CO2 | 2 | 3 | 2 | 3 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 |
| CO3 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| CO4 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 2 |
| CO5 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| W.Avg | 2.6 | 3 | 2.8 | 3 | 1.6 | 2 | 2.4 | 2.6 | 2.6 | 2.6 |

S – Strong (3), M-Medium (2), L-Low (1) Mapping Course Outcome VS Programme Specific Outcomes

| | PSO1 | PSO2 | PSO3 | PSO4 | PSO5 |
|-------|------|------|------|------|------|
| CO1 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 3 | 2 |
| CO2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 3 | 2 |
| CO3 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 2 | 3 |
| CO4 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 1 |
| CO5 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 1 | 2 |
| W.Avg | 2.6 | 2.6 | 2 | 2.2 | 2 |

S - Strong (3), M-Medium (2), L-Low (1)

Assignment & Seminar - Data Warehousing and Data Mining

- *Introduction to the process of knowledge discovery in databases.*
- The role of OLAP server.
- Basic concepts of data warehousing and data mining.
- Data warehouse design and implementation: multidimensional data model, case study using Oracle technology.
- Data mining core algorithms: statistical modeling, classification, clustering, association rules.
- Patterns of data mart development.
- Providing OLAP (On-line Analytical Processing) to User-Analysts.
- Designing GUI based on a data mining query language.
- Descriptive statistical measures in large databases Data Mining Primitives,
 Languages, and System Architectures.
- Database Support to Data Mining.
- Association rules and Knowledge Discovery process.

- Data Warehousing Technology.
- Prism Solutions.
- Analytical characterization.
- Discuss about Introduction to Distributed Database Processing.
- Model development, schema design for a data warehouse.
- Explain DBMS functions.
- Purpose of building a DBMS system and RDBMS system.
- Compare between File systems and database systems.
- Explain the relational model with suitable example.
- Reducing E-R Diagrams to tables.
- Define the following terms.
 - a. Tuple
 - b. Attribute
 - c. Domain
 - d. Primary Key
 - e. Foreign Key

Programming in C and C++

| Program: M.Sc., | Semester: II (2022 Onwards) |
|--|--|
| Course Title and Code: Programming in C and C++ Subject Code: 502508 | Class Time: As per Time Table |
| Name of the Course Teacher | Dr. RM. Vidhyavathi |
| Mobile: +91 9444835869 | E-mail: vidhyavathi@alagappauniversity.ac.in |

Course Brief:

This course provides a fast-paced introduction to the C and C++ programming languages. To learn the required background knowledge, including memory management, pointers, preprocessor macros, object-oriented programming, and how to find bugs when inevitably use any of those incorrectly. In computing, C is a general- purpose computer programming language used along with the UNIX operating system. Although C was designed for implementing system software, it is also used for developing application software. It is widely used on different types of software platforms and computer architectures, and several popular compilers exist. C has greatly influenced many other popular programming languages.

C++ Language is one of the approaches to provide object-oriented functionality with C like syntax. C++ adds greater typing strength, scoping and other tools useful in object-oriented Programming and permits generic programming via templates. It is regarded as a middle-level language, as it comprises a combination of both high-level and low-level language features. Some of its application domains include systems software, device drivers, embedded software, high-performance server and client applications, and entertainment software such as video game. The practical part of this course is covered in the lab through exercises, practical assignments, and tutorials.

Teaching Methods: The mode of teaching of delivering the courses are as follows through these below mentioned methodologies:

- Lectures covering the theoretical part using PowerPoint presentations.
- Delivering the lectures in the form of presentation using advanced technologies devices such as smart board.
- Case-studies and Review questions

Attendance: Having good attendance record marks the student's sincerity and has an overall positive impact on his/her personality trait development. The students are asked to attend the classes on a regular note and those having a minimum scale of 70-75% attendance are eligible to take up the end-semester examinations as per the University norms.

Punctuality: It is the most important attribute to be followed and maintained by the student throughout his/her life which for sure will lead to the path of success. Students who arrive late by 10 mins after the attendance will be marked absent unless there is a valid reason (medical/personal emergency) at the discretion of the Head of the Department.

Class/Lab Participation: A student's overall growth and personality development is based on his/her involvement in the class not just by mere presence but rather being interactive through questioning that will lead to propagation of ideas, initiation of thought-provoking process and much more that will provide a wholesome enriched classroom experience. Therefore, students are advised to be more attentive so that they learn from one another and develop quality-based knowledge.

Submission of Assignment: Assignments are given to students with just one motive to get more quantitative and qualitative knowledge insights into the assigned topic/chapter that will lead to preparation and completion of the assignment in a constructive manner here just the knowledge provided is not merely counted but also completion prior to

proposed deadline will also have a check on the student's serious consideration of the assignments.

Presentation of Seminar: Apart from the assignments the concerned instructors also allocate the students with a topic or based on their interests to present seminar that will aid them built their confidence levels, command over English language to communicate with precision and fluently. In addition, the fellow students are encouraged to pose questions that will instigate interest and provide update in that particular topic besides the information presented helping them to prepare for their examinations that can be taken as added advantage for the students.

Preparedness: At the end of every class, the concerned instructor tells the students what will be taken in the next class using these details the students should be aware of the topics that will be covered in the upcoming lectures which actually enhance the student's capability to grasp the knowledge and concepts provided much efficiently.

Academic Dishonesty: This is an important aspect that every student should be aware of. Thus, the respective faculty members educate the students of possible means of academic malpractices (plagiarism, violation of copyrights and stealing the patented knowledge) and the following consequences that will make them more vigilant in their academic career.

Subject to change clause: Based on the requirement of student's feasibility and meeting the competitive demands of the discipline the syllabus courses will be re-structured and updated accordingly at the discretion of the Professor(s) and Board of studies chairman.

Important dates: Please note down the important dates and stick to the schedule

| CIA Test I | CIA Test II | Assignment | Seminar |
|-------------|---------------|------------|----------|
| As per Acad | emic Calendar | After Cl | A Test I |

Course Outline: Programming in C and C++

Introduction to compiling and software development life cycle

- Basic scalar data types, operators, variables, statements, flow control, streamed input/output, conversions, preprocessor.
- Declaring, defining and invoking functions.
- Strings processing, exceptions handling, dealing with namespaces.
- Object-oriented approach.
- It discusses class and objects.
- *Defining overloaded operators, File input and output functions.*
- The above said methods are used to create a bioinformatics related programs in C and C++.

More books for Reading and Referencing

C++ Programming Today – 2011

Johnston, Barabara: ISBN-10: 812-033-831-6, ISBN-13: 978-812-033-831-9

Practical C++ Programming – 2003

Steve Oualline, 'O'Reilly Media, Inc and (ISBN: 0596004192, 9780596004194)

Advanced Graphics Programming In C & C++ - 1993

Roger T. Stevens, BPB Publications and (ISBN: 817029228X, 9788170292289)

Computer Programming with C++ - 2017

Kunal Pimparkhede, Cambridge University Press,

(ISBN: 1316506800, 9781316506806)

Programming in C and C++

| | | Major Elective | | | | | |
|------------------|----------------------------|--|----------|---------|----------------|--------|---------|
| Core | Course Code: 502508 | Programming in C a | nd C+ | T/P | Credits:5 | Но | urs:5 |
| | | UNIT I | | | | | |
| Objective-1 | To learn the fund | amental programming | conce | pts a | nd methodo | logie | S |
| | which are essentia | l to building good C/C++ | progra | ams. | | | |
| Basics of C:E: | ssentials of C Prog | rams, Data Types and n | iames i | in C, I | Reading and | Writ | ting to |
| Standard inpu | t and output (I/O). | Statements, Expressions | s, Opero | ators, | Hierarchy o | ope | rators, |
| Control staten | nents including ded | rision, loops and branch | ing, Lo | ор с | ontrol | | |
| structures. | | | | | | | |
| Outcome-1 | Easy to implement | test, debug, and docum | ent pr | ogran | ns in C and C | ++ | K2 |
| | | UNIT II | | | | | |
| Objective-2 | To practice the fu | ndamental programmin | ig meti | hodol | ogies in the | C/C+ | + |
| | programming lang | uage via laboratory exp | erience | es. | | | |
| Arrays, Func | tions and Pointe | r s : Array initialization, | 1D an | d 2D | Arrays, Fun | ction | s in C, |
| Passing eleme | ents to functions, S | Scope and Storage Clas | sses in | C, In | troduction t | o Po | inters, |
| Pointer notation | ons, Applying Point | ers, Allocating Memory, I | More D | ata T | ypes, Storage | e clas | sses, |
| C preprocessor | | | | | | | |
| Outcome-2 | Construct the proj | grams that demonstrate | e effect | tive u | ise of | C+ | К6 |
| | + features. | | | | | | |
| | | UNIT III | | | | | |
| Objective-3 | To code, docume | nt, test, and implemen | nt a | well-s | tructured, r | obus | t |
| | computer program | using the C programmi | ng lang | guage | | | |
| Structure & | Unions : Collecting | Data Items of Differen | t Type | s, Uni | ions: Anothe | r Wa | y to |
| Collect Dissimi | ilar Data, File input | and output operations. | Standa | rd fui | nctions in the | 'C' g | raphics |
| module. | | | | | | | |
| | | e the common data stru arrays, strings, lists, tred | | | | C++ | К2 |

UNIT IV

To code, document, test, and implement a well-structured, robust Objective- 4 computer program using the C++ programming language.

Introduction to C++- History- Features- Installation-C++ Program-C++ cout, cin, endl-Variable- Data types- Keywords- Operators- Object oriented programming conceptsinheritance, polymorphism, and encapsulation. C++ Control Statement: if-else-switch- For Loop- While Loop- Do-While Loop- Break Statement- Continue Statement- Goto Statement-Comments.

| Outcome- 4 | Create programs that measure or simulate performance and use them | К6 |
|------------|---|----|
| | to analyse behaviour. | |
| | IINIT V | |

Objective-5 Be able to apply object oriented or non-object oriented techniques to solve bigger computing problems

C++ Functions: Call by value & reference- Recursion- Storage Classes- Arrays: Array to Function-Multidimensional Arrays-C++ Pointers-: Pointers-C++ Object Class- OOPs Concepts-Object Class- Constructor- Destructor- this Pointer- static-Structs- Enumeration- Friend Function- C++ Namespaces- Templates: Templates- C++ Strings: Strings-Exceptions-:Exception Handling: try/catch- User-Defined-Programs.

| Outcome-5 | Apply Programming constructs to develop simple bioinformatics | K5 |
|-----------|---|----|
| | programs and tools. | |

Text and Reference Books:

E. <u>Balagurusamy</u> (2017), "Programming in ANSI C", Tata McGraw-Hill Education, Seventh Edition.

Herbert Scheldt (2009),"C++: The Complete Reference", Tata McGraw-Hill Education, Fourth Edition.

Jesse Liberty, (1998), "Teach Yourself C++ in 21 Days", Sams Publishing 2nd edition. Marshall A. D, (1999),"Programming in C", Nikos Drakos.

Brian W. Kernighan, Dennis Ritchie, (1988), "The C programming Language", Prentice Hall.

Michael Barr, (1999)," Programming Embedded Systems in C and C++ ", O'Reilly. Guigo, R. & Gilbert D., (2002) "Algorithms in bioinformatics", Springer- Verlag, Berlin. Dan Gookin, (2004) "C for Dummies", John Wiley & Sons, 2nd edition.

Parthasarathy, S. (2008), "Essentials of C Programming for Life Sciences", Ane's Books India, New Delhi. Y. Daniel Liang, (2011), "Introduction to Programming with C++", Pearson Education, Second Edition.

Y. Daniel Liang, (2011), "Introduction to Programming with C++", Pearson Education, Second Edition.

Debasish Jana, (2014),"C++ and Object Oriented Programming Paradigm", PHI Learning, Third Edition.

(On what level the COs & POs correlated each other -based on that we have to give marks)

Mapping Course Outcome VS Programme Outcomes

| | P01 | PO | P03 | P04 | P05 | P06 | P07 | P08 | P09 | PO10 |
|-------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|------|
| | | 2 | | | | | | | | |
| CO1 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 3 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 |
| CO2 | 3 | 2 | 1 | - | 1 | 1 | 1 | - | 2 | 1 |
| CO3 | 3 | 3 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 1 |
| CO4 | 3 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 1 |
| CO5 | 3 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 1 |
| W.Avg | 3 | 2.8 | 1.2 | 1.4 | 1.2 | 2 | 1.8 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.2 |

S - Strong (3), M-Medium (2), L-Low (1)

Mapping Course Outcome VS Programme Specific Outcomes

| | PSO1 | PSO2 | PSO3 | PSO4 | PSO5 |
|-------|------|------|------|------|------|
| CO1 | 3 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 |
| CO2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | - | 2 |
| CO3 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 1 |
| CO4 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| CO5 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 1 | - |
| W.Avg | 2.2 | 1.6 | 1.4 | 1.2 | 1.2 |

S - Strong (3), M-Medium (2), L-Low (1)

Assignment & Seminar - Programming in C and C++

- To describe the advantages of a high level language like C/C++, the programming process, and the compilation process.
- To describe and use software tools in the programming process.
- *Use an IDE to compile, load, save, and debug a C/C++ program.*
- Create and analyze algorithms for solving simple problems.

- Analyze, explain and trace the behavior of simple programs involving the fundamental programming constructs addressed in the course.
- Write programs that use each of the following fundamental programming constructs: basic computations, simple console I/O, standard conditional and iterative structures (including pretest and posttest loops, counter-controlled loops, and conditionals).
- To demonstrate an understanding of primitive data types, values, operators and expressions in C/C++.
- Describe automatic type conversion rules, related issues of magnitude and precision, type casting, and determine the value and type of an expression involving mixed types.
- Find mismatches between two sequences of same length, Pass the value to a function using pointer.
- Convert NCBI format file to fast a sequence file, Find GC content using Structures

Cell Communication and Cell Signaling

| Program: M.Sc., | Semester: II (2022 Onwards) |
|----------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| Course Title and Code: Cell | Class Time: As per Time Table |
| Communication and Cell Signaling | |
| Subject Code: 502509 | |
| Name of the Course Teacher | - |
| Mobile: - | E-mail: - |

Course Brief:

Cell communication and cell biology course deals with the molecular biology of cell signaling. The students will gain an insight into the fundamental processes of the cell to cell communication and signaling uptake of molecules by membrane receptors, including membrane-protein and protein-protein interactions, and their associated effectors. Students will learn about Morphogenesis and organogenesis. The second half of lectures will deal with cell cycle signaling system and cell death.

Teaching Methods: The mode of teaching of delivering the courses are as follows through these below mentioned methodologies:

- Delivering the lectures in the form of presentation using advanced technologies devices such as smart board.
- Video-conferencing for lectures that will be sought from experts belonging to overseas reputed institutions

Attendance: Having good attendance record marks the student's sincerity and has an overall positive impact on his/her personality trait development. The students are asked

to attend the classes on a regular note and those having a minimum scale of 70-75% attendance are eligible to take up the end-semester examinations as per the University norms.

Punctuality: It is the most important attribute to be followed and maintained by the student throughout his/her life which for sure will lead to the path of success. Students who arrive late by 10mins after the attendance has been taken will be marked absent unless there is a valid reason (medical/personal emergency) at the discretion of the Head of the Department. **Class Participation:** A student's overall growth and personality development is based on his/her involvement in the class not just by mere presence but rather being interactive through questioning that will lead to propagation of ideas, initiation of thought-provoking process and much more that will provide a wholesome enriched classroom experience. Therefore, students are advised to be more attentive so that they learn from one another and develop quality-based knowledge.

Submission of Assignment: Assignments are given to students with just one motive to get more quantitative and qualitative knowledge insights into the assigned topic/chapter that will lead to preparation and completion of the assignment in a constructive manner here just the knowledge provided is not merely counted but also completion prior to proposed deadline will also have a check on the student's serious consideration of the assignments.

Presentation of Seminar: Apart from the assignments the concerned instructors also allocate the students with a topic or based on their interests to present seminar that will aid them built their confidence levels, command over English language to communicate with precision and fluently. In addition, the fellow students are encouraged to pose questions that will instigate interest and provide update in that particular topic besides the information presented helping them to prepare for their examinations that can be taken as added advantage for the students.

Preparedness: At the end of every class, the concerned instructor tells the students what will be taken in the next class using these details the students should be aware of the topics that will be covered in the upcoming lectures which actually enhance the student's capability to grasp the knowledge and concepts provided much efficiently.

Academic Dishonesty: This is an important aspect that every student should be aware of. Thus, the respective faculty members educate the students of possible means of academic malpractices (plagiarism, violation of copyrights and stealing the patented knowledge) and the following consequences that will make them more vigilant in their academic career.

Subject to change clause: Based on the requirement of student's feasibility and meeting the competitive demands of the discipline the syllabus courses will be re-structured and updated accordingly at the discretion of the Professor(s) and Board of studies chairman.

Important dates: Please note down the important dates and stick to the schedule

| CIA Test I | II CIA Test | Assignment | Seminar |
|------------|----------------|------------|----------|
| As per Aca | demic Calendar | After CL | A Test-I |

Course Outline: Core: Cell Communication and Cell Signaling

Basic concepts about the Host parasitic interactions – understanding the entry process of different pathogens.

- Exploring the virus-induced cell transformation and pathogen induced diseases in animals and plants.
- Cell-Cell fusion method in both normal and abnormal cells.
- Cell signaling mechanism in cells, hormones and their receptors.
- Signaling through G-protein coupled receptor.
- Principles of cellular communication and regulation of hematopoiesis.
- Cell adhesion and role of different adhesion molecules.
- Genetic rearrangements in progenitor cells, oncogenes, tumor suppressor genes.
- Programmed cell death, aging and senescence.
- Morphogenesis and organogenesis in animals and plants.

More books for Reading and Referencing

Molecular Cell Biology (Fourth Edition) by Harvey Lodish, Arnold Berk, David

Baltimore; 1999, ISBN-13: 978-0716737063, ISBN-10: 071673706X

Handbook of Cell Signaling by Edward A. Dennis; 2009, ISBN: 9780123741455

Handbook of Cell Signaling (Second Edition) by Ralph A. Bradshaw and Edward A.

Dannie: 2015; ISBN: 078-0-8152-4244

Dennis; 2015; ISBN: 978-0-8153-4244

Cell Signaling: principles and mechanisms by Wendell Lim, Bruce Mayer, Tony Pawson

Cell Communication: Understanding how Information is Stored and Used in Cells by Michael Friedman, Brett Friedman, 2005; ISBN 10: 1404203192,

ISBN 13: 9781404203198

Cell-to-Cell Communication by Walmor C. De Mello; 2012; ISBN 13:978-1-4612-

9006-7

Cell Communication and Cell Signaling

| | | Major Elective | | | |
|-----------------|-----------------------------------|---|-------------|------------------|----------------|
| Core | Course Code: 502509 | Hours: 5 | | | |
| | | Unit - I | | | |
| Objective - 1 | To study the cell genome organize | ular morphology, function and tation. | o develo | p an understai | nding of |
| animal and plan | t host cells, alteratio | ion and entry processes of different n of host cell behavior by pathogen and plants, cell-cell fusion in both n | is, virus-i | nduced cell tran | sformation, |
| Outcome - 1 | Students will learn | n about Morphogenesis and organognaling components to assemble | genesis to | describe how | К2 |
| | | Unit – II | | | |
| Objective - 2 | | more advanced concept those are ew experimental methodologies in | | | sis of current |
| Cell signaling: | • | receptors, cell surface receptor, s | ignaling | through G-prote | ein coupled |
| | - | ays, second messengers, regulation | , , | • • | acterial and |
| plant two-compo | | gnaling in plants, bacterial chemo to | | · | |
| Outcome - 2 | | able to learn components and pr rs in control of gene expression and c | | | К2 |
| | | Unit – III | | | |
| Objective - 3 | To provide the s | student with a strong foundatio | n for pr | inciples of cell | ! |
| | unctions, extracellula | rinciples of cell communication, cell r matrix, integrins, neurotransmiss | | | |
| Outcome - 3 | | discuss the main types of cell connaired and molecules. | ommunio | cation, | K1&k2 |
| | | Unit – IV | | | |

| Objective - 4 | 10 make the students to understand the genetic rearrangement | | | | | |
|--------------------|---|--|--|--|--|--|
| Cellular and gen | Cellular and genetic alterations: Genetic rearrangements in progenitor cells, oncogenes, tumor suppressor | | | | | |
| genes, cancer and | the cell cycle, virus-induced cancer, metastasis, interaction of cancer cells with normal cells, | | | | | |
| apoptosis, therape | rutic interventions of uncontrolled cell growth. Pr med cell death, aging and senescence. | | | | | |

| Outcome - 4 | To understand the importance of genetic alteration | K5 |
|-------------|--|----|
|-------------|--|----|

Unit-V

Objective - 5 *To find out the methods for analyzing the cell morphogenesis and organogenesis*

Morphogenesis and organogenesis in animals: Cell aggregation and differentiation in Dictyostelium; axes and pattern formation in Drosophila, amphibia and chick; organogenesis – vulva formation in Caenorhabditis elegans, eye lens induction, limb development and regeneration in vertebrates; differentiation of neurons, post embryonic development- larval formation, metamorphosis; environmental regulation of normal development; sex determination.

Morphogenesis and organogenesis in plants: Organization of shoot and root apical meristem; shoot and root development; leaf development and phyllotaxy; transition to flowering, floral meristems and floral development in Arabidopsis and Antirrhinum.

| Outcom | ie - 5 | Analyze the general celluler morphogenesis and organogenesis for aminal | K4 |
|--------|--------|---|-----------|
| | | and plant. | |

Text and Reference Books:

Pfeffer U (2013) Cancer Genomics; Springer.

Scott F. Gilbert (2013) Developmental Biology; Tenth Edition; Sinauer Associates, Inc., Sunderland, USA.

Henry C. Pitot (2002) Fundamentals of Oncology; Fourth Edition, Revised and Expanded; Marcel Dekker, Inc., New York, USA.

Wolfgang Arthur Schulz (2005) Molecular Biology of Human Cancers; An Advanced Student's Textbook; Springer, USA.

Raymond W. Ruddon, Daniel D. Loeb (2007) Cancer Biology; Fourth Edition; OXFORD University Press, New York, USA.

Bunz F (2016) Principles of Cancer Genetics; Springer.

Course designed by:--

(On what level the COs & POs correlated each other -based on that we have to give marks)

Mapping Course Outcome VS Programme Outcomes

| CO | P01 | PO2 | P03 | P04 | P05 | P06 | P07 | P08 | P09 | P010 |
|------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|------|
| CO1 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 |
| CO2 | 2 | 2 | 3 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 2 |
| CO3 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 1 |
| CO4 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 1 |
| CO5 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 2 |
| W.AV | 1.9 | 1.4 | 2 | 1.4 | 1.4 | 2 | 1.8 | 1.8 | 1.8 | 1.8 |

S - Strong (3), M-Medium (2), L- Low (1)

Mapping Course Outcome VS Programme Specific Outcomes

| CO | | | | | |
|------------|------|------|------|------|------|
| | PSO1 | PSO2 | PSO3 | PSO4 | PSO5 |
| | | | | | |
| CO1 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 2 |
| CO2 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| CO3 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 2 |
| CO4 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 1 |
| CO5 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 2 |
| W. AV | 1.4 | 1.8 | 1.6 | 1.2 | 1.6 |

S - Strong (3), M-Medium (2), L-Low (1)

Assignment & Seminar: Cell Communication and Cell Signaling

Describe signal transduction pathways.

- 1. Discuss about the cell signaling pathways.
- 2. What are bacterial chemotaxis and quorum sensing?
- 3. Describe virus-induced cell transformation
- 4. Write about G-protein coupled receptors
- 5. Explain the pathogen-induced diseases in animals and plants.
- 6. Define Regulation of hematopoiesis and its regulation.
- 7. Discuss about the neurotransmission.
- 8. Give an account on cell adhesion and roles of different adhesion molecules.
- 9. Define bacterial and plant two-component systems?

Big data analysis and Next Generation Sequencing

| Program: M.Sc., Bioinformatics | Semester : IV (2022 Onwards) |
|-------------------------------------|---|
| Course Title: Big data analysis and | Class Time: As per Time Table |
| Next Generation Sequencing | |
| Subject Code: 502510 | |
| Name of Course Teacher | Dr. Sanjeev Kumar Singh |
| | Dr. M. Karthikeyan |
| Mobile: +91 - 98944 29800 & | E-mail : sksingh@alagappauniversity.ac.in |
| +91 - 94869 81874 | karthikeyanm@alagappauniversity.ac.in |
| | |

Course Brief:

The course portrays the crucial ideas of Essential Packages and libraries, operators, Data structures, control loops of R-language; file operations, graphic libraries

and plots; Overview of Statistical packages and bioconductor libraries, Data representation in R; concepts and Principles of Genomics/Epigenomics, methods of Sequencing: Sanger's dideoxy method, Microarray and RNA-seq, Next Generation Sequencing technology; Impact of transcriptomics on biology; Data analysis: NGS, Big Data, microarray; Mapping algorithms. Measuring gene, IncRNA, siRNA from RNA-seq, NGS data; Sequence assembly concepts, challenges and Algorithms for assembling short reads using graph theory, Gene prediction, annotation and gene ontology (GO); Identification genetic variants from genome sequence: SNPs, SNVs, translocation, copy number variation; Gene expression analysis, Differential expression analysis, Hidden Markov model annotating histone markers, Cloud computing.

Teaching Methods: The mode of teaching is based on the following learning activities:

- Lectures covering the theoretical part will be delivered using PowerPoint presentations.
- A set of laboratory exercises to analyze biological problems using softwares and tools to develop student's interests in scientific discovery.
- Case studies in informatics-based research.

Attendance: The students are expected to attend the classes regularly, since regular attendance is essential to gain academic achievement. As per the University norms, the students having a minimum scale of 70-75% attendance are only qualified to write their end-semester examinations.

Punctuality: Punctuality is the most important quality for the student to be followed and maintained to achieve success. Students who arrive late by 10 mins to the class without any vital reason will be marked absent in the attendance register. On the other hand, valid excuse including personal or medical emergency is acceptable, with prior consent by the Head of the Department.

Class Participation: A student's overall growth and personality development is based on his/her involvement in the class not just by mere presence but rather being interactive through questioning that will lead to propagation of ideas, initiation of thought-provoking practice and much more that will provide a wholesome enriched classroom experience. When students participate, they learn from one another and gain their knowledge better.

Submission of Assignment: Assignments are given to students in order to apply the concepts for deeper understanding of the subject. Therefore, each student will be allocated two assignments for the course, covering the entire topic. Students will be

given deadline to submit the assignment by the course instructor and good preparation of assignment will help the students for their final exams.

Presentation of Seminar: Apart from the assignments, students are supposed to give an oral presentation during the class seminar hours in their assigned topic. The concerned instructor will encourage the participants to ask valid questions during seminar presentation in order to put up their confidence levels and communication skills. In addition, students will be able to gain information and can be updated in their course.

Preparedness: At the end of every class, the concerned instructor conveys the students about the details that will be handled in the next class to increase the student's awareness related to the topics.

Academic Dishonesty: Academic dishonesty is a completely unacceptable mode of conduct and every student should be aware of this important aspect. Thus, the respective faculty members educate the students of possible means of academic malpractices (plagiarism, violation of copyrights and stealing the patented knowledge) and the following consequences that will make them more vigilant in their academic career.

Subject to change clause: Depending upon the requirement of student's possibility, the course syllabus will be re-structured and updated accordingly at the discretion of the Professor(s) and Board of studies chairperson.

Important dates: Scheduled dates for the various activities related to the course

| CIA Test I | CIA Test II | Assignment I | Assignment II | Seminar |
|--------------|---------------|-----------------|---------------|---------|
| As per Acado | emic Calendar | After CIA tests | | |

Course Outline: Core: Big Data Analysis and Next Generation Sequencing

Essentials of R-Package, libraries, operators, control loops in biological data, statistical packages and bioconductor libraries in R, Qualitative and quantitative data types; plotting of data.

- Concepts of genomics and epigenomics, methodology and principle of sequencing, Genome projects of model organisms, ChIP-chip ChIP-seq- techniques, Methylation of DNA and genetics; volume of data produced and important repositories.
- Analysis of data: gene expression analysis, statistical methods, Mapping algorithms such as Burro-Wheeler; Measuring gene, IncRNA, siRNA from RNA- seq NGS data; Gene prediction and annotation; gene ontology (GO); Genome-

- wide annotation methods; Algorithms for assembling short reads using graph theory such as Hamiltonian cycle and de Brjin;
- Genetic variants identification from genome sequence; preface to various applications. Concepts and algorithms to measure transcriptional regulation, small RNA analysis, validation of whole-genome database.
- Finding of differential Gene and Allele-specific expression, Organizing genetic, Nonsynonyms (SIFT, Polyphen), Regulatory and Synonyms variants, , Hidden Markov model annotating histone markers,

More books for Reading and Referencing

The R Book-Michael J Crawley

Publisher: John Wiley & Sons, January 1, 2007. (ISBN: 978-0-470-97392-9)

Data Analysis and Graphics: Using R - J. H. Maindonald and John Braun

Publisher: Cambridge University Press, 06-May-2010. (**ISBN**: 978-0-521-76293-9)

Epigenetics: Current Research and Emerging Trends - Brian P. Chadwick

Publisher Caister Academic Press, July 2015. (ISBN: 978-1-910190-07-4)

Non-coding RNAs and Epigenetic Regulation of Gene Expression: Drivers of Natural

Selection - Kevin V. Morris

Publisher: Caister Academic Press, February 2012. (ISBN: 978-1-904455-94-3)

Computational Methods for Next Generation Sequencing Data Analysis- Ion

Mandoiu, Alexander Zelikovsky

Publisher: John Wiley & Sons, October 2016. (ISBN: 978-1-118-16948-3)

Next-Generation Sequencing Data Analysis- Xinkun Wang

Publisher: CRC Press, February 24, 2016 (ISBN: 978-1-482-21788-9)

Big Data Analysis and Next Generation Sequencing

| | Major Elective | | | | | | | |
|--------------------|--|---|------------|--------------------|-------------|--|--|--|
| Core | Course Code: 502102 | Big Data Analysis and Next Generation Sequencing | T/P | Credits:5 | Hours: 5 | | | |
| | Unit - I | | | | | | | |
| Objective 1 | To make students understand the use of R in Data representation, File Input/Output | | | | | | | |
| Objective - 1 | operations; Big Data Analysis and Next Generation Sequencing; | | | | | | | |
| D statistical page | Izago, Essentials of | D Dackage and libraries mathema | tical oner | ations string oner | ations Data | | | |

R statistical package: Essentials of R-Package and libraries, mathematical operations, string operations, Data structures: vectors, data frames, lists, matrices, Control loops: if, else, while for loops. File Input/Output operations. R plots and the graphics library. Overview of Statistical packages and bioconductor libraries in R. Data representation: Qualitative and quantitative data types, Tabulation and visual display of data, plotting line

| plot, scatter plot, | frequency histograms, pie-chart, heat map and 3D plots. | | | | | |
|---|---|------------------|--|--|--|--|
| Outcome - 1 | The student should be able to understand basic use of R statistical package in biological data | | | | | |
| | Unit – II | | | | | |
| Objective - 2 | To provide the student with a strong foundation for principles, methods and color of sequencing, Impact of transcriptomics on biology | ncepts | | | | |
| Sanger's dideoxy of NGS, Overview | nomics/Epigenomics: History of genomics; Genome projects of model organism method, Microarray and RNA-seq, Next Generation Sequencing technology, Differ of metagenomics principles, Methylation of DNA and genetics; histone modificate ques. Impact of transcriptomics on biology, volume of data produced epositories. | erent platform | | | | |
| Outcome - 2 | The student will have the capacity to comprehend the ideas of Genome projects of model organisms, Next Generation Sequencing technology. | K1 | | | | |
| | Unit – III | | | | | |
| Objective - 3 | To create students opportunity to analyze the Big Data, NGS, Microarray, RNA gene, IncRNA, siRNA | l-Seq of | | | | |
| Algorithms for as for assembling r | rom RNA-seq NGS data. Sequence assembly concepts and challenges in assembling short reads using graph theory such as Hamiltonian cycle and de Brjingeads. Gene prediction and annotation; gene ontology (GO); Genome-wide annotation of synteny between various genomes and challenges. The students will be able to demonstrate Microarray data analysis, Genome-wide annotation methods; identification of synteny between various genomes | n; Writing code | | | | |
| | and challenges Unit – IV | | | | | |
| Objective - 4 | To make the students look the Identification genetic variants from genome sequences small RNA analysis, validation of whole-genome database. | ience; | | | | |
| SNPs, SNVs, trans to various appli | is and computational Epigenomics: Identification genetic variants from genetic slocation, copy number variation. Concepts behind genome-wide association studies cations. Concepts and algorithms to measure transcriptional regulation; alternative splicing; relative merits of various approaches; small RNA analysis atabase. | es. Introduction | | | | |
| Outcome - 4 | The students will be able to analyze SNPs, SNVs, translocation, copy number variation, Concepts and algorithms to measure transcriptional regulation | К4 | | | | |
| | Unit-V | | | | | |
| Objective - 5 | To find out the methods for analyzing the Gene expression, Differential expression Allele-specific expression and Statistical considerations. | on, | | | | |
| expression, Prior variants, Statisti | Interpretation: Gene expression analysis, Differential expression analysis, itizing genetic variants, Non-synonyms variants (SIFT, Polyphen), Synonyms varia all methods on rare variants, Statisitcal considerations, Hidden Markov modeline markers, Cloud computing. | nts, Regulatory | | | | |

| Outcome - 5 | The student should understand the Differential expression analysis of gene, the | К2 |
|-------------|---|----|
| | Statistical methods on rare variants | |

Text and Reference Books:

Momiao Xiong "Big Data in Omics and Imaging: Association Analysis" (2017), CRC Press, ISBN: 978-1-4987-2578-1

Peter Dalgaard "Introductory Statistics with R" (2015) Second Edition, Springer Science & Business Media. **ISBN:** 978-0-387-79053-4

Laurens Holmes "Applied Epidemiologic Principles and Concepts" (2017), CRC, **ISBN:** 978-1-4987-3378-6 Greg J. Hunt, Juergen R. Gadau "Advances in Genomics and Epigenomics of Social Insects" 1st Ed, (2017). Frontiers Ka-Chun Wong "Big Data Analytics Genomics" (2016), Springer, **ISBN:** 978-3-319-41279-5

Ion Mandoiu, Alexander Zelikovsky "Computational Methods for Next Generation Sequencing Data Analysis" (2016) John Wiley & Sons.

Shui Qing Ye "Big Data Analysis for Bioinformatics and Biomedical Discoveries" (2016), CRC, ISBN: 978-1-4987-2454-8

Ion Mandoiu, Alexander Zelikovsky "Computational Methods for Next Generation Sequencing Data Analysis" (2016), John Wiley & Sons, ISBN: 9781119272175

Hyunjoung Lee, Il Sohn "Fundamentals of Big Data Network Analysis for Research and Industry" (2016), John Wiley & Sons, ISBN: 978-1-1190-1558-1

Andrew E. Teschendorff "Computational and Statistical Epigenomics" (2015), Springer, ISBN: 978-94-017-9929-3

Kuo Ping Chiu "Next-Generation Sequencing and Sequence Data Analysis" (2015), Bentham Science, **ISBN:** 978-1-68108-093-2

Nathalie Japkowicz, Jerzy Stefanowski "Big Data Analysis: New Algorithms for a New Society" (2015) Springer

Andrew E. Teschendorff "Computational and Statistical Epigenomics" (2015) Springer

Hadley Wickham, 2013, Advanced R programming.

Ken A. Aho "Foundational and Applied Statistics for Biologists Using R" (2013) CRC, ISBN: 978-1439873380

Norman Matloff - UC Davis, 2009 The Art of R Programming.

W. N. Venables, D. M. Smith - Network Theory, 2nd Ed, 2009; An Introduction to R.

Daniel P. Berrar, Werner Dubitzky, Martin Granzow "A Practical Approach to Microarray Data Analysis" (2003) Springer

Course designed by: Dr. Sanjeev Kumar Singh & Dr. M. Karthikeyan

(On what level the COs & POs correlated each other -based on that we have to give marks)

Mapping Course Outcome VS Programme Outcomes

| СО | P01 | PO2 | P03 | P04 | PO5 | P06 | P07 | P08 | P09 | P010 |
|------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|------|
| CO1 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 1 | - | - | 1 | 1 | 2 | 1 |
| CO2 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | - | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| CO3 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | - | - | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| CO4 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| CO5 | - | 1 | - | 1 | 1 | - | 1 | - | 1 | 1 |
| W.AV | 1 | 1 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 1 | 0.6 | 1.2 | 1 |

S-Strong (3), M-Medium (2), L-Low (1)

Mapping Course Outcome VS Programme Specific Outcomes

| СО | PSO1 | PSO2 | PSO3 | PSO4 | PSO5 |
|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| CO1 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 |
| CO2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 1 |
| CO3 | 1 | - | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| CO4 | 1 | - | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| CO5 | 1 | 1 | 1 | - | 1 |
| W.AV | 1.4 | 1.2 | 1.4 | 1 | 1.2 |

S - Strong (3), M-Medium (2), L-Low (1)

Assignment & Seminar - Big Data Analysis and Next Generation Sequencing

- 1. Microarray data analysis.
- 2. Differential expressed gene finding.
- 3. Next Generation Sequencing technology.
- 4. Line plot, scatter plot, frequency histograms, pie-chart, heat map and 3D plots using R.
- 5. NGS data analysis.
- 6. Genome-wide annotation methods.
- 7. Identification SNPs.
- 8. Hidden Markov model.
- 9. Use bioconductor for analysis of microarray data using R.

General Microbiology

| Program: M. Sc | Semester: IV (2022 Onwards) |
|------------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| Course Title: General Microbiology | Class Time: As per Time Table |
| Subject Code: 502511 | |
| Name of Course Teacher | - |
| | _ |
| Mobile: - | E-mail: |

Course Brief:

This course explain the contributions of various scientist to the field of Microbiology, different system classification, basic structure and morphology of bacteria, reserve food materials, functions of different cell organelles, morphology of cyanobacteria and archaebacteria, classification of algae and fungi and their lifecycle, properties of viruses, various assay and life cycle of bacteriophages and virus related agents, Principle

and applications of bright and dark field microscope, electron microscope, polarized and confocal microscope.

Attendance: Having good attendance record marks the student's sincerity and has an overall positive impact on his/her personality trait development. The students are asked to attend the classes on a regular note and those having a minimum scale of 70-75% attendance are eligible to take up the end-semester examinations as per the University norms.

Punctuality: It is the most important attribute to be followed and maintained by the student throughout his/her life which for sure will lead to the path of success. Students who arrive late by 10mins after the attendance will be marked absent unless there is a valid reason (medical/personal emergency) at the discretion of the Head of the Department.

Class Participation: A student's overall growth and personality development is based on his/her involvement in the class not just by mere presence but rather being interactive through questioning that will lead to propagation of ideas, initiation of thought-provoking process and much more that will provide a wholesome enriched classroom experience. Therefore, students are advised to be more attentive so that they learn from one another and develop quality-based knowledge.

Submission of Assignment: Assignments are given to students with just one motive to get more quantitative and qualitative knowledge insights into the assigned topic/chapter that will lead to preparation and completion of the assignment in a constructive manner here just the knowledge provided is not merely counted but also completion prior to proposed deadline will also have a check on the student's serious consideration of the assignments.

Presentation of Seminar: Apart from the assignments the concerned instructors also allocate the students with a topic or based on their interests to present seminar that will aid them built their confidence levels, command over English language to communicate with precision and fluently. In addition, the fellow students are encouraged to pose questions that will instigate interest and provide update in that particular topic besides the information presented helping them to prepare for their examinations that can be taken as added advantage for the students.

Preparedness: At the end of every class, the concerned instructor tells the students what will be taken in the next class using these details the students should be aware of the topics that will be covered in the upcoming lectures which actually enhance the student's capability to grasp the knowledge and concepts provided much efficiently.

Academic Dishonesty: This is an important aspect that every student should be aware of. Thus, the respective faculty members educate the students of possible means of academic malpractices (plagiarism, violation of copyrights and stealing the patented knowledge) and the following consequences that will make them more vigilant in their academic career.

Subject to change clause: Based on the requirement of student's feasibility and meeting the competitive demands of the discipline the syllabus courses will be re-structured and updated accordingly at the discretion of the Professor(s) and Board of studies chairman.

Components of Internal Assessment (Max. Marks 25)

| CIA Test I | CIA Test II | Assignment Semina | |
|--------------|---------------|-------------------|----------|
| As per Acade | emic Calendar | After CL | A Test-I |

Course Outline: General Microbiology (502511)

- 1. History of Microbiology
- 2. Various classification accepted
- 3. Internal and external structure of bacteria
- 4. Characteristics and life cycle of algae
- 5. Characteristics and life cycle of fungi
- 6. Characteristics, structural organization and life cycle of viruses
- 7. Principle and applications of different types of Microscope

General Microbiology

| | Major Elective | | | | | | | |
|--|---|---|----------|--|-------|--|--|--|
| Core | Course Code: 502511 General Microbiology T/P Credits:5 | | Hours: 5 | | | | | |
| | Unit – I | | | | | | | |
| Objective - 1 | Objective - To describe the history and scope of microbiology and explain the classification of microorganisms. | | | | | | | |
| Overview of History of Microbiology: History and Scope of Microbiology – Generation theory – Contribution of Leuwenhoek, Louis Pasteur, Robert Koch, Edward Jenner, Joseph Lister, Winogradsky, Waksman and John Tyndall. Classification of microorganisms - Haeckel's three kingdom concept, Whittaker's five kingdom concept, Carl Woes three domain system, Bacterial classification according to Bergey's manual of systemic Bacteriology. | | | | | | | | |
| Outcome - 1 | | istory and scope of micr f key scientists and classifica | 0 | | he K2 | | | |

| | Unit – II | |
|---|---|--|
| Objective - | To find out the methods for analyzing the morphology, cell structure | e and |
| 2 | subcellular structures of bacteria. | |
| Morphology Gram positive membranes Periplasmic s carboxysomes | and Sub-cellular structures: Morphological types, Cell wall of Green bacteria and halophiles. Cell wall synthesis. Capsule composition and plant in Eubacteria, archaebacteria and cyanobacteria, Cell membrant pace. Structure and function of flagella, cilia and pili, gas vesicles, s, magnetosomes and phycobilisomes. Reserve food materials – polyhydryhosphates, cyanophycin and Sulphur inclusions. General account on my Understand the morphology and sub-cellular structures of various | function. Cell te functions. chlorosomes, lroxy |
| Outcome - 2 | microorganisms, including bacteria, algae, fungi, and protozoa. | K2 |
| | Unit – III | |
| Objective - 3 | To explain the general characteristics, classification, structure, and re of eukaryotic microbes including algae and fungi. | eproduction |
| Reproduction wall – chemic of fungi. Stru | ots of eukaryotic microbes: General characteristics, Classification, Sof Algae: Chlorophyta (Green algae), Diatoms, Rhodophyta (Red algae) al composition and functions, membranes and their functions, nutrition acture and life cycle of fungi Ascomycetes (Aspergillus), Zygomycetes diomycetes (Agaricus) and Protozoa. |), Fungi: Cell |
| Outcome - 3 | Analyze the general characteristics, classification, structure, a reproduction of eukaryotic microbes, such as algae and fungi. | K4 |
| | Unit – IV | |
| Objective - 4 | To describe the distinctive properties, morphology, classification, cul purification of viruses. To understand bacteriophages and viral-related | |
| Virus, Classif | ots of virology: Discovery, distinctive properties, morphology and ultra ication, Cultivation and Purification assay of virus. Bacteriophages and life cycle - lytic, lysogenic. Viral related agents - viroid and prion. | |
| Outcome - 4 | Know the basic concepts of virology, including the structuclus classification, and life cycles of viruses and bacteriophages. | re, K3 |
| | Unit-V | |
| Objective - 5 | To explain the principles and applications of various microscopic ted to study microorganisms. | chniques used |
| | Techniques : Principle and application of bright field, dark field, pheelectron microscope- TEM and SEM, Polarized Microscope and Confocal | |
| Outcome - 5 | Application of various microscopic techniques, such as bright field, defield, phase contrast, fluorescence, and electron microscopy, to stumicroorganisms. | |

Text and Reference Books:

Willey., J.M, Sherwood., L.M, & Woolverton., C.J. (2014). Prescott's Microbiology. McGraw Hill Education, Ninth Edition.

Wessner., D,tioiKD., C,searanC., T,dnifnaN., J. (2013). Microbiology. Wiley, First edition.

Willey., J.M, Sherwood., L.M, & Woolverton., C.J. (2011). Prescott's Microbiology. McGraw Hill Education, Eighth Edition.

Prescott, L.M., Harley, J.P. and Helin, D.A. (2008). "Microbiology";, McGraw Hill, New York, 5th Edition.

Tortora G.J., Funke, B.R. and Case, C.L (2016). Microbiology-An introduction, Pearson Education India, 11^{th} Edition.

Tyagi., R. (2015). Advanced Applied Microbiology. D.P.S. Publishing House

Sharma., P.D. (2014). Microbiology. Rastogi Publications.

Dubey, R.C. and Maheswari, D.K. (2013). A text book of Microbiology; S. Chand and Company Ltd, NewDelhi, 3rd Edition.

Kreig, N.R. Whitman, W. et al, (2012) "Bergeys Manual of Systematic Bacteriology"; Springer, Volume 5.

Khuntia., B. K. (2011). Basic Microbiology-An Illustrated Laboratory Manual. Daya Publishing House.

Alcamo, I.E. (2010). "Fundamentals of Microbiology"; Addison wesley Longman, Inc. California, 9th Edition.

Pelczar, M.J., Chan, E.C.S and Kreig, N.R. (2009). Microbiology – An application based approach, Tata McGraw Hill Publishing Company Limited, New Delhi, 5th Edition.

Madigan, M.T., Martinko, J. M., Dunlap, P.V. and Clark, D.P. (2009). Brock Biology of Microorganisms, Prentice Hall, New Jerry, 12th Edition.

Geeta Sumbali and Merhrotra R.S. (2009). Principles of Microbiology. Tata McGraw Hill Education Private Limited.

Glazer., A.N, Nikaido., H. (2008). Microbial biotechnology – Fundamentals of Applied Microbiology, Cambridge University Press, Second edition.

Wheelis, M. (2008). Principles of Modern Microbiology, Jones & Bartlett India Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi.

Alexopoulus, E.J., Mims, C.W. and Blackwell, M. (2007). Introductory Mycology; John Wiley and Sons, New York, 4^{th} Edition.

Salle, A.J. (2007). Fundamental Principles of Bacteriology, Tata McGraw Hill Publishing Company, New Delhi, 7th Edition.

Clarke, A.R. and Eberhardt, C.N. (2002). Microscopy Techniques For Microscopy, CRC press. Davis, B.D., Duelcco, R., Fisen, H.N. and Ginsberg, H.S. (1990). Microbiology; Harper & Row Publishers, Singapore, 4^{th} Edition.

Atlas, R.M., (1987). "Microbiology Fundamentals and Applications"; MacMillan Pub. Co., New York.

Stainer., R.Y., Ingraham, J.L., Wheelis, M.L. and Painter, P.H. (1987). The Microbial World; MacMillan Press Ltd., London, 5th Edition.

Chapman, V.J. and Chapman, D.J. (1980). Sea Weeds; Chapman & Hall, London, 3rd Edition.

Course designed by: *Dr. J. Joseph Sahayarayan*

(On what level the COs & POs correlated each other -based on that we have to give marks)

Mapping Course Outcome VS Programme Outcomes

| | Mapping course outcome vs i rogramme outcomes | | | | | | | | | |
|------------------|---|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|------|
| CO | P01 | P02 | P03 | P04 | P05 | P06 | P07 | P08 | P09 | PO10 |
| CO1 | 3 | 2 | 3 | 1 | 1 | 3 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| CO2 | 3 | 2 | 3 | 1 | 1 | 3 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| CO3 | 3 | 2 | 3 | 1 | 1 | 3 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| CO4 | 3 | 2 | 3 | 1 | 1 | 3 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| CO5 | 3 | 2 | 3 | 1 | 1 | 3 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| Average Score | 3 | 2 | 3 | 1 | 1 | 3 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 3 |

S - Strong (3), M-Medium (2), L-Low (1)

Mapping Course Outcome VS Programme Specific Outcomes

| CO | PSO1 | PSO2 | PSO3 | PSO4 | PSO5 |
|------------------|------|------|------|------|------|
| CO1 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 3 | 3 |
| CO2 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 3 | 3 |
| CO3 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 3 | 3 |
| CO4 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 3 | 3 |
| CO5 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 3 | 3 |
| Average Score | 1 | 2 | 1 | 3 | 3 |

S - Strong (3), M-Medium (2), L-Low (1)

Assignment I Morphology of Bacterial cell

- 1. Explain the internal structure.
- 2. Explain the external structure.
- 3. Draw the neat diagram of typical bacterial cell.
- 4. Differentiate the cell wall nature of gram positive and gram negative bacteria.
- 5. Differentiate archaebacteria and Eubacteria.

Assignment II Life cycle of viruses

- 1. Define viruses.
- 2. Differentiate viruses from bacteria.
- 3. Account on viral assay methods.
- 4. Explain the lytic life cycle.
- 5. Explain the lysogenic life cycle.

Open Source in Bioinformatics

| Program: M.Sc., Bioinformatics | Semester : IV (2022 Onwards) |
|--|--|
| Course Title: Open Source in Bioinformatics Subject Code: 502512 | Class Time: As per Time Table |
| Name of Course Teacher | Dr. Sanjeev Kumar Singh, Dr. M. Karthikeyan & Dr. J. Joseph Sahayarayan |
| Mobile: +91 - 9653003854 +91 - 94869 81874 | E-mail: sksingh@alagappauniversity.ac.in karthikeyanm@alagappauniversity.ac.in |
| +91 - 90475 64087 | josephj@alagappauniversity.ac.in |

Course Brief:

The course will explore students about the Bioinformatics tools and data resources that are available for the understanding and development of biomacromolecular structures, focusing on how best to use structural information to expand the most from it in definite research backgrounds. More and more genomes are being sequenced and many new types of datasets are being generated in large-scale projects. This course will cover the use of publicly available resources to manage, share, analyze and interpret data and also deals with software programs that are intended for mining out the meaningful information from the mass of molecular biology or biological databases in order to carry out sequence or structural analysis. The impact of genetic variation on structure, predicting protein structure and function and exploring interactions with other macromolecules as well as with low molecular weight compounds were easily carried out by learning the applications of various tools and softwares. The course depicts the usage of Bioinformatics resources that are easily accessible and also allows students to discover interaction networks and pathways in which specific gene(s) participate. Students will gain hands-on experience using a range of data resources and tools, combined with lectures. Furthermore, there will be the prospect to discuss the challenges facing towards research works in the bioinformatics field.

Teaching Methods: The mode of teaching of delivering the courses are as follows through these below mentioned methodologies:

- Delivering the lectures in the form of presentation using advanced technologies devices such as smart board.
- Video-conferencing for lectures that will be sought from experts belonging to overseas reputed institutions.
- Case-studies and Review questions

Attendance: Having good attendance record marks the student's sincerity and has an overall positive impact on his/her personality trait development. The students are asked to attend the classes on a regular note and those having a minimum scale of 70-75% attendance are eligible to take up the end-semester examinations as per the University norms.

Punctuality: It is the most important attribute to be followed and maintained by the student throughout his/her life which for sure will lead to the path of success. Students who arrive late by 10mins after the attendance will be marked absent unless there is a valid reason (medical/personal emergency) at the discretion of the Head of the Department.

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Submission of Assignment: Assignments are given to students with just one motive to get more quantitative and qualitative knowledge insights into the assigned topic/chapter that will lead to preparation and completion of the assignment in a constructive manner here just the knowledge provided is not merely counted but also completion prior to proposed deadline will also have a check on the student's serious consideration of the assignments.

Presentation of Seminar: Apart from the assignments the concerned instructors also allocate the students with a topic or based on their interests to present seminar that will aid them built their confidence levels, command over English language to communicate with precision and fluently. In addition, the fellow students are encouraged to pose questions that will instigate interest and provide update in that particular topic besides the information presented helping them to prepare for their examinations that can be taken as added advantage for the students.

Preparedness: At the end of every class, the concerned instructor tells the students what will be taken in the next class using these details the students should be aware of the topics that will be covered in the upcoming lectures which actually enhance the student's capability to grasp the knowledge and concepts provided much efficiently.

Academic Dishonesty: This is an important aspect that every student should be aware of. Thus, the respective faculty members educate the students of possible means of academic malpractices (plagiarism, violation of copyrights and stealing the patented knowledge)

and the following consequences that will make them more vigilant in their academic career.

Subject to change clause: Based on the requirement of student's feasibility and meeting the competitive demands of the discipline the syllabus courses will be re-structured and updated accordingly at the discretion of the Professor(s) and Board of studies chairman.

Important dates: Scheduled dates for the various activities related to the course

| CIA Test I | CIA Test II | Assignment | Seminar |
|-------------|---------------|------------|----------|
| As per Acad | emic Calendar | After CL | A Test-I |

Course Outline: Elective: Open source in Bioinformatics

- Web based servers and softwares for genome analysis: Entrez- GenBank- GenScan-Vienna RNA Package-Biological network analysis.
- Access to protein sequence and functional information- Includes data from Swiss-Prot and TrEMBL-Database providing extensive structural and functional information for proteins-SOPMA-Predictprotein.
- Tools and resources for drug discovery: ChEMBL- drug-gene interactions, drugprotein interactions-docking-Structural visualization-RasMol- cluster genes with similar microarray expression profiles-Neural network.
- Process of primer design -standard PCR, bisulphite PCR, real-time PCR (QPCR) and sequencing. Multiple sequence alignment-TCoffee-PHYLIP-evolutionary analysis-Sequence manipulation.
- ACD Chemsketch-Drawing package-draw chemical structures including organics, organometallics, polymers, and Markush structures. Calculation of molecular properties, 2D and 3D structure cleaning and viewing-prediction of logP.
- Cytoscape open source software platform for visualizing complex networks and integrating these with any type of attribute data.
- Introduction to the analysis of gene expression data obtained using microarray experiments-Basic principles.

More books for Reading and Referencing:

R Programming for Bioinformatics (Chapman & Hall/CRC Computer Science & Data Analysis) - Robert Gentleman; 2008 (ISBN: 978-14-200-6367-7)

Bioinformatics Research and Applications - Zhipengcai, Oliver Eulenstein, Daniel Janies

and David Schwartz (ISBN: 978-36-423-8035-8)

Python Programming for Biology: Bioinformatics and Beyond - Tim J. Stevens and Wayne

Boucher; 2015 (ISBN: 978-05-217-2009-0)

Practical Bioinformatics (Nucleic Acids and Molecular Biology) - Janusz M. Businicki;

2007(ISBN: 978-81-812-8522-5)

Bioinformatics Algorithms: An Active Learning Approach (Vol. 1) - Phillip Compeau and

Pavel Pevzner; 2015(ISBN: 978-09-903-7460-2)

Bioinformatics Algorithms: An Active Learning Approach (Vol. 2) - Phillip Compeau and

Pavel Pevzner; 2014 (ISBN: 978-09-903-7462-6)

Open Source in Bioinformatics

| Major Elective | | | | | | | | |
|-------------------------------|---|-----------------------------|---|-------------------|---------------------|------------|--|--|
| Core | Course code: 502512 Open source in Bioinformatics T/P Credit: | | | | Credit:5 | Hrs: 5 | | |
| | Unit - I | | | | | | | |
| Objective - | To analyze DNA an | d RNA sequ | uences using tools lii | ke Entrez, | GenBank, E | MBOSS, | | |
| 1 | Artemis, Sequenche | r and Vieni | na RNA Package. | | | | | |
| | A sequence analysi | , | | | , r | • | | |
| | GENSCAN, Glimmer, N I Family, CLC RNA Wo | | UGUSTUS, RNA drav | v, RNA stri | ucture, Vien | na RNA | | |
| Outcome - 1 | Gain proficiency in sequence analysis. | n using op | pen-source tools for | r DNA an | nd RNA | K2 | | |
| | | Ţ | Jnit – II | | | | | |
| Objective - | To analyze protein | sequences | using tools like ExPA | ASy, PSAAI | M, Predict P | rotein and | | |
| 2 | CLC Protein Workbe | ench. | | | | | | |
| Workbench, V Networks, Pre | nence analysis: ExPa VinPep, SubMito, Protection Pedict Protein, SCRATC | teinVis, PIV H, and Intr | OT, SOPMA, SIPMA, coduction to Bioubur | PSIPRED, . itu | PSORTb, Bio | ological | | |
| Outcome - 2 | Develop skills in bioinformatics tools | - | sequence analysis | using | various | К3 | | |
| | | U | Init – III | | | | | |
| Objective - 3 | To briefly explain se NetPrimer, BioEdit, | • | gnment and phyloge lip and MEGA. | enetic ana | lysis using t | ools like | | |
| Molecular b | iology, Sequence al | ignment a | nd Phylogeny: Net | Primer, Pe | erlPrimer, S | imVector, | | |
| CGView, BioE | dit, BioCococa, Read. | seq, PAUP, | Phylip, TreeView, S | equence M | <i>lanipulation</i> | n Suite, | | |
| MEGA, NJplot | , TCoffee, PHYML. | | | | | | | |
| Outcome - 3 | Understand and alignment, and phy | 112 | molecular biolo nalvsis tools. | ogy, sed | quence | К3 | | |
| | igrantonto, vartos prig | | Jnit – IV | | | | | |
| Objective - 4 | | | | | | | | |

| Molecular m | Molecular modeling: Docking study: Hex, Auto dock, Argus lab. RasMol, VMD, MolMol, CN3D, | | | | | | |
|--|---|---------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| DTMM, Swiss- | DTMM, Swiss-PdbViewer, gopenmol, StrukEd, JMVC, OscailX, ICM Browser, Gromacs, BioInfo3D, | | | | | | |
| MODELLER, C | 'himera. | | | | | | |
| Outcome - 4 | Learn molecular modeling techniques and perform docking studies | K4 | | | | | |
| using appropriate software. | | | | | | | |
| | Unit-V | | | | | | |
| Objective - | To perform chemical drawing and microarray analysis using tools lik | e ChemSketch, | | | | | |
| 5 | ScanAnalyze, Cluster, Cytoscape, dchip, and Bioconductor. | | | | | | |
| Chemical drawing and Microarray analysis: ChemSketch, ChemDraw, BKChem, ScanAnalyze, | | | | | | | |
| Cluster, Cytos | Cluster, Cytoscape, dchip, SAM, DAVID Bioinformatics EASE, TM4, Pathway Explorer, | | | | | | |
| Bioconductor. | Bioconductor. | | | | | | |
| Outcome - 5 | Gain skills in chemical drawing and microarray data analysis using | K5 | | | | | |
| | onen-source tools | | | | | | |

Text and Reference Books:

Mandoiu, I., Zelikovsky, A. (2016). Computational Methods for Next Generation Sequencing Data Analysis. Wiley Publications.

Pazos, F., Monica, C. (2015). Practical Protein Bioinformatics. Springer.

Korpelainen, E., Tuimala, J., Somervuo, P., Huss, M., Wong, G. (2014). RNA-seq Data Analysis: A Practical Approach, CRC press, Taylor and Francis group.

Edwards, D., Stajich J., Hansen, D. (2009). Bioinformatics: Tools and Applications, Springer Shui Qing Ye. (2008). Bioinformatics: A Practical Approach, Chapman & Hall/CRC.

Xiong, J. (2006). Essential Bioinformatics, Cambridge University Press.

Baxevanis, A. D., Francis Ouellette, B. F. (2005). Bioinformatics: A Practical Guide to the Analysis of Gene and Protein (3rd Ed). John Wiley & Sons.

Bujnicki, J. M. (2004). Practical Bioinformatics, Springer.

Wong, L. (2004). The Practical Bioinformatician, World Scientific Publishing Co. Pre. Ltd. Mount, D. W. (2004). Bioinformatics: Sequence and Genome Analysis, CBS publisher, Second Edition.

Online resources: http://www.loria.fr/~ritchied/hex/

http://www.arguslab.com/

http://autodock.scripps.edu/

http://www.bioinformatics.org/sms2/

Course designed by:Dr. J. Joseph Sahayarayan

(On what level the COs & POs correlated each other -based on that we have to give marks)

Mapping Course Outcome VS Programme Outcomes

| | Mapping course outcome vs i rogramme outcomes | | | | | | | | | |
|------------|---|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|------|
| CO | P01 | P02 | P03 | P04 | P05 | P06 | P07 | P08 | P09 | PO10 |
| CO1 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| CO2 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| CO3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| CO4 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| CO5 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| W.AV | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 |

S-Strong (3), M-Medium (2), L-Low (1)

Mapping Course Outcome VS Programme Specific Outcomes

| CO | PSO1 | PSO2 | PSO3 | PSO4 | PSO5 | | |
|------|------|------|------|------|------|--|--|
| CO1 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | | |
| CO2 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | | |
| CO3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | | |
| CO4 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | | |
| CO5 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | | |
| W.AV | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | | |

S-Strong (3), M-Medium (2), L-Low (1)

Assignment & Seminar: Open source in Bioinformatics

- 1. DNA user.
- 2. RNA structure.
- 3. Biological Networks
- 4. Bio Edit.
- 5. Introduction to Bioubuntu.
- 6. Sequence Manipulation Suite.
- 7. Ras Mol.
- 8. ICM Browser.
- 9. Net Primer.
- 10. Swiss-Pdb Viewer.
- 11. BioInfo3D.
- 12. Chem Sketch.
- 13. Pathway Explorer.

Biodiversity, Agriculture, Ecosystem, Environment and Medicine

| Program: M.Sc | Semester : IV (2022 Onwards) |
|---|--|
| Course Title: Biodiversity, Agriculture, Ecosystem, Environment and Medicine Subject Code: 502513 | Class Time: As per Time Table |
| Name of Course Teacher | Dr. J. Joseph Sahayarayan |
| Mobile: +91 9047564087 | E-mail: josephj@alagappauniversity.ac.in |

Course Brief

This course introduces the evolution, biodiversity, and ecology of organisms. The origin and diversity of life, from prokaryotes, through simple eukaryotes to multicellular organisms are introduced. Natural selection, speciation, and phylogeny, stressing evolutionary relationships in conjunction with changing conditions on earth, are presented. The course introduces major concepts in ecology: the physical and chemical environment, population structure, life histories, species interactions, communities, and ecosystems. The course also introduces motivations for food and agricultural policies and presents the policy tools that can be used to meet policy goals. We will also spend time reviewing the economic theory, and introducing some new tools, that are required to analyze the effects of policy interventions. The course provides details on specific polices, with emphasis on food and agricultural policies. In addition the course illustrates major ways in which the environment and human health. Also it portrays ways that scientific studies determine the quantitative relationship between environmental parameters and health. It depicts ways that the health impact from major environmental hazards can be effectively controlled.

Teaching methods

The teaching includes lectures, discussions, demonstrations, concept maps and models, self-study and question times and an integrating project work. The project work is in-depth studies in groups with an emphasis on own work and literature studies. The course is completed with a written final examination.

Attendance: Having good attendance record marks the student's sincerity and has an overall positive impact on his/her personality trait development. The students are asked to attend the classes on a regular note and those having a minimum scale of 70-75% attendance are eligible to take up the end-semester examinations as per the University norms.

Punctuality: It is the most important attribute to be followed and maintained by the student throughout his/her life which for sure will lead to the path of success. Students who arrive late by 10mins after the attendance has been taken will be marked absent

unless there is a valid reason (medical/ personal emergency) at the discretion of the Head of the Department.

Class Participation: A student's overall growth and personality development is based on his/her involvement in the class not just by mere presence but rather being interactive through questioning that will lead to propagation of ideas, initiation of thought-provoking process and much more that will provide a wholesome enriched classroom experience. Therefore, students are advised to be more attentive so that they learn from one another and develop quality-based knowledge.

Submission of Assignment: Assignments are given to students with just one motive to get more quantitative and qualitative knowledge insights into the assigned topic/chapter that will lead to preparation and completion of the assignment in a constructive manner here just the knowledge provided is not merely counted but also completion prior to proposed deadline will also have a check on the student's serious consideration of the assignments.

Presentation of Seminar: Apart from the assignments the concerned instructors also allocate the students with a topic or based on their interests to present seminar that will aid them built their confidence levels, command over English language to communicate with precision and fluently. In addition, the fellow students are encouraged to pose questions that will instigate interest and provide update in that particular topic besides the information presented helping them to prepare for their examinations that can be taken as added advantage for the students.

Preparedness: At the end of every class, the concerned instructor tells the students what will be taken in the next class using these details the students should be aware of the topics that will be covered in the upcoming lectures which actually enhance the student's capability to grasp the knowledge and concepts provided much efficiently.

Academic Dishonesty: This is an important aspect that every student should be aware of. Thus, the respective faculty members educate the students of possible means of academic malpractices (plagiarism, violation of copyrights and stealing the patented knowledge) and the following consequences that will make them more vigilant in their academic career.

Subject to change clause: Based on the requirement of student's feasibility and meeting the competitive demands of the discipline the syllabus courses will be re-structured and updated accordingly at the discretion of the Professor(s) and Board of studies chairman.

Important dates: Please note down the important dates and stick to the schedule

| CIA Test I | CIA Test II | Assignment | Seminar |
|-------------|---------------|------------|----------|
| As per Acad | emic Calendar | After CI | A Test I |

Course Outline: Elective: Biodiversity, Agriculture, Ecosystem, Environment and Medicine

- On completion of this course students will be able to acquire knowledge about
- Biodiversity status, scope, types, monitoring and documentation. Also major drivers of biodiversity change and biodiversity management approaches.
- Information about management and communication, libraries, bibliographies, periodicals, databases and distribution of biodiversity.
- Proportional genomes of plant and model plants, insect resistance, improve nutritional quality; grow drought resistant crops in poorer soils, biodiversity of Indian medicinal plants.
- Ecosystem structure, ecosystem function, energy flow and mineral cycling. Also they acquire knowledge about primary production and decomposition; structure and function of some Indian ecosystems: terrestrial and aquatic.
- Principles of conservation, major approaches to management, Indian case studies on conservation/management strategy.
- Biotechnological applications of microbes, antibiotic resistance, forensic analysis of microbes, the reality of bioweapon and Metagenomics.
- Fundamentals of gene therapy, Gene therapy present and future, clinical trials.
- Applications of Bioinformatics in cancer detection, Drug targets, Human genome diversity.

More books for Reading and Referencing

Occupational & Environmental Medicine: Fourth Edition (Lange Medical Books) 4th

Edition 2006 Joseph LaDou; ISBN-13: 978-0071443135

Environment and Ecology - (UPTU) 2011

Pandey S.N; ISBN-13: 978-9380618593

Ecology And Environment 2005

Sharma P.D; ISBN-13: 978-8171339051

Agriculture at a Glance: Enchanced Competition Explorer 2012

Sharma R.K; ISBN-13: 978-8170357643

Biodiversity, Agriculture, Ecosystem, Environment and Medicine

| | | Major F | Elective | | | |
|--|---|--|--|------------------------------------|--|---|
| Core | Course Code: 502513 | Biodive Agriculture, Enviror and Me | Ecosystem, nment | T/P | Credits: | 5 Hours : 5 |
| | | Uni | t - I | | | • |
| Objective 1 | _ | e current status, typ ow biodiversity inforn d. | • | _ | nent of biod | diversity and |
| change; Biotechno Periodical databases and Diske | biodiversity mana logy information ls, Databases, Distr s, Virtual libraries, S ttes. | types, monitoring a gement approaches Management an ibution of biodivers pecial interest netwo | s. Uses of Biodi d Communicatio ity information, M orks, Biodiversity A | versity n, Li leta pplica | , Loss of braries, l tion Softwo | f biodiversity, Bibliographies, are – CD-ROMs |
| Outcome - | | ne status, scope, and | | sity, an | nd learn | K2 |
| | about bloaive | rsity management a Unit | • • | | | |
| _ | improvement ecosystems. ire: Crops: Compar | he role of biodive and medicinal plant. rative genomes of pla | s and understand ant and model pla | the str | ructure and nsect resist | d function of ance, improve |
| plants. Ec P); prima | osystem: Ecosyste ry production and l (forest, grassland) | ought resistant crops n structure; ecosyste decomposition; stru and aquatic (fresh | m function; energy ecture and functio | flow of | and minera | ıl cycling (C, N, |
| Outcome - | | ge of the application. improvement and m | | | | К2 |
| | | Unit | – III | | 1 | |
| Objective 3 | | inciples and approac conservation strateg | | n biolo | gy and disc | cuss Indian |
| primary p terrestrial Principles | production and del l (forest, grassland) of conservation, m | cture; ecosystem fund ecomposition; struct and aquatic (fresh v ajor approaches to n trategy (Project Tige | ure and function vater, marine, eust nanagement, India | of so tarine) in case | ome India. Conserva | n ecosystems: tion Biology: |
| Outcome - | 2 Learn about e | cosystem structure a cycling, and | nd function, energ conservation | y flow | , mineral biology | K2 |
| | | Unit | - IV | | | |
| Objective 4 | • · · | otechnological applic ge and alternative | cations of microbe | | | • |

| Alternative er | Environment: Waste cleanup: Superbugs and their concept, Microbes and Climate change, Alternative energy sources and Fuel cells. Biotechnological applications of microbes, Antibiotic resistance, Forensic analysis of microbes, the reality of bioweapon, Metagenomics. | | | | | |
|----------------------|--|------------|--|--|--|--|
| Outcome - 4 | Know the role of biotechnology in environmental management, including waste cleanup, alternative energy sources, and microbial applications. | К3 | | | | |
| | Unit-V | | | | | |
| Objective - 5 | _ ' therapy and understand now bioinformatics is used in areas like cancer detection | | | | | |
| Medicine : Ce | ell Therapyand Gene therapy Fundamentals of gene therapy, Cell Th | nerapy and | | | | |
| Gene therapy | Gene therapy present and future, clinical trials. Applications of Bioinformatics in cancer | | | | | |
| detection, Dru | detection, Drug targets, Human genome diversity. | | | | | |
| Outcome - 5 | Describe about the cell therapy, gene therapy, and the applications of bioinformatics in medicine, including cancer detection and drug targets. | К3 | | | | |

Text and Reference Books:

Tandon, P., Abrol, Y.P. and Kumaria, S. (2007). Biodiversity and its Significance. I. K. International Publishing House Pvt. Ltd, New Delhi.

Singh, J.S., Singh, S.P. and Gupta, S.R. (2006). Ecology, Environment and Resource Conservation. Anamaya Publishers, New Delhi.

Saha., T.K. (2013). Ecology and Environmental Biology. Books & Allied (P) Ltd. Dahiya., P, Ahlawat, M. (2013). Environmental Science: A New Approach. Alpha Science. Raven, P.H., Berg, .cKI ,miKC &nieK Wiano .tKeiriKSnKD .)2012(.M. t ,aKN kaCCnKzaea .R.L .tigeD tNiDiiK

Harke., S, Pande., B.N. and Diwan., A.D. (2010). Environmental Biotechnology and Sustainable Biodiversity. Narendra Publishing House, First edition.

Fulekar, M. (2009). Bioinformatics: applications in life and environmental sciences. Springer Science & Business Media, Berlin.

Sanyal., K., Kundu., M. and Rana., S. (2009). Ecology and Environment. Books & Allied (P) Ltd.

Buehler, L.K., Rashidi, H.H. (2005). Bioinformatics Basics: Applications in Biological Science and Medicine. CRC Press, Second Edition.

Arvind., K. (2004). Environment and Health. APH Publishing Corporation. First Edition. Gaston., K.J. & Spicer., J.I. (2004). Biodiversity: An Introduction. Blackwell Science Ltd, Second edition

Krishnamurthy, K.V. (2003). An advanced Textbook on Biodiversity – principle and practice. Oxford & IBH publishing Co. Pvt. Ltd. First Edition.

Evans., G.M & Furlong., J.C. (2003). Environmental Biotechnology: Theory and Applications. John Wiley & Sons, Inc.

Yu., M.H. (2001). Environmental toxicology: impacts of environmental toxicants on living systems. Lewis Publishers, London.

Kresina., T.F. (2001). An Introduction to Molecular Medicine and Gene Therapy. John Wiley & Sons, Inc.

Course designed by: *Dr. J. Joseph Sahayarayan*

(On what level the COs & POs correlated each other -based on that we have to give marks)

Mapping Course Outcome VS Programme Outcomes

| Mapping course outcome vs i rogiamme outcomes | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|------|
| | P01 | P02 | P03 | P04 | P05 | P06 | P07 | P08 | P09 | PO10 |
| CO1 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 2 | 3 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| CO2 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 2 | 3 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| CO3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 2 | 3 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| CO4 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 2 | 3 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| CO5 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| Average Score | 3 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 2.2 | 3 | 2.2 | 3 | 3 | 3 |

S - Strong (3), M-Medium (2), L-Low (1)

Mapping Course Outcome VS Programme Specific Outcomes

| ping course outcome vs i rogramme specime outcome | | | | | | | |
|---|------|------|------|------|------|--|--|
| | PSO1 | PSO2 | PSO3 | PSO4 | PSO5 | | |
| CO1 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 3 | 3 | | |
| CO2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 3 | 3 | | |
| CO3 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 3 | 3 | | |
| CO4 | 2 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 3 | | |
| CO5 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | | |
| Average Score | 2.2 | 2.2 | 2.4 | 3 | 3 | | |

S - Strong (3), M-Medium (2), L-Low (1)

Assignment & Seminar - Biodiversity, Agriculture, Ecosystem, Environment and Medicine

- i. Explain biodiversity management approaches.
- ii. Fundamentals of gene therapy Explain.
- iii. Applications of Bioinformatics in cancer detection Discuss.
- iv. Write a note on biodiversity application software.
- v. Illustrate ecosystem structure, function, energy flow and mineral cycling.
- vi. Give an account on comparative genomes of plant and model plants.
- vii. Elaborate primary production and decomposition; structure and function of some Indian ecosystems.
- ix. Discuss Superbugs and their concept.
- x. Give detailed note biotechnological applications of microbes.

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NON MAJOR ELECTIVES

Nanotechnology and Advanced drug delivery system

| Program: M.Sc., | Semester: III (2022 Onwards) |
|----------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| Course Title: Nanotechnology and | Class Time: As per Time Table |
| Advanced drug delivery system | |
| Subject Code: 502514 | |
| Name of the Course Teacher | Dr. P. Boomi |

Mobile: +91 – 9486031423

Course Brief:

Nanomedicine deals with the development and application of materials and devices to study biological processes and to treat disease at the level of single molecules and atoms. This exciting new field of nanotechnology and medicine is offering unique capabilities in disease diagnosis and management. This course also offers a survey of timely concepts in the rapidly emerging nanomedicine. The vision of combining diagnostics and therapeutics, now being referred to as theranostics is the area of recent research. Currently, the main use of nanoparticle medicinal products (NMP) is their conjugation or/and encapsulation with several active biomolecules for therapeutic or/and diagnostic purposes, since they can be used as drug carriers for chemotherapeutics to deliver medication directly to the tumor while sparing healthy tissue. This course will emphasize emerging nanotechnologies and biomedical applications including nanomaterials, nanoengineering and nanotechnology based drug delivery systems, nano-based imaging and diagnostic systems, nanotoxicology and translating nanomedicines into clinical investigation.

Teaching Methods: The course will be based on the following teaching and learning activities:

- Lectures covering the theoretical part using PowerPoint presentations
- Case studies
- Review questions

Attendance: Regular attendance is necessary for gaining academic success; hence the students are expected to attend all the classes. As per University norms, the students are qualified to write their end-semester examinations only if they have a minimum attendance of 75% in all the courses.

Punctuality: Punctuality is an important quality for the students to achieve success. Students arriving late to the class by 10 minutes without any valid reason will be marked absent in the attendance record. Excuse will be provided for personal or medical emergency with prior approval by the Head of the Department

Class Participation: Classroom participation is important because learning is not just between the student and the teacher, but part of the whole classroom experience which involves questioning, inquiring and exchanging ideas. When students participate, they learn from each other and internalize the knowledge better.

Submission of Assignment: Assignments will help the students to apply the concepts which results in deeper understanding of the subject. Hence each student will be

allocated two assignments for the course, covering the entire topic. Students will be provided deadline by the course instructor to submit the assignment. Proper preparation of assignment will help the students for final exams

Presentation of Seminar: Students are supposed to give an oral presentation during the class seminar hours in their assigned topic. Students will discuss on recent research finding related to the topic and participants are encouraged to ask valid questions. Seminars help the students to be updated in their course. In addition students will be able to learn their mistakes and can improve their communication skills during seminar presentation

Preparedness: Prior to attending the class the **s**tudents are expected to collect information regarding the topic given in advance, so that they will be able to discuss during the lecture.

Academic Dishonesty: Since the students are not aware of academic integrity, students must be clearly explained about plagiarism and the consequences of violation of copyright laws, so that academic dishonesty may be avoided.

Subject to change clause: Depending upon the requirement of student, the course syllabus and course schedule are subjective to minor changes, which will be informed to students

Important dates: Scheduled dates for the various activities related to the course

| CIA Test I | CIA Test II | Assignment | Seminar |
|-------------|---------------|------------|----------|
| As per Acad | emic Calendar | After CL | A Test-I |

Course Outline: Nanotechnology and Advanced drug delivery system

- 1. Properties and technological advantages of nanomaterials.
- 2. Top down and Bottom up approaches for the synthesis of nanomaterials.
- 3. Characterization of the synthesized nanomaterials by spectroscopic analysis and microscopic observations.
- 4. Types of nanocarriers used in drug delivery and its physicochemical properties.
- 5. Targeted and Non-targeted drug delivery using nanocarriers.
- 6. Various strategies of surface modification of Nanoparticles to enhance biocompatibility.
- 7. Role of Nanoparticles in diagnosis and imaging.
- 8. Fabrication of DNA and Protein based biosensor and its diagnostic application.
- 9. Theranostics nanomedicine for the treatment of cancer.

10. Nanotechnology application in the treatment of neurology, cardiology and opthamology.

More books for Reading and Referencing

Kewal K. Jain, "The Handbook of Nanomedicine", (2008), Publisher-Springer Science & Business Media, ISBN: 1603273190, 9781603273190

V. P. Torchilin, "Nano Particulates As Drugcarriers", (2006), Publisher-Imperial College Press, ISBN: 186094907X, 9781860949074

Ram B. Gupta and Uday B. Kompella "Nanoparticle Technology for Drug Delivery", (2006), Publisher-CRC Press, ISBN: 0849374553, 9780849374555

R. Khare, "Nanomedicine and Future drugs", (2015), **ISBN:9384568643**, **9789384568641**

Mark Slevin, "Current Advances in the medical application of nanotechnology" (2012), Publisher- Bentham Science Publishers, ISBN: 1608051315, 9781608051311

T. Pradeep, "A Textbook of Nanoscience and Nanotechnology", (2003), Publisher-Tata McGraw-Hill Education, ISBN: 1259007324, 9781259007323

Mansoor M. Amiji, "Nanotechnology for cancer therapy", (2006), Pubisher-CRC Press, ISBN: 1420006630, 9781420006636

Jeff W.M. Bulte and Michel M.J. Modo, "Nanoparticles in Biomedical Imaging Emerging Technologies and Applications", (2007), Publisher- Springer Science &

Business Media, ISBN: 0387720278, 9780387720272

Nanotechnology and Advanced drug delivery system

| | | Non Major Elective | | | | |
|--|------------------------|---|------------|-------------------|---------------|--|
| Core | Course Code: 502514 | Nanotechnology and dvanced drug delivery system | T/P | Credits:2 | Hours:3 | |
| | | Unit - I | | | | |
| Objective - 1 Provide students broad overview of the application of nanotechnology to medicine | | | | | | |
| Basic concepts | of Nano-science an | d technology: Properties and technol | ological d | ndvantages of Nan | omaterials - | |
| Quantum wire, | Quantum well, Quan | tum dots and Carbon nanotubes: Sy | nthesis - | - Top down and b | ottom up | |
| approaches; Ch | aracterization - Spect | roscopic techniques and Microscopic | observat | ions. | | |
| Outcome - 1 Comprehend the principles behind nanomedicine. K1 | | | | | K1 | |
| | | Unit – II | | · | | |
| Objective - 2 | Impart knowl | edge on the role of biological and | synthetic | nanocarriers in | drug delivery | |

| Fundamentals a | and types of Nanocarriers: Types - Viral nanocarrriers, Polymeric nanoca | rrier, lipid |
|---------------------|--|-------------------|
| nanocarrier, carb | on nanostructures, dendrimers, silica nanoparticles, Microbes and antibody bas | sed |
| nanocarriers; Phy | sicochemical properties - Size, Surface, Magnetic and Optical Properties. | |
| Outcome - 2 | Gain a broad understanding of concepts and applications of nanomedicine. | K2 |
| | Unit – III | |
| Objective - 3 | Understand the regulatory and ethical aspects on use of nanotechnology in a | clinical practice |
| Nanotechnology | for Drug Targeting | |
| delivery, controlle | - Targeted (Microneedles, Micropumps, microvalves, Implantable microchips) of drug release; Nanoparticle surface modification – bioconjugation, peglyation, nanostructures for use as antibiotics, diseased tissue destruction using nanopa on strategies. | antibodies cell |
| Outcome - 3 | Impart the knowledge to apply these nano-drug delivery systems for the diagnosis and therapy | K2&K3 |
| | Unit – IV | |
| Objective - 4 | Convey knowledge about drug delivery systems. | |
| Nanotechnology | for Imaging and Detection | |
| Fluorophores and | Quantum dots - Labeling and functionalization, Image analysis, Imaging facili | itating surgica |
| materials for bios | oparticles for bioanalytical applications – Biosensors - DNA and Protein base ensor applications- fabrication of biosensors, BioMEMs; Use of nanoparticles for | |
| | Drug Delivery; Nano devices. | |
| Outcome - 4 | Understand the concepts of nanomedicine to a focused clinical area of their choice | K2 |
| | Unit-V | |
| Objective - 5 | To acquire basic understanding of nanoparticles in Cancer Therapy | |
| | | |

Nanomedicine: Nanotechnology in Cancer Therapy - Passive and Active Targeting Strategies in Cancer with a Focus on Nanotechnology Applications, Multifunctional Nanoparticles for Cancer Therapy - Neutron Capture Therapy of Cancer, nanoparticles and High Molecular Weight Boron Delivery Agents; Nanoneurology – Nanocardiology - Nano-Orthopedics - Nano-Ophthalmology.

Outcome - 5 Understand the applications of nanosystems as platforms for advanced K2
Cancer Therapy

Text and Reference Books:

Vo-Dinh Tuan (2015) "Nanotechnology in biology and medicine methods, devices and Applications" Second edition, CRC press, San Fransico.

- V. Mishra, P. Kesharwani, M.C.I.M. Amin, A. Iyer (2017) "Nanotechnology-Based Approaches for Targeting and Delivery of Drugs and Genes" Academic Press, London.
- D.P. Nikolelis, G.P. Nikoleli (2018) "Nanotechnology and Biosensors" Elseiver, Amsterdam.
- S.S. Mohapatra, S. Ranjan, N. Dasgupta, R.K. Mishra (2019) "Nanocarriers for drug delivery, Nanoscience and Nanotechnology in drug delivery", Elseiver, Amsterdam.
- M. Slevin, (2012) "Current Advances in the medical application of nanotechnology", Manchester metropolitan university, Manchester, UK.
- T. Varghese and K.M. Balakrishna, (2012) "Nanotechnology: An Introduction to Synthesis, Properties and

Applications of Nanomaterials", Atlantic Publishers & Distributors

W.M. Jeff Bulte, and Michel M.J. Modo, (2016) "Design and Applications of Nanoparticles in Biomedical Imaging", Springer.

P. Kumar, R. Srivastava, (2016) "Nanomedicine for Cancer Therapy: From Chemotherapeutic to Hyperthermia-Based Therapy", Springer.

B. Malhotra, Md. A. Ali, (2017), "Nanomaterials for Biosensors- Fundamentals and Applications", 1st Edition, Elsevier.

M. Raza Shah, M. Imran, and S. Ullah, (2017) "Lipid-Based Nanocarriers for Drug Delivery and Diagnosis", William Andrew.

K.K. jain, (2017) "The Handbook of Nanomedicine" 3rd Edition, Publisher-Humana Press.

Online Recourse

http://www.nanomedicinecenter.com

https://nptel.ac.in/courses/118107015/module4/lecture7/lecture7.pdf

https://nptel.ac.in/courses/102107058/ https://nptel.ac.in/courses/118106019/Module%209/Lecture %203/Lecture%203.pdf

http://www.imm.org/Reports/rep048.pdf

(On what level the COs & POs correlated each other -based on that we have to give marks)

Mapping Course Outcome VS Programme Outcomes

| CO | P01 | PO2 | P03 | P04 | PO5 | P06 | P07 | P08 | P09 | P010 |
|------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|------|
| CO1 | 2 | - | 1 | 1 | - | 1 | - | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| CO2 | 1 | - | 1 | 1 | - | 2 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| CO3 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| CO4 | 1 | 1 | - | 1 | - | 1 | - | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| CO5 | 1 | 1 | - | 1 | - | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| W.AV | 1.2 | 0.6 | 0.6 | 1 | 0.2 | 1.2 | 0.6 | 1 | 1 | 1 |

S - Strong (3), M-Medium (2), L-Low (1)

Mapping Course Outcome VS Programme Specific Outcomes

| СО | PSO1 | PSO2 | PSO3 | PSO4 | PSO5 |
|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| CO1 | 1 | - | 2 | 2 | 1 |
| CO2 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 1 |
| CO3 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| CO4 | 1 | - | 2 | 1 | 1 |
| CO5 | 2 | - | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| W.AV | 1.2 | 0.2 | 1.6 | 1.2 | 1 |

S-Strong (3), M-Medium (2), L-Low (1)

Assignment I Nanotechnology and Advanced drug delivery system

- 1. Discuss in detail the top down and Bottom up approach of synthesis of Nanomaterials.
- 2. Give an account on synthesis, properties and biomedical application of quantum dots.
- 3. Explain in detail the various spectroscopic techniques used for the characterization of metal nanoparticles with suitable example.
- 4. Elaborate in detail the sample preparation and working principle behind the characterization of nanoparticles using TEM with a neat sketch.
- 5. Describe in detail principle and instrumentation of XRD technique and its application in the characterization of metal and metal oxide nanoparticles.
- 6. Elaborate in detail the types and application of polymeric nanocarriers in targeted drug delivery.
- 7. Explain in detail about viral nanocarriers and its application.
- 8. Discuss in detail the about functionalization and pharmacological application of carbon nanotubes.
- 9. Give an account on microbial nanocarriers and its application in the treatment of cancer.
- 10. Discuss in detail the various methods of surface modification of mesoporous silica nanoparticles for cancer therapy.

Assignment II Nanotechnology and Advanced drug delivery system

- 1. Discuss in detail about physiochemical properties of drug molecule influencing the design and performance of sustained release drug delivery system.
- 2. Explain with examples biodegradable and non biodegradable polymers used for controlled drug delivery system.
- 3. Give an account of approaches and applications of implantable drug delivery systems.
- 4. Describe in detail the active and passive targeting in drug delivery.
- 5. Elaborate in detail the surface modification techniques to enhance the biocompatibility of drug.
- 6. Discuss in detail about liposomal drug delivery system in drug targeting to a specific site.
- 7. Discuss in detail the role of Quantum dots in live cell imaging and diagnostics.

- 8. Describe in detail the principle and application of DNA and Protein based biosensors.
- 9. Discuss about the theranostic application and targeted drug delivery of nanoparticle for the treatment of cancer.
- 10. Elaborate in detail the role of nanomaterials in the field of orthopedics as bone implants and for the treatment of joint injuries involving cartilage.

Immunology and Immunotechnology

| Program: M.Sc Bioinformatics | Semester: II (2022 Onwards) |
|------------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| Course Title: Core- Immunology and | Class Time: As per Time Table |
| Immunotechnology | |
| Subject Code: 502515 | |
| Name of Course Teacher | |
| Mobile: | |

Course Brief:

This course provides an introduction to the basic immunological principles common to man and other vertebrate animals. It provides information related to immunity, development of resistance against infection, mechanisms of antigen and antibody reaction, antigen processing and presentation to macrophages cells. This course also provides basic techniques in immunology such as ELISA, RIA, immunofluorescence microscopy, immunoelectrophoresis, immunodiffusion and hybridoma technology. The laboratory component of the course is designed in such a way to strengthen the technical knowledge of the students and to physically train them with state of art technology. This course would definitely assist the students to gain more knowledge on immunotechniques.

Attendance: Attendance and participation are vital to the student's success in this course. Students are expected to attend class every day. Minimum attendance to be eligible to take end-semester-examination is 80%. It is also essential that the students study regularly.

Punctuality: Punctuality is very important in the course, because if student are late, you not only waste your time, but other student's. You will also disturb others when you go into the lecture class or laboratory after the class begins. Therefore, please arrive at the class on time. Names of late students will be recorded by mentor and marks from Course performance will be deducted. An excuse for being absent from class shall be a medical or personal emergency acceptable at the discretion of the Head of the Dept.

Class Participation: Class participation and interaction helps to form a complete educational experience. However, class participation and interaction is to be relevant to course content and context. Deviant behavior may lead to dismissal or suspension.

Submission of Assignment: Short writing assignments that address the various topics covered will be given at various times throughout the course. These writing assignments may consist of worksheets, short handwritten problems/questions, or short written assignments. The purpose of these short assignments are double they will help determine which concepts students may be having trouble with and it will help keep actively engaged in the material as we cover it.

Preparedness: Students are expected to have read and be able to discuss the assigned chapter before attending the lecture. In addition, students should be prepared to discuss homework problems.

Academic Dishonesty: Academic dishonesty includes giving, receiving, or using unconstitutional support on any academic work. This includes a person who has taken a test discussing what was on a test with a person who has not taken the test. A clear indication of academic dishonesty will result in a grade of "F" being assigned to that particular piece of work.

Subject to change clause: This syllabus, the course schedule and reading assignments are subject to change at the discretion of the Professor to accommodate instructional and/or student needs.

Components of Internal Assessment (Max. Marks 25)

| Assignment/Seminar- | CIA Test-I Assignment/Seminar- II CIA Te. | | II CIA Test | Attendance |
|----------------------|---|----------------------|-------------|------------|
| I | | II | | |
| During the course of | As per | During the course of | As per | As per th |
| hours | Calendar hours | | Calendar | University |
| | | | | Norms |

Course Outline: Elective-II: Immunology and Immunotechnology

- 1. Introduction and scope of immunology.
- 2. Innate and adaptive immunity.
- 3. Elements of immune system.
- 4. Immune response, immunoprophylaxsis.
- 5. Vaccination and immunization schedule.

- 6. Hypersensitivity, immunodeficiency diseases.
- 7. Major histocompatibility complex and immunotherapy.
- 8. Immunocytochemistry, Imunoflourescence, Immunoelectrophoresis, Immunodiffusion.
- 9. ELISA, RIA, flowcytometry, AIDS, hybridoma technolog.
- 10. Glossary.

Immunology and Immunotechnology

| | | Non Major Elective | | | | | | |
|---------------------|----------------------------------|--|------------------|--------------------|-----------------|--|--|--|
| Core | Course Code: 502515 | Immunology and Immunotechnology | T/P | Credits:5 | Hours: 5 | | | |
| | | Unit - I | | | | | | |
| Objective - 1 | Learn the basic prin | nciples of defense mechanism ag | ainst infectio | ons. | | | | |
| Overview of the | Immune System: E | arly revealing Humoral and Ce | ellular Comp | onents of the In | nmune System | | | |
| Innate immunity: | types of defensive b | parriers: anatomic, physiologic | , phagocytic | and inflamma | tory- Adaptive | | | |
| Immunity: Overvi | ew of humoral and ce | ell-mediated branches of the im | mune systen | n- Cells of the In | nmune System | | | |
| Hematopoiesis. Ly | ymphoid Cells, Monon | nuclear Phagocytes, Granulocyt | ic Cells and | Dendritic cells- | Organs of the | | | |
| Immune System: | Primary Lymphoid Or | gans (Thymus, Bone marrow), | Lymphatic s | ystem, | | | | |
| Secondary Lymph | oid Organs: Lymph no | ode, spleen, MALT. | | | | | | |
| Outcome - 1 | | Obtain knowledge on the basic concepts of immune system, mechanisms of immunity and the development and maturation process of immune competent cells | | | | | | |
| | | Unit – II | | | | | | |
| Objective - 2 | Understand the stru Immunity. | icture and function of the molec | cules, cells, ai | nd organs involv | ved in | | | |
| Antigens: Immur | nogenicity Versus Ant | igenicity, Factors That Influen | ce Immunog | enicity, Nature | of Immunoger | | | |
| Contributing to 1 | mmunogenicity, The | Biological System Contributing | g to Immun | ogenicity, Prope | erties of B-Cel | | | |
| • • | • | f the Antigen-Binding Site.Ant | • | | • • | | | |
| Haptens and its | Antigenicity. tibodie. | s:Basic Structure of Antibodie | es, Antibody | -Mediated Effec | ctor Functions | | | |
| Antibody Classes | and Biological Activiti | ies, Antigenic Determinants on I | Immunoglob | ulins, B-cell rece | eptor, Overviev | | | |
| of T-cell receptors | s, Monoclonal Antibod | lies and its applications. Overvi | ew of sequen | tial events in T- | cell and B-cel | | | |
| • | ition and differentiation | on. Cytokines: Properties, Cytok | rine Secretion | n by TH1 and | | | | |
| TH2 Subset. | | | | | | | | |
| Outcome - 2 | Recognize the struc | tures and functions of immunog | ilobulin mole | ecules | K1 | | | |
| | | Unit – III | | | | | | |
| Objective - 3 | | m of how the immune system ro non-self-discrimination | ecognizes foi | reign antigen ar | nd the | | | |
| Major Histocom | patibility Complex | : General Organization and I | nheritance d | of the MHC, Ro | le of Antigen | | | |
| _ | | and endocytic pathways for pro | | - | | | | |
| Endogenous Anti | gens, Endocytic Patl | hway for Exogenous Antigens | . The Comp | olement system: | : Functions o | | | |

Complement, Complement Components, Complement Activation pathways, Biological Consequences of Complement Activation. Cell-Mediated Effector Responses: General Properties of Effector T Cells, Cytotoxic T

| Cells, Natural Kill | er Cells, Antibody-Dependent Cell-Mediated Cytotoxicity. Inflammation. General c | overview of | | | | |
|--|--|-------------|--|--|--|--|
| hypersensitivity a | nd its types. Immunologic Basis of Graft Rejection. | | | | | |
| Outcome - 3 | Understand the mechanism of immunodeficiency diseases and autoimmunity | | | | | |
| | against infection. K2 | | | | | |
| | Unit – IV | | | | | |
| Objective - 4 | Analyze how cell mediated and antibody-mediated immunity works to protect a host from | | | | | |
| pathogenic organisms and harmful substances. | | | | | | |
| Immune Respon | Immune Response to Infectious Diseases: (Viral Infections- HIV, Flu and SARS-Cov-2.Bacterial Infections, | | | | | |

Protozoan Diseases. Diseases Caused by Parasitic Worms (Helminths)). Overview of Organ-Specific and Systemic Autoimmune Diseases.

Cancer and the Immune System: Cancer: Origin and Terminology, Malignant Transformation of Cells, Tumors of the Immune System, Tumor Antigens, Immune Response to Tumors, Tumor Evasion of the Immune System and Cancer Immunotherapy.

| Outcome - 4 | Outcome - 4 Realize the methods for the treatment of immune related diseases | | | | | | |
|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Unit-V | | | | | | | |
| Objective - 5 Understand the informatics-based approaches for prediction of epitopes, design of vaccines and immuno-diagnostic tools. | | | | | | | |

Vaccine: Active and Passive Immunization, Designing Vaccines for Active Immunization, Whole-Organism Vaccines, Purified Macromolecules as Vaccines, Recombinant-Vector Vaccines, DNA Vaccines and Multivalent Subunit Vaccines. Immunoinformatics: databases and tools for Reverse Vaccinology: pipeline and workflow. Multiepitope based vaccine design. B-cell epitope prediction algorithms using sequence-based approaches and structure-based approaches, T-cell epitope prediction methods, Prediction of Antigenicity, Immunogenicity, Allergenicity. in silico cloning of designed vaccines. Immune simulation analysis. Conformational stability analysis of the designed vaccines.

Understand the computational aspects of immunology Outcome - 5 K2 &K4

Text and Reference Books:

Kannan I., (2012) "Immunology"; MJP Publishers, 5th Edition.

B. Annadurai., (2017) A Textbook of Immunology & Immunotechnology, S Chand & Company, ASIN: BOOQUZMCI2.

Judy Owen, Jenni Punt, Sharon Stanford (2018). Kuby Immunology. 8th Edition. WH Freeman publication.

Seamus J. Martin, Dennis R. Burton, Ivan M. Roitt, Peter J. Delves (2017). Roitt's Essential Immunology. 13th Edition. Wiley-Blackwell Publication.

Jeffrey Actor (2014). Introductory Immunology: Basic Concepts for Interdisciplinary Applications. Academic Press.

Joseph, A. Bellanti. (2016). Immunology IV: Clinical Applications in Health and Disease. Washington, DC: Georgetown University School of Medicine.

Day, M. J., & Schultz, R. D. (2014). Veterinary immunology: principles and practice. CRC Press.

Geha, R., &Notarangelo, L. (2012). Case studies in immunology: a clinical companion. Garland Science. Rao, C. V. (2013). Immunology (2nd ed). New Delhi: Narosa Publishing House.

Coico, R., & Sunshine, G. (2015). Immunology: a short course. John Wiley & Sons.

Course designed by:--

(On what level the COs & POs correlated each other -based on that we have to give marks)

Mapping Course Outcome VS Programme Outcomes

| СО | P01 | PO2 | P03 | P04 | PO5 | P06 | P07 | P08 | P09 | PO10 |
|------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|------|
| CO1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| CO2 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| CO3 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| CO4 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| CO5 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| W.AV | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |

S - Strong (3), M-Medium (2), L-Low (1)

Mapping Course Outcome VS Programme Specific Outcomes

| СО | PSO1 | PSO2 | PSO3 | PSO4 | PSO5 |
|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| CO1 | - | - | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| CO2 | 1 | - | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| CO3 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| CO4 | 1 | - | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| CO5 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| W.AV | 0.8 | 0.4 | 1 | 1 | 1 |

S -Strong (3), M-Medium (2), L- Low (1) Assignment I Lymphoid organs

- 1. Lymphiod organs and its types
- 2. Types of immunity
- 3. Immunodeficiency diseases
- 4. Major histocompatibility complex
- 5. Immunocytochemistry

Assignment II Immune system

- 1. Types and functions of antibodies
- 2. Cytotoxicity
- 3. Immunoprophylaxis
- 4. Autoimmune disorder